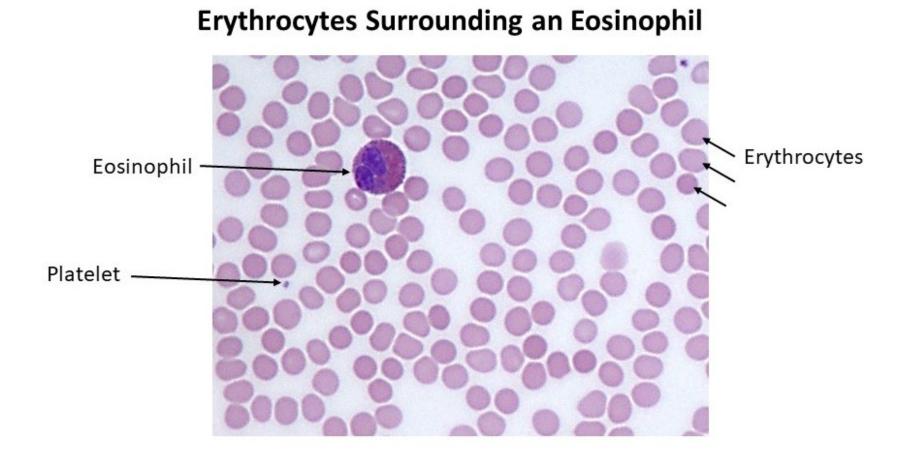
Virtual Lab Practical 3 Review Pictures Cardiovascular System **Chapters Reviewed** Blood Heart Vessels and Circulation

- Study the histology pictures of the blood and the labeled models as part of your online lab experience.
- Be familiar with these pictures and each label. These pictures are used for your lab exam.
- View Dr. Zimmerman's Dissection videos of the heart and the labeled dissected heart. Know all the labels of the structures within this PowerPoint.
- View Dr. Gannon's instructional videos over the heart and major blood vessels
- Remember to use the zoom function if you need to increase or decrease the size of the image.

Blood Connective Tissue Erythrocytes, Eosinophil, Platelets

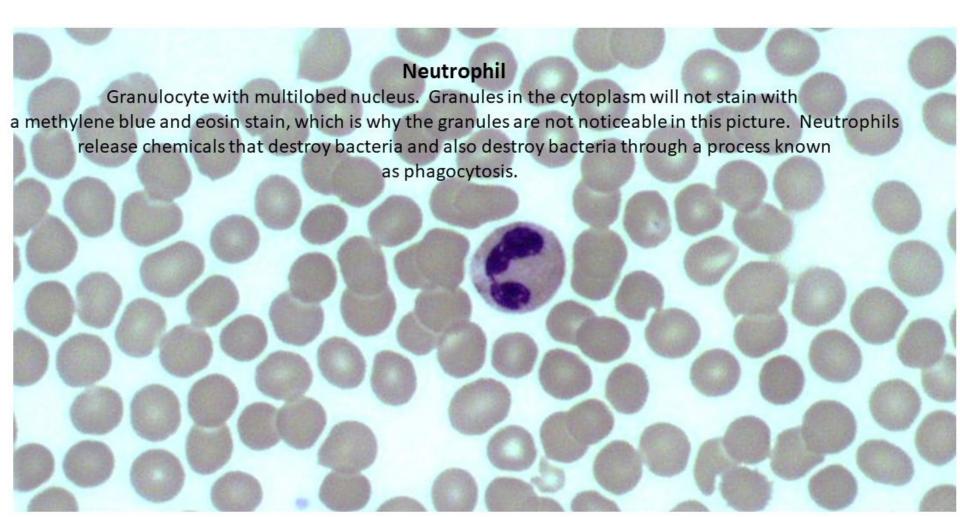


Blood Connective Tissue Eosinophil

Eosinophil

Granulocyte with bilobed nucleus. Cytoplasmic granules stain red and function to mediate an allergic response and in response to parasitic worm infections.

Blood Connective Tissue Neutrophil

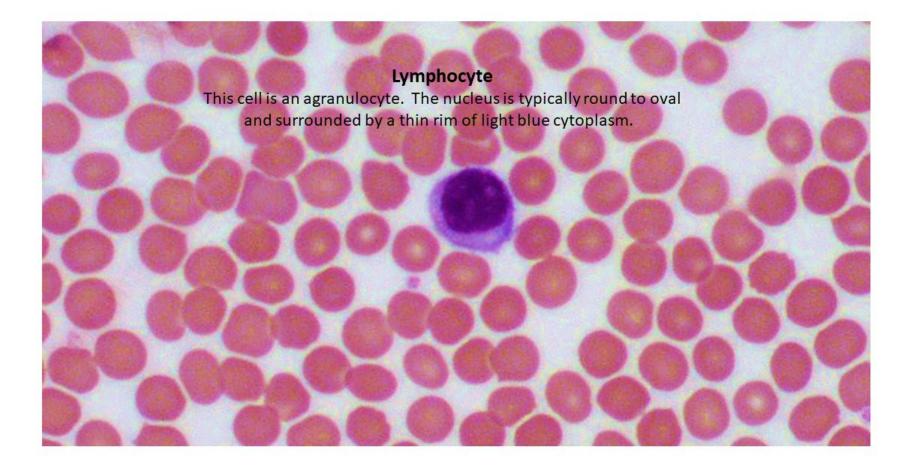


Blood Connective Tissue Basophil

Human Basophil

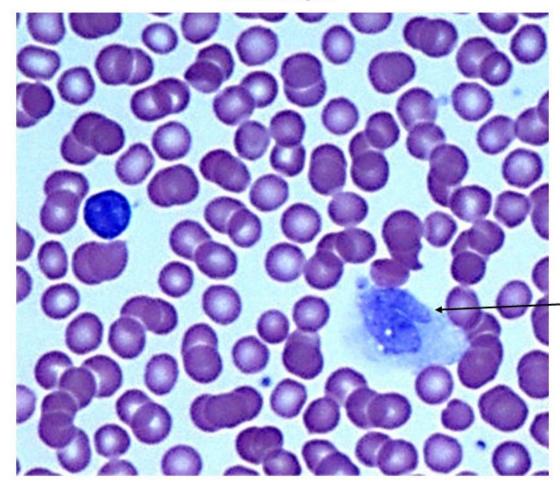
Lobed nucleus is typically obscured by the granules, which includes substances such as heparin, histamine and leukotrienes. These are mediators of inflammation.

Blood Connective Tissue Lymphocyte



Blood Connective Tissue Monocyte

Monocyte



Notice the horseshoe shaped nucleus. Also, notice that it is much larger than surrounding erythrocytes.

Blood Connective Tissue Lymphocyte and Monocyte

Lymphocyte-thin rim of Cytoplasm surround nucleus

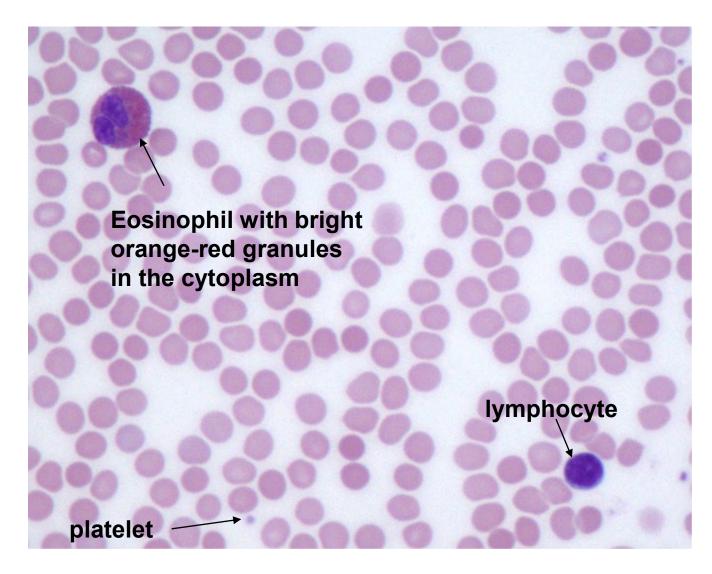
> Monocyte with a horse-shoe shaped nucleus and foamy cytoplasm

Blood Connective Tissue Lymphocyte and Platelets

Lymphocyte-notice the thin rim of cytoplasm and large round nucleus.

Platelet

Blood Connective Tissue Lymphocyte and Eosinophil



Brachiocephalic Trunk Artery

Superior Vena Cava

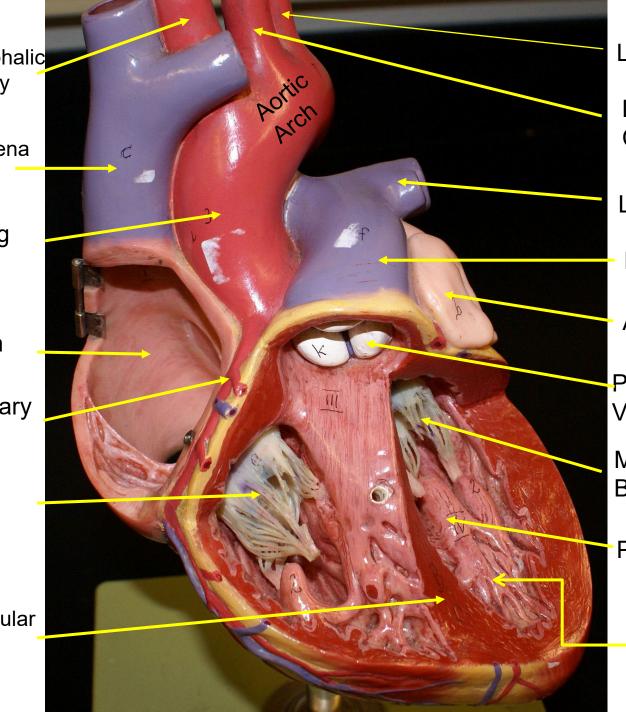
Ascending Aorta

Rt. Atrium

Rt. Coronary Artery

Tricuspid Valve

Interventricular Septum



Lt. Subclavian Artery

Lt. Common Carotid Artery

Lt. Pulmonary Artery

Pulmonary Trunk

Auricle of Lt. Atrium

Pulmonary Semilunar Valve

Mitral Valve Bicuspid Valve

Papillary Muscle

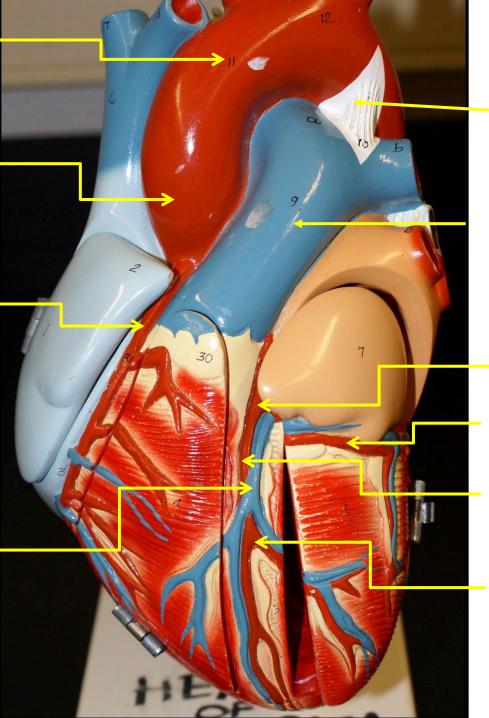
Trabeculae Carnea

Aortic Arch

Ascending Aorta

Rt. Coronary Artery

Great Cardiac Vein



Ligamentum Arteriosum

Pulmonary Trunk

Lt. Coronary Artery

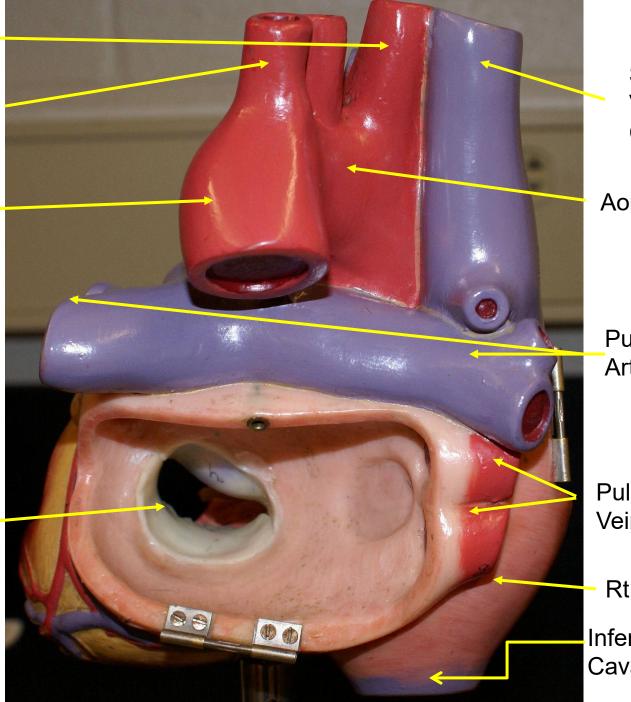
Circumflex Artery

Anterior Interventricular Artery

Site of Widow Maker Heart Attack Brachiocephalic Trunk artery

Left Subclavian artery

Thoracic (Descending) Aorta



Superior Vena Cava

Aortic arch

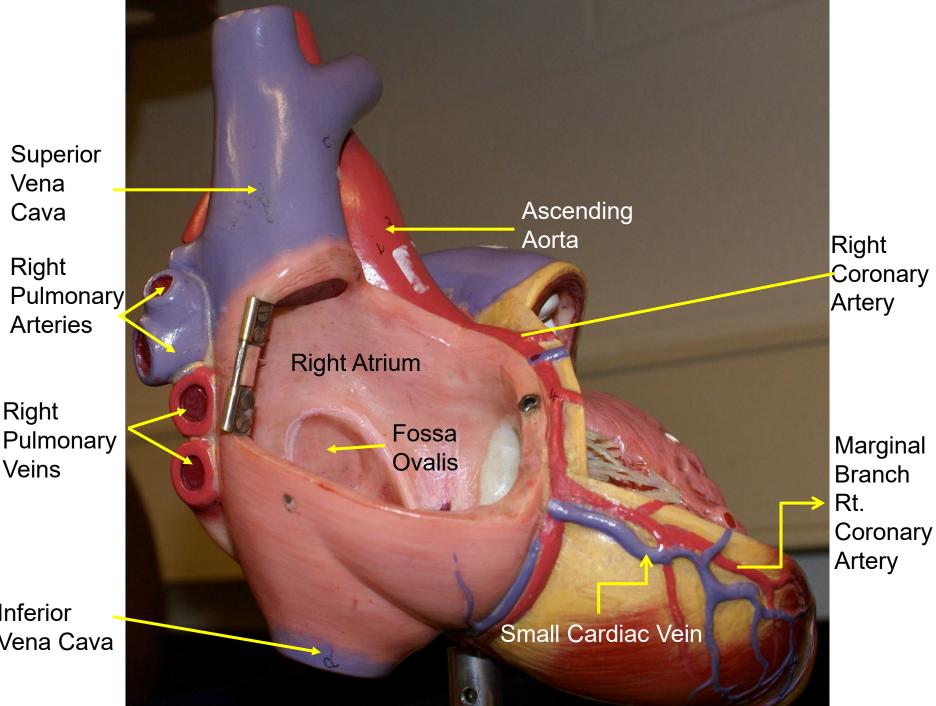
Pulmonary Arteries

Pulmonary Veins

Rt. Atrium

Inferior Vena Cava

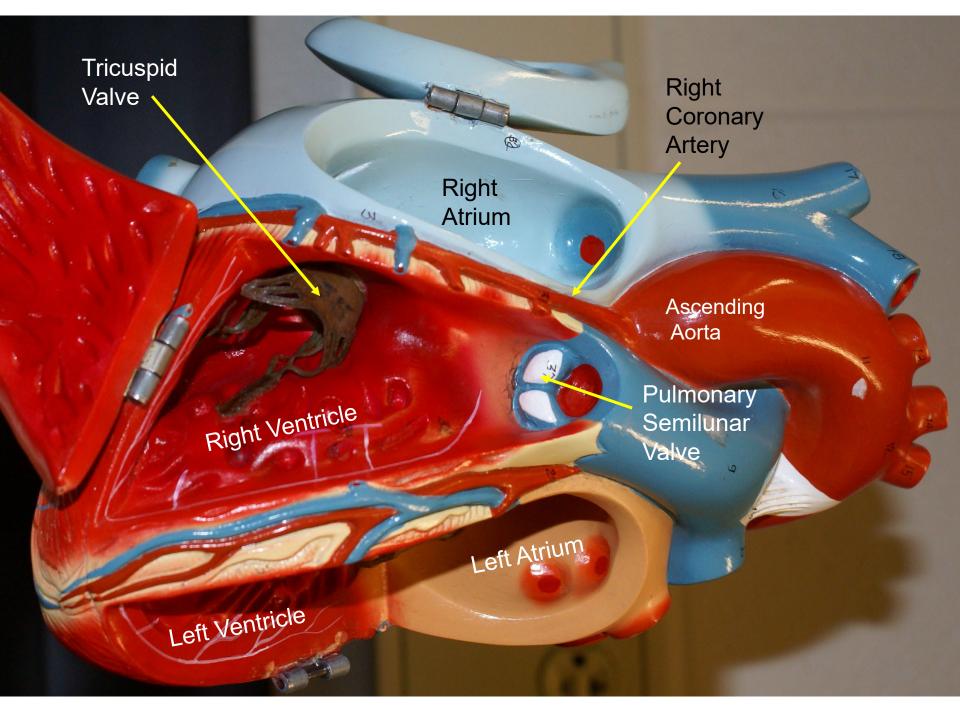
Mitral Valve Bicuspid Valve

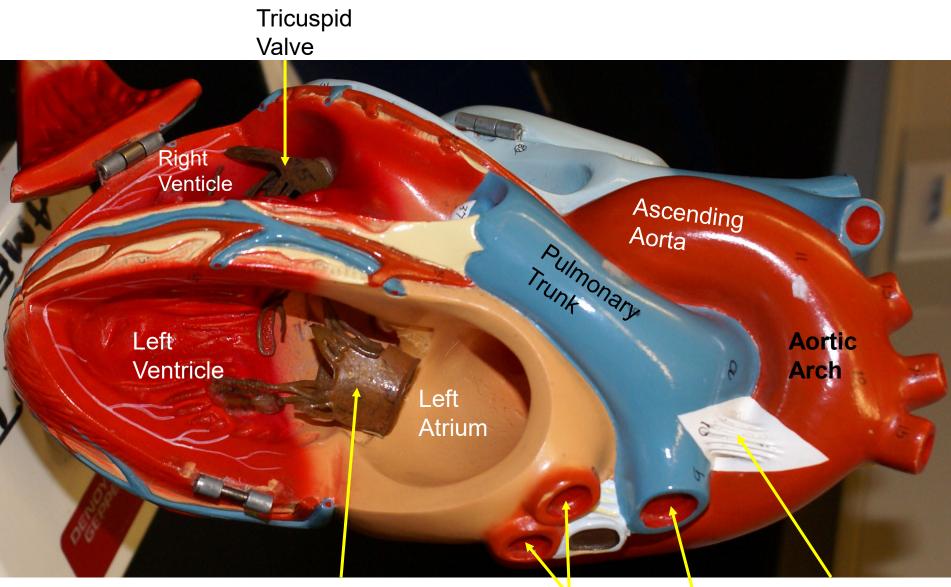


Right Arteries

Right Veins

Inferior Vena Cava





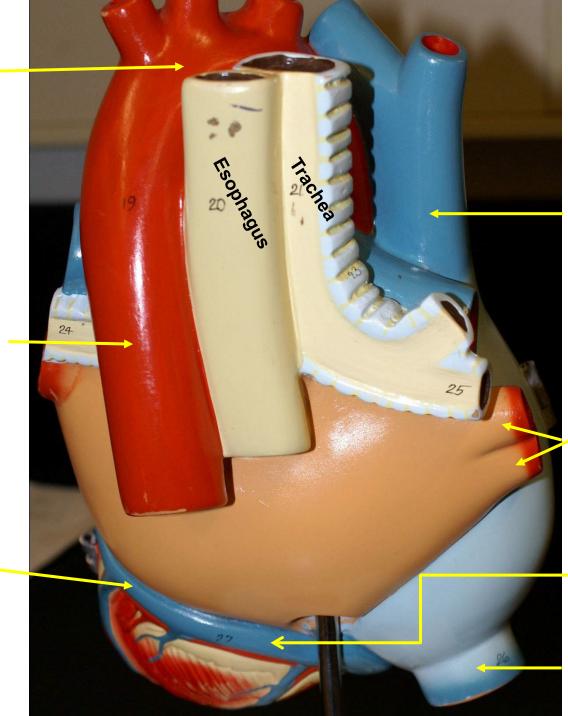
Bicuspid Valve Left Pulmonary Veins Lt.. Pulmonary Artery

Ligamentum Arteriosum

Aortic Arch

Thoracic or Descending Aorta

Middle Cardiac — Vein

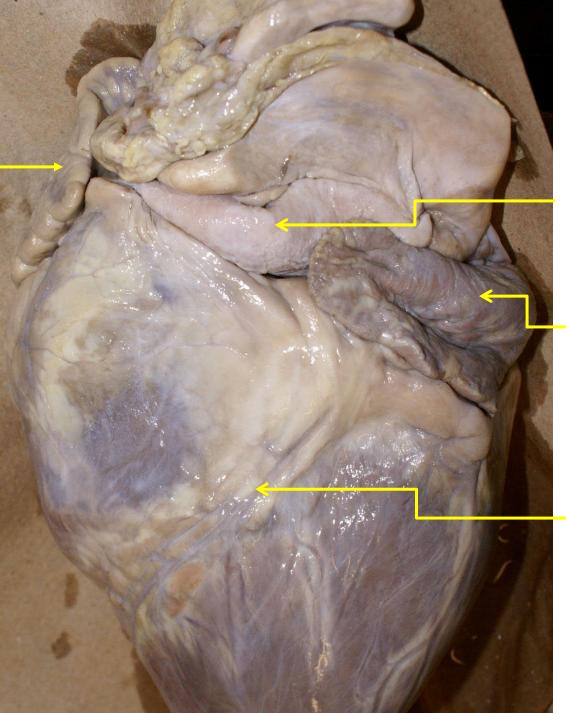


Superior Vena Cava

Right Pulmonary Veins

Coronary Sinus

Inferior Vena Cava Rt. Auricle Rt. Atrium

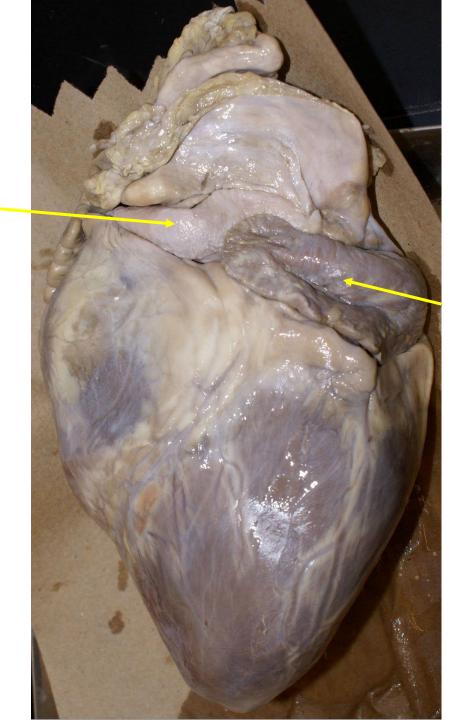


Pulmonary Trunk

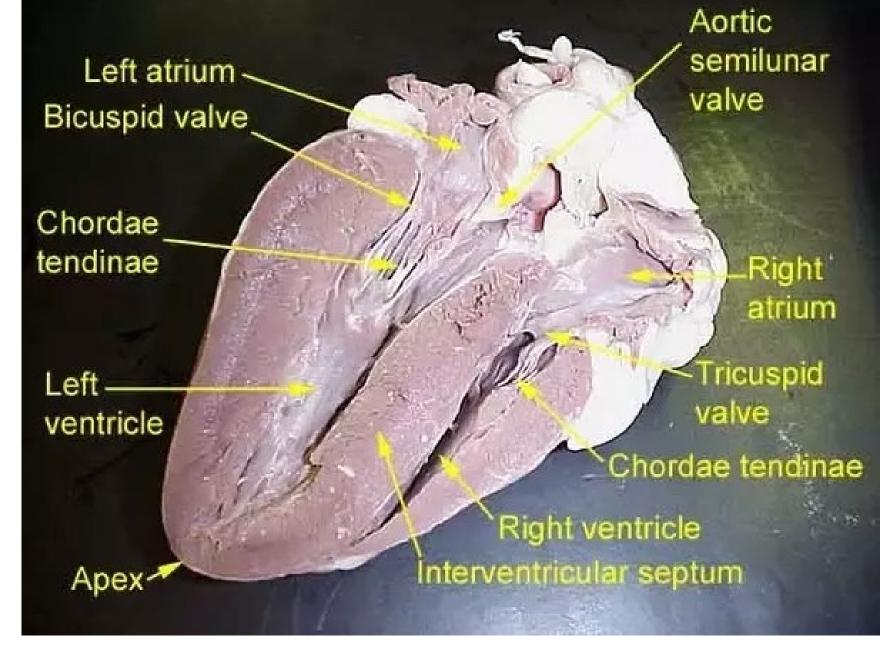
Lt. Auricle of Lt. Atrium

Anterior Interventricular Artery

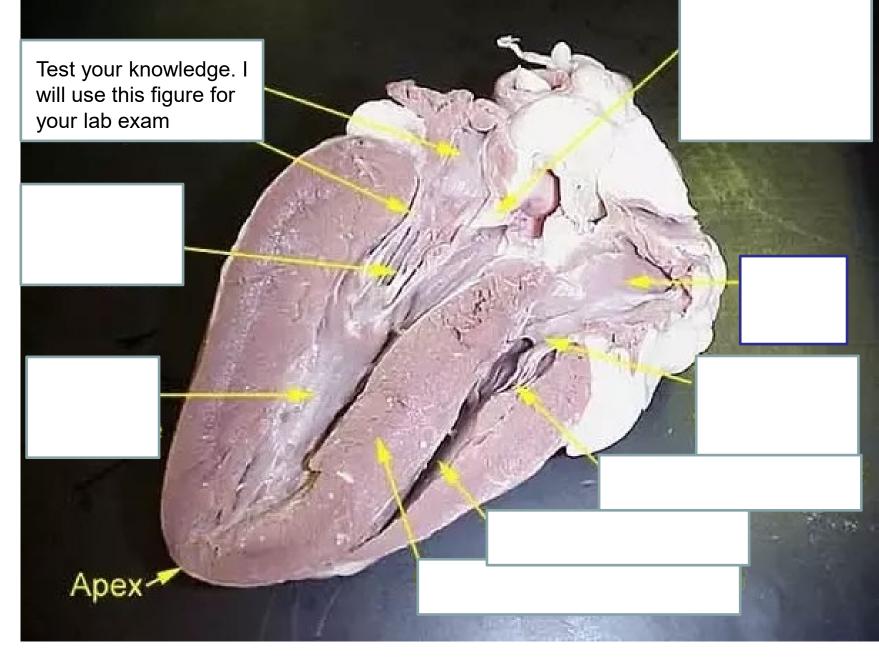
Pulmonary Trunk



Lt. Auricle of Left Atrium



From website: <u>https://www.quora.com/What-are-the-differences-</u> between-the-ventricle-and-atrium-of-a-heart



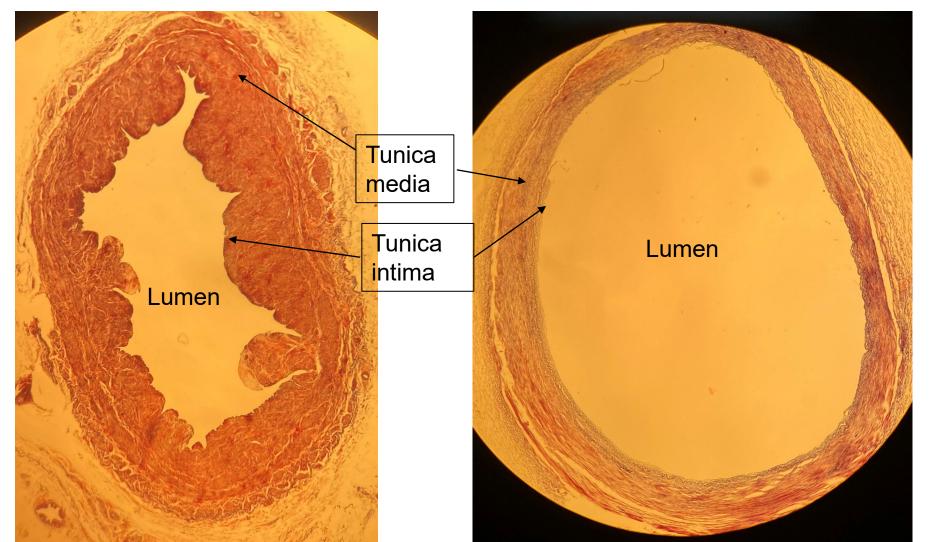
From website: <u>https://www.quora.com/What-are-the-differences-between-the-ventricle-and-atrium-of-a-heart</u>

Comparison of the Artery and Vein

Notice how large the lumen of the vein is compared to the artery

Artery

Vein



Artery

Know the difference between an artery and vein. Identify the different layers of each.

Tunica media-contains smooth muscle and elastic fibers Tunica intima with endothelial lining. Lumen of Artery This is where the blood would be located.

Vein

Know the difference between an artery and vein. Identify the different layers of each.

Lumen of Vein-This is where the blood would be located.

Tunica intima

Notice thinner tunica media when compared to that of a corresponding artery

ARTERIES to Know for the Lab Practical

Aorta- Branches

Ascending aorta

Right and Left Coronary Arteries

Aortic Arch

Brachiocephalic trunk that branches into the right common carotid artery and right subclavian artery.

Left Common Carotid Artery

Left Subclavian Artery

Thoracic aorta

Intercostal Arteries

Abdominal aorta

Renal arteries (paired) Celiac Trunk Artery Superior Mesenteric Artery Inferior Mesenteric Artery

Subclavian Branches

Becomes axillary artery in axillary region Becomes brachial artery in brachial region Divides into the radial and ulnar arteries

Common Carotid Branches

External Carotid Artery Internal Carotid Artery

ARTERIES to Know for the Virtual Lab Practical con't

Lower Extremity

Abdominal Aorta divides into the: Right and Left Common Iliac Arteries External Iliac Artery Internal Iliac Artery Femoral Artery Popliteal Artery Anterior tibial artery (continues to become dorsalis pedis to supply dorsum of foot)

VEINS to Know

Superior Vena Cava

Right and Left Brachiocephalic Veins join to become the Superior Vena Cava

Inferior Vena Cava

Union of Right and Left Common Iliac Veins form the Inferior Vena Cava

Coronary Sinus

Receives blood from the Great, Middle and Small Cardiac Veins. Drains into the right atrium of the heart. You can view this on the heart model

Veins of the Head and Neck

External Jugular Vein (lays on top of Sternocleidomastoid) Internal Jugular Vein

Veins of Upper Limb

Brachiocephalic

Subclavian

Basilic

Cephalic

Brachial

Median Cubital

Radial

Ulnar

Veins of Lower Limb

Common Iliac vein- the right and left common iliac veins join to form the inferior vena cava External Iliac vein- the left and right external iliac veins join to form the common iliac veins Internal Iliac vein- joins with the external iliac vein to form the common iliac vein Femoral vein- drains into the external iliac vein Great Saphenous vein Be sure to find identify the arteries that are listed in this review for the lab practical

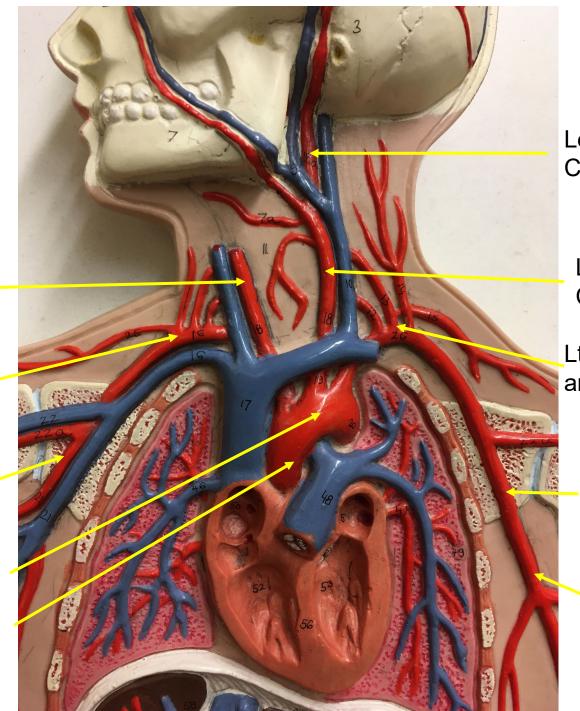
Rt. Common Carotid artery

Rt. Subclavian artery

Rt. Axillary artery

Aortic arch

Ascending Aorta



Left Internal Carotid artery

Left Common Carotid artery

Lt. Subclavian artery

Lt. Axillary artery

Lt. Brachial artery

Be sure to find identify the veins that are listed in this review for the lab practical

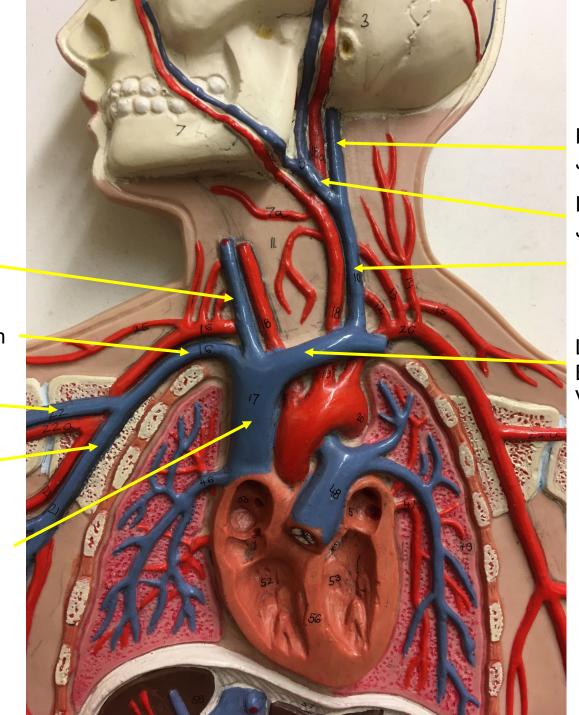
Rt. Internal Jugular vein

Rt. Subclavian vein

Rt. Cephalic vein -

Rt. Axillary vein

Superior Vena Cava



Lt. Internal Jugular vein

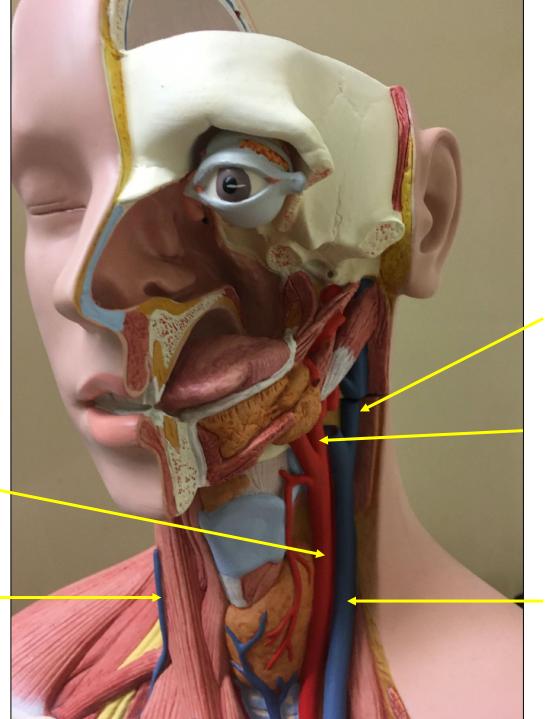
Lt. External Jugular vein

Lt. Internal Jugular vein

Lt. Brachiocephalic Vein Arteries and Veins of the Neck

Left Common Carotid artery

> Right External – Jugular vein



Left Internal Jugular vein

Left Internal Carotid artery

Left Internal Jugular vein

Blood Vessels Neck



Left Internal Carotid artery

Left Internal Jugular vein

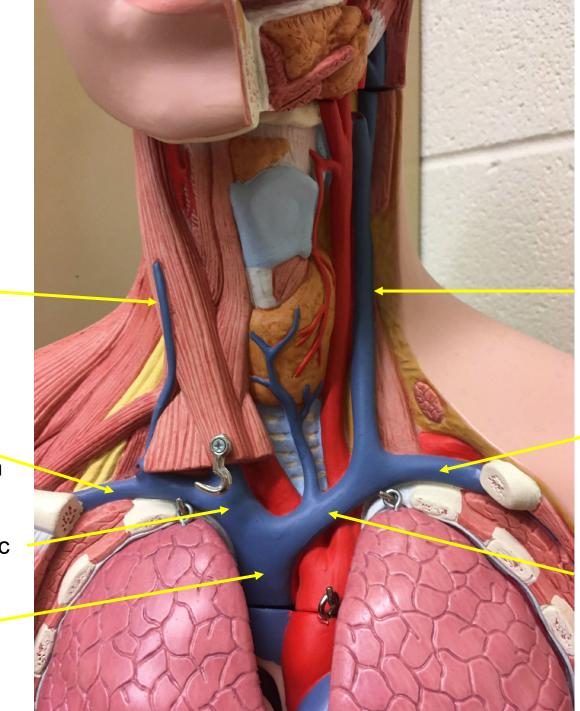


Right External Jugular vein

Right Subclavian vein

Rt. Brachiocephalic vein

Superior J Vena cava



Left Internal Jugular vein

Lt. Subclavian vein

Lt. Brachiocephalic vein

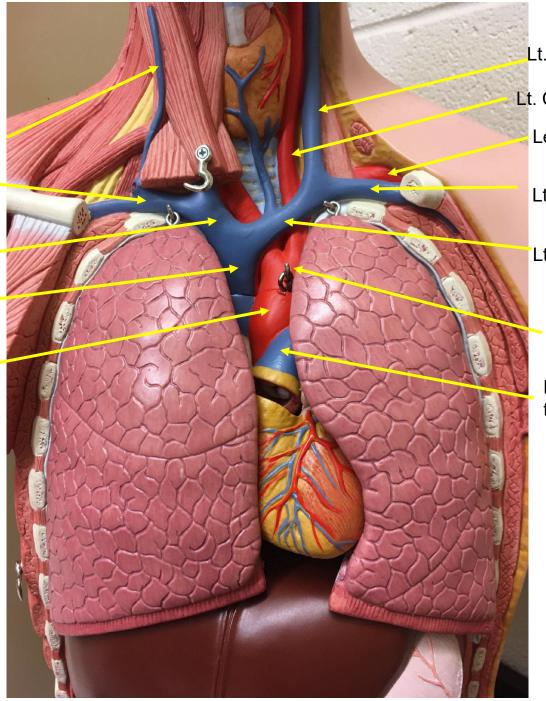
Arteries and Veins of the Neck and Chest

- Rt. External Jugular vein
- Rt. Subclavian vein

Right brachiocephalic vein

Superior Vena -Cava

Ascending aorta



Lt. Internal Jugular vein Lt. Common Carotid artery Left Subclavian artery

Lt. Subclavian vein

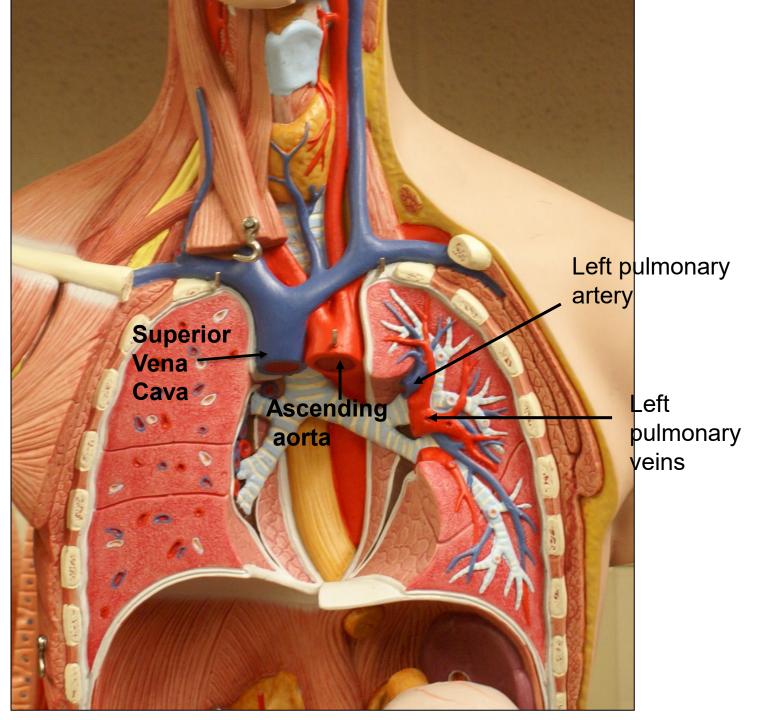
Lt. Brachiocephalic vein

Aortic arch

Pulmonary trunk artery Identify the Pulmonary Arteries and Pulmonary Veins

The pulmonary arteries are blue because they carry deoxygenated blood to the lungs

The pulmonary veins are red because they carry oxygenated blood from the lungs to the heart



Arteries and Veins Neck and Chest Note: Intercostal Artery and Vein Lt. External Jugular Vein

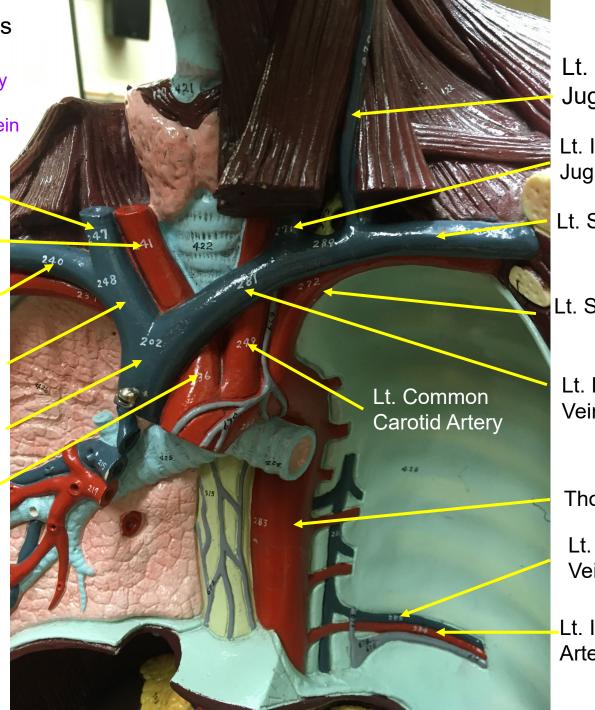
Rt. Internal Jugular Vein Rt. Common Carotid Artery

Rt. Subclavian Vein

Rt. Brachiocephalic Vein

Superior Vena Cava

Rt. Brachiocephalic Trunk



Lt. External Jugular Vein

Lt. Internal Jugular Vein

Lt. Subclavian Vein

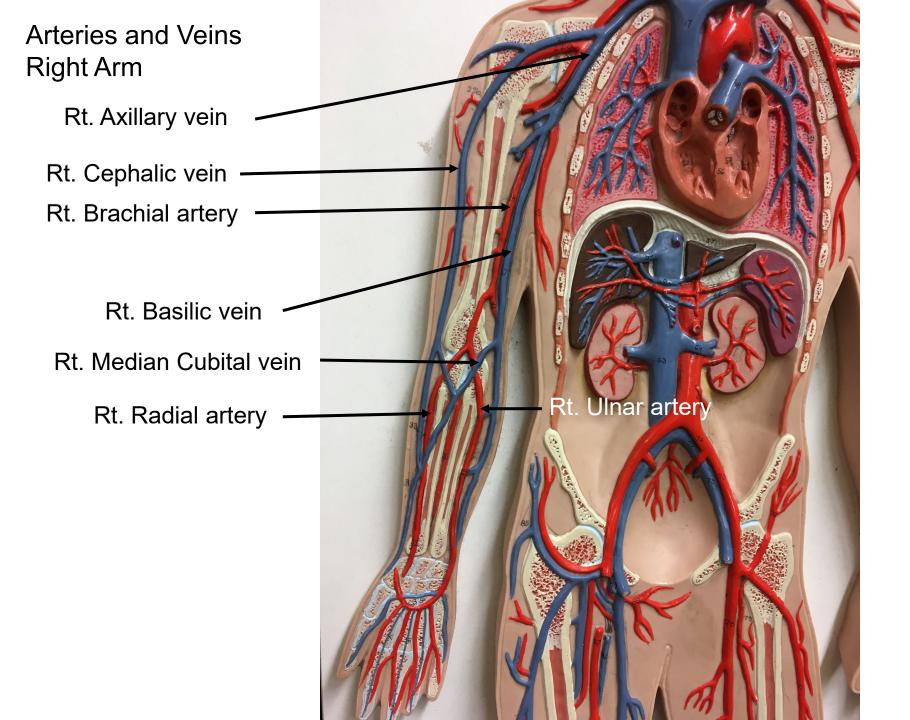
Lt. Subclavian Artery

Lt. Brachiocephalic Vein

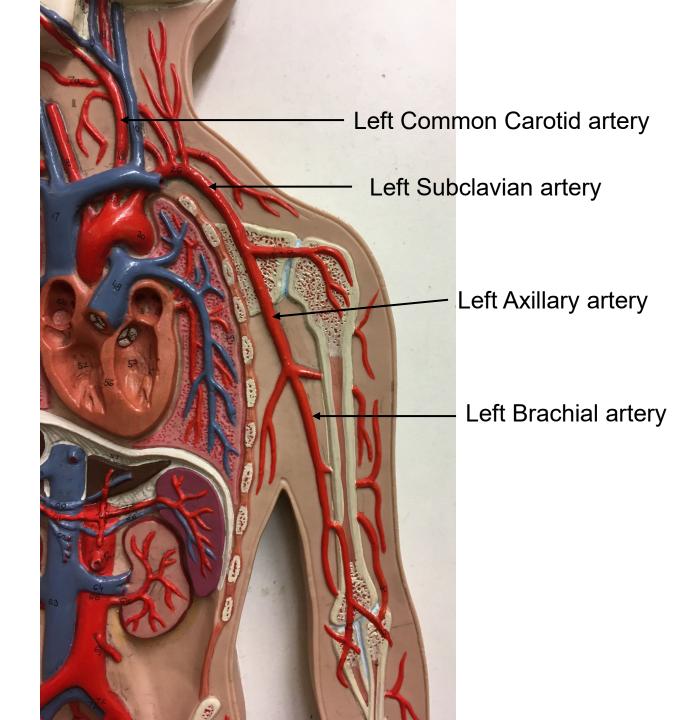
Thoracic Aorta

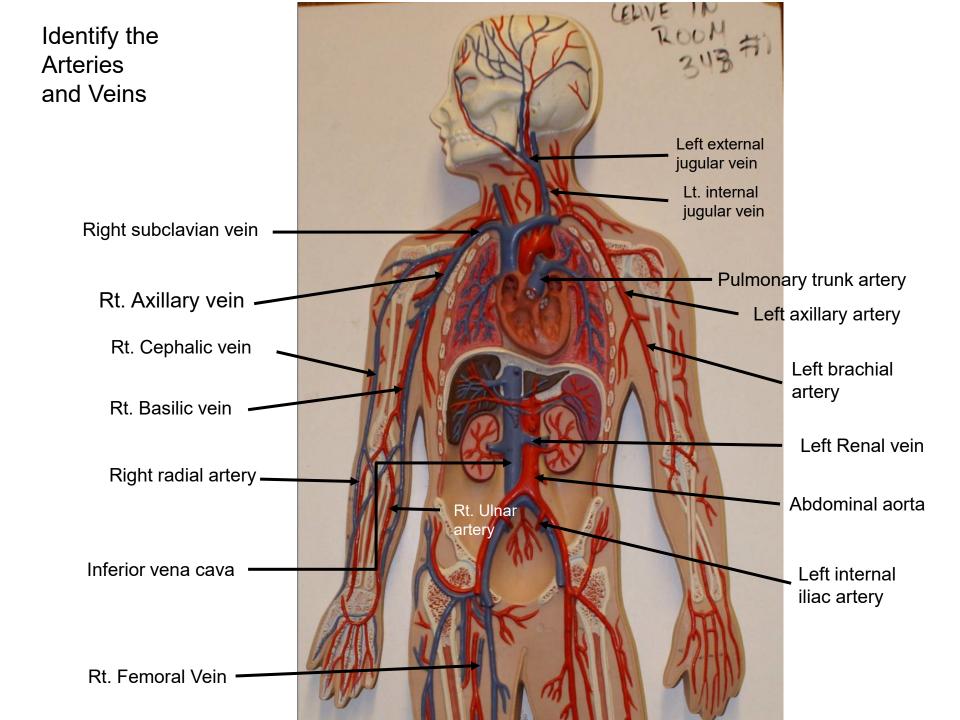
Lt. Intercostal Vein

Lt. Intercostal Artery



Arteries and Veins

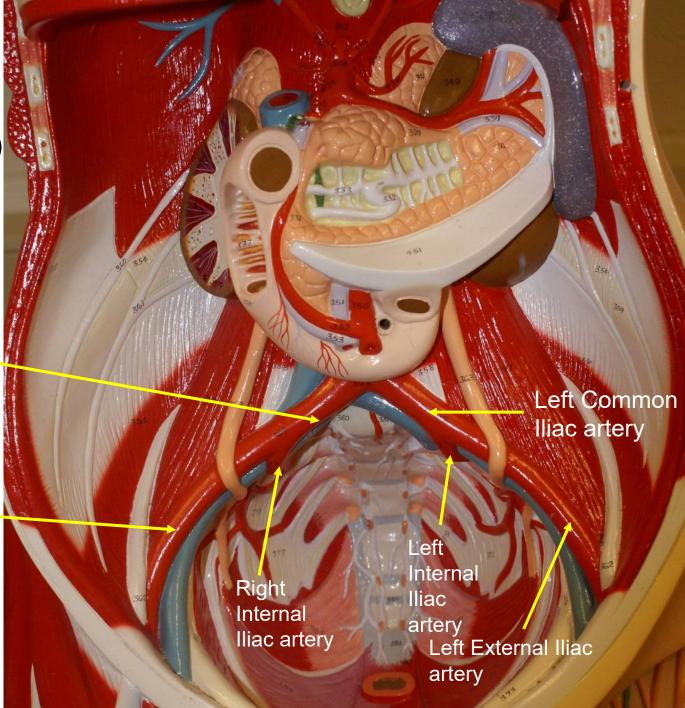


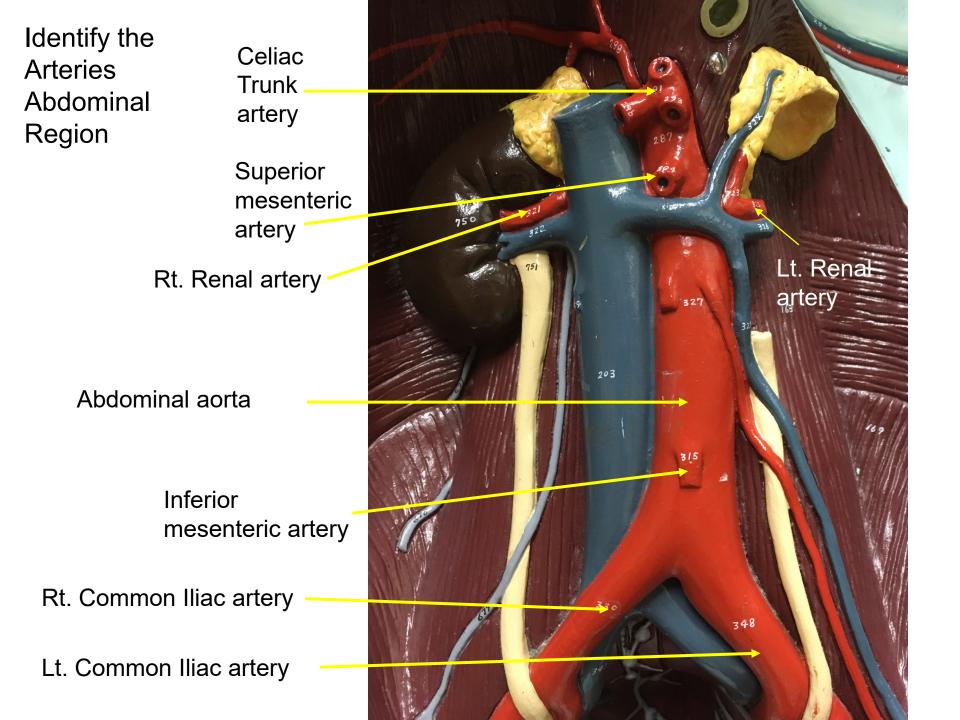


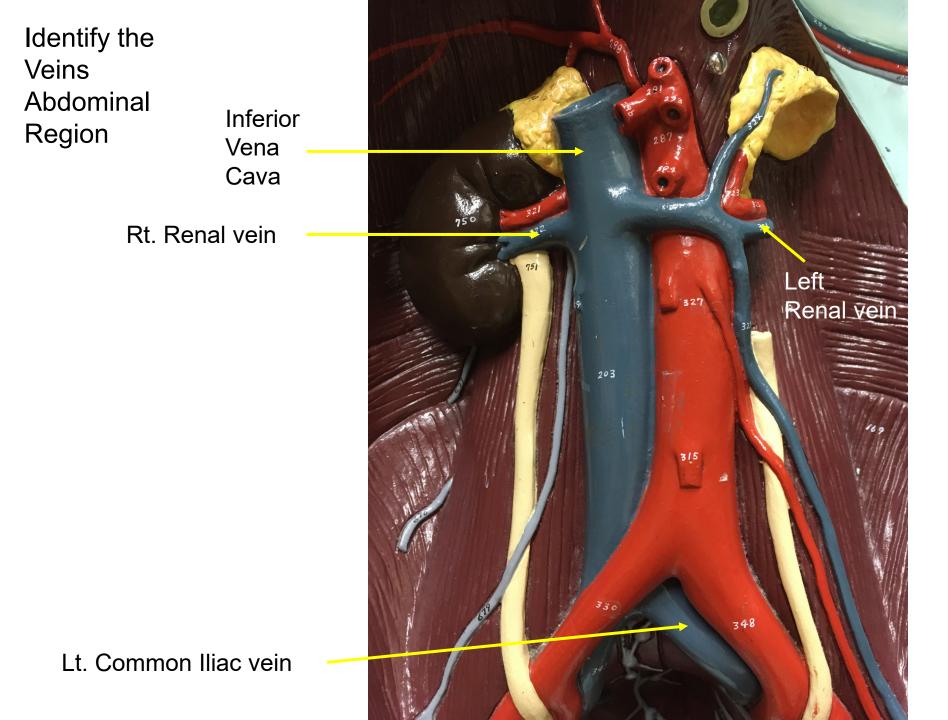
Know the following arteries (left and right sides)

Right Common Iliac artery

> Right External Iliac_ artery





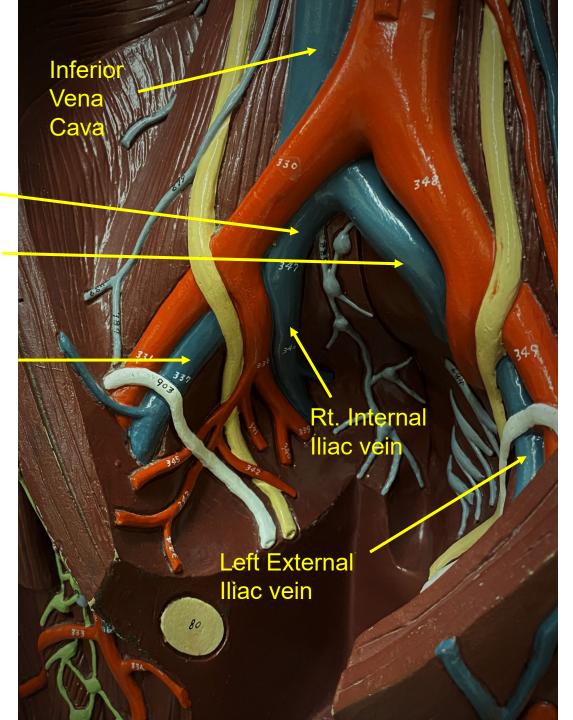


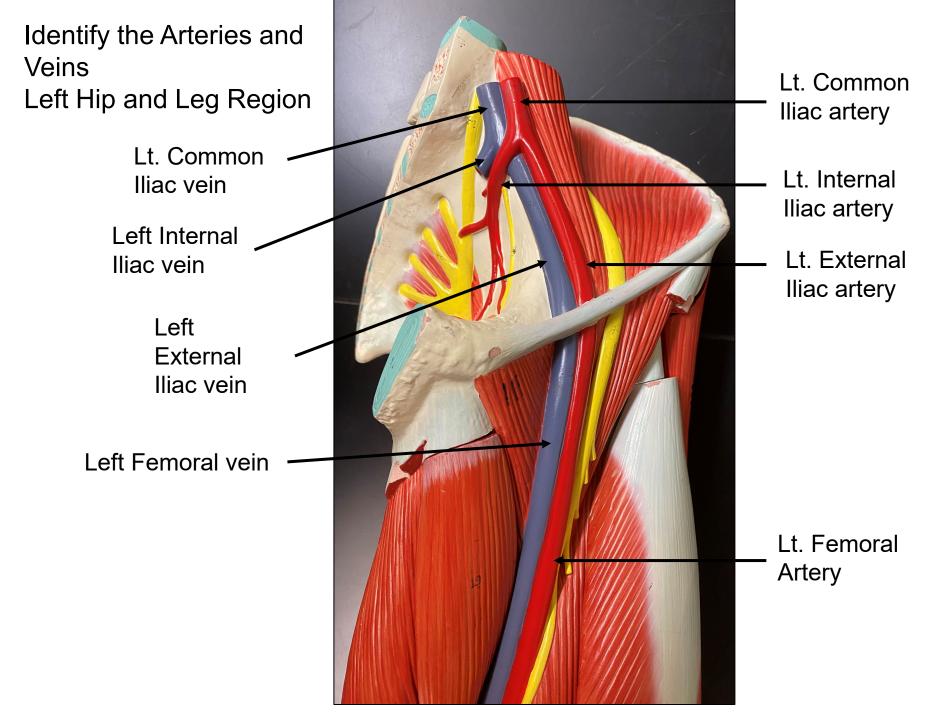
Identify the Veins Abdominal Region

Rt. Common Iliac vein

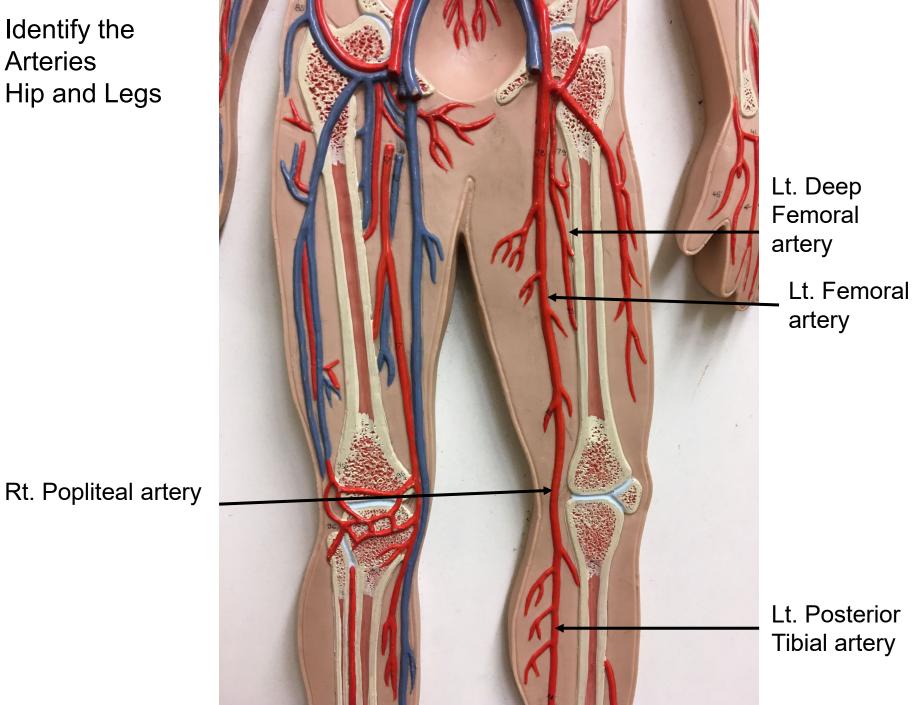
Left Common Iliac vein

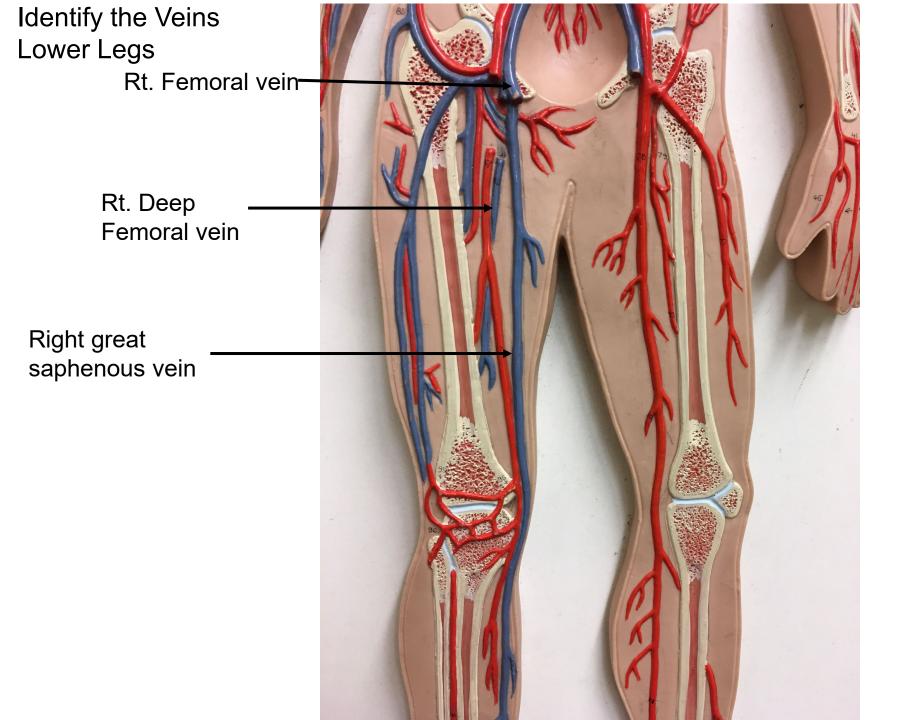
Right External lliac vein

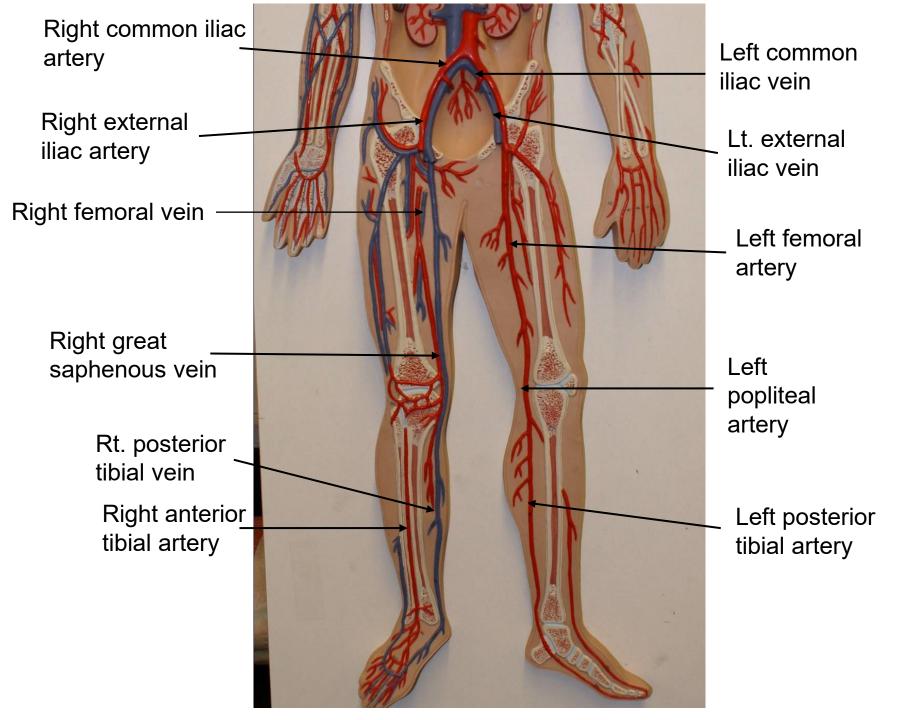




Identify the Arteries Hip and Legs







Practice: Print this figure and identify the major arteries and veins

