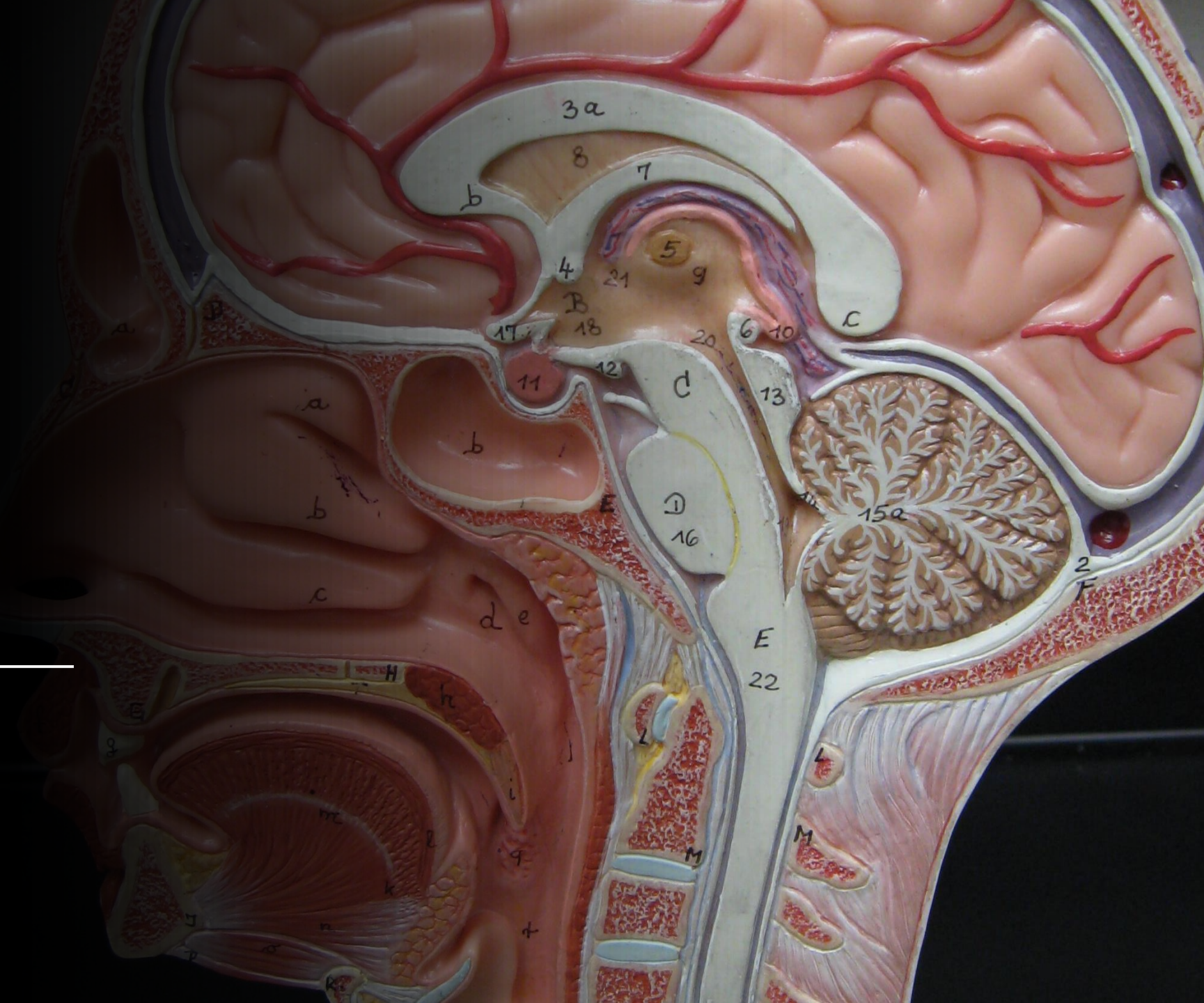


Lab Practical 4
Review
Pictures

Nervous
System



Chapters Reviewed

Nervous Tissue

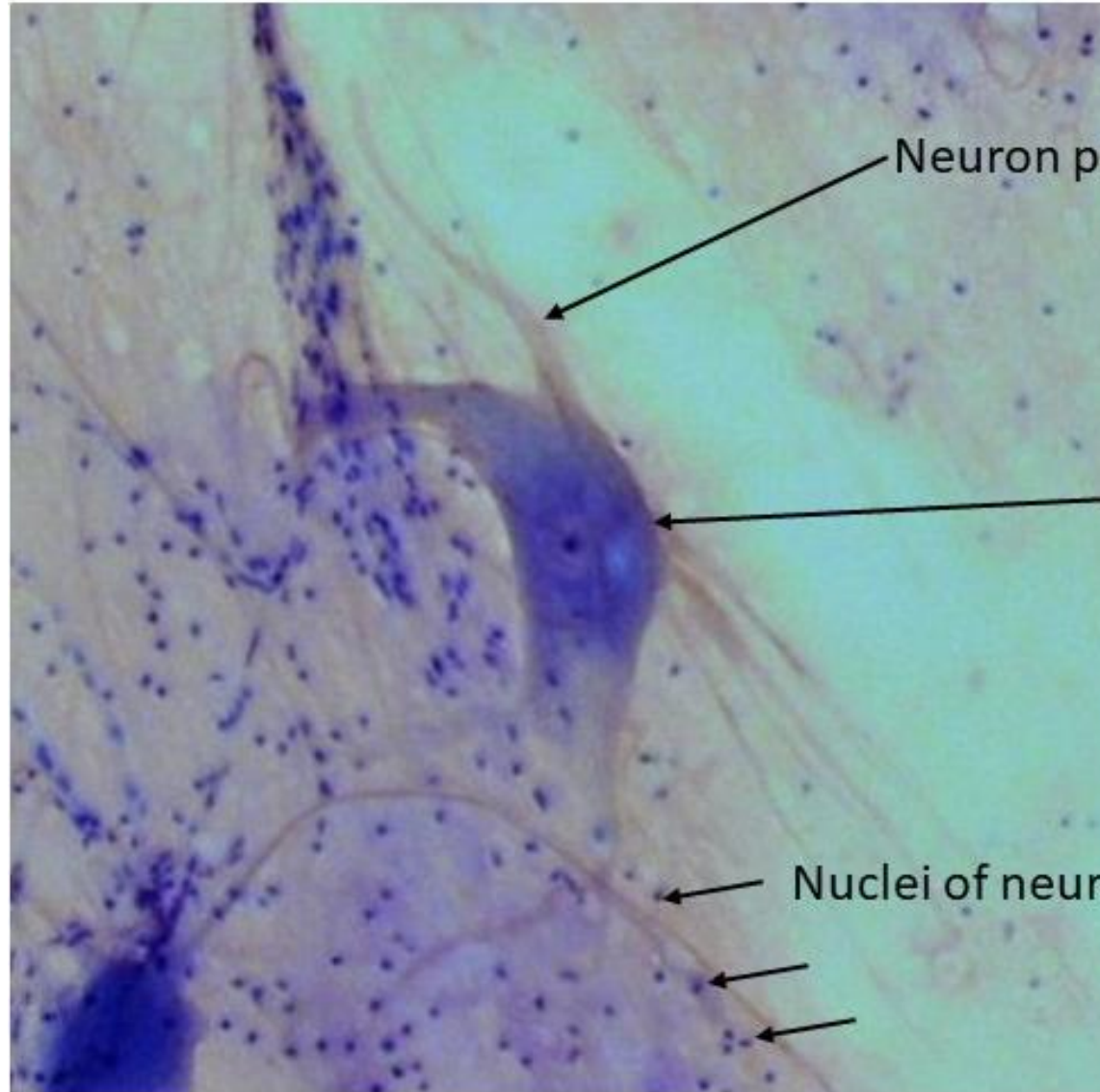
Brain and Cranial Nerves

Spinal Cord and Spinal Nerves

- Study the picture of nervous tissue and the labeled models as part of your online lab experience if you are in the online anatomy class.
- Be familiar with these pictures and each label. These models are used for your lab exam if you are in the face-to-face class
- View Dr. Zimmerman's Dissection videos of the sheep brain and the labeled dissected brain. Know all the labels of the structures within this PowerPoint.
- Review Dr. Gannon's instructional videos over the nervous system models linked in your lab e-book. Be sure to study all organs and structures that are reviewed.
- Use the "slide show" and click on the boxes covering the labels on the self-quiz slides to reveal the name of the structure or you can click on the box and move it.

Histology Slide of Nervous Tissue

Nervous Tissue



Neuron processes

Cell body of a neuron.
Within the cell body
you can see the nucleus
and prominent nucleolus.

Nuclei of neuroglial cells (neuroglia)

—

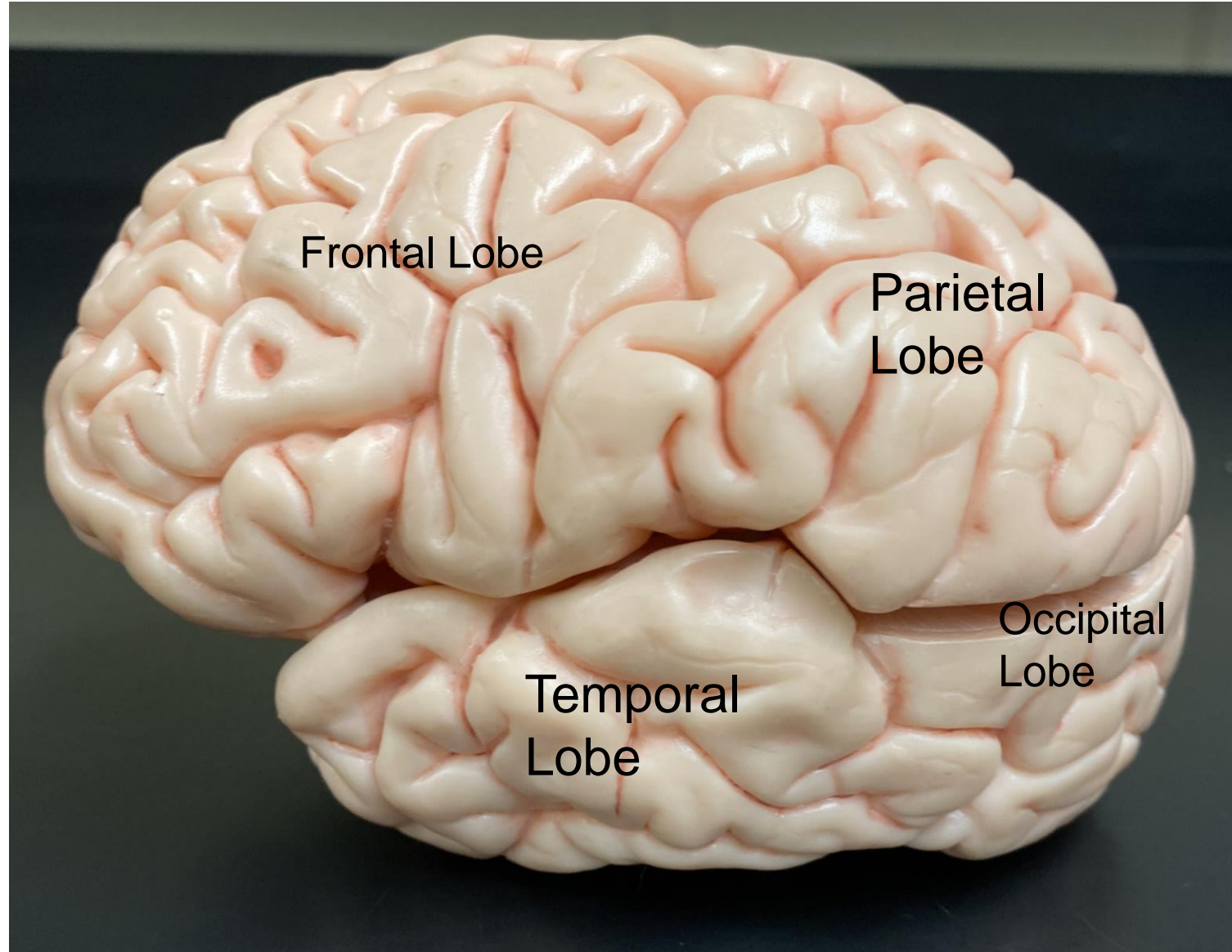
Brain and Cranial Nerves



External Structures and Regions of the Brain to Know

- Cerebrum
 - Occipital lobes
 - Frontal lobes
 - Postcentral gyrus
 - Temporal lobes
 - Central sulcus
 - Parietal lobes
 - Precentral gyrus
- Lateral sulcus
- Longitudinal fissure
- Optic chiasm
- Optic tract
- Olfactory bulbs
- Mammillary bodies
- Brain stem
 - Midbrain
 - Cerebral peduncles
 - Pons
 - Medulla oblongata
- Cerebellum

Lobes of the Cerebrum



Frontal Lobe

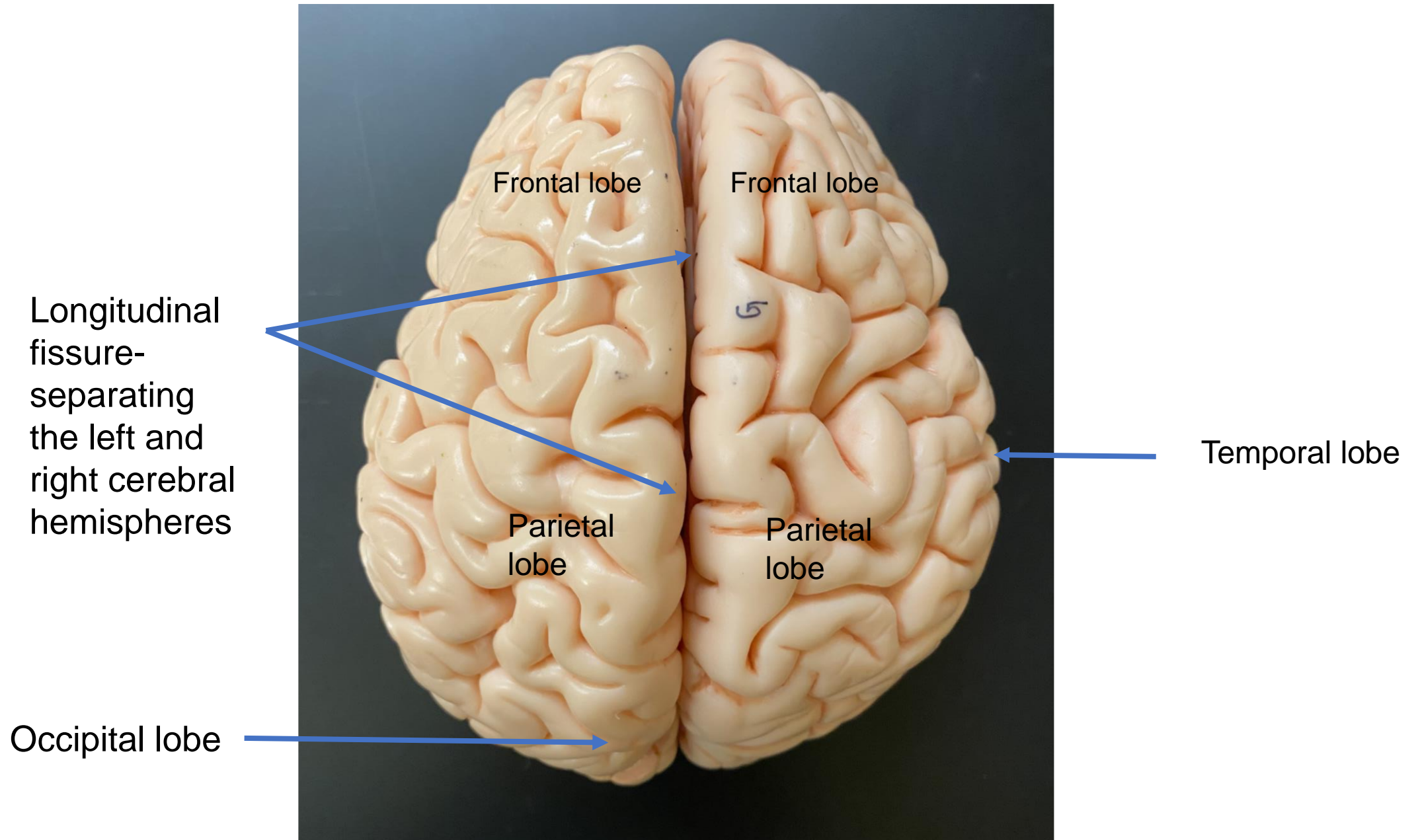
Parietal
Lobe

Occipital
Lobe

Temporal
Lobe

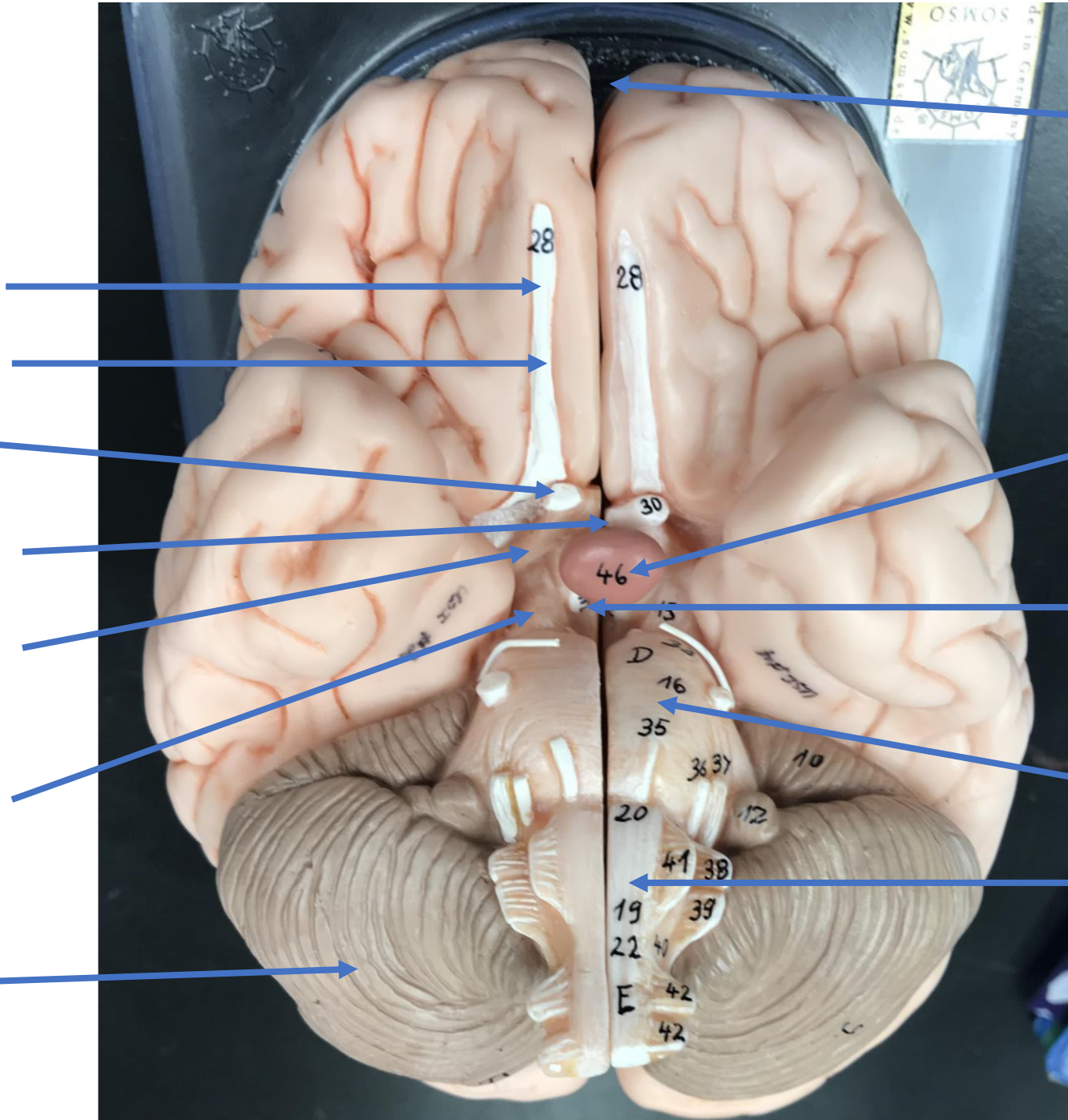
See the figures of
the cerebrum in
the textbook
showing the
exact divisions of
each lobe

Cerebrum Superior View



The Brain Inferior View

Olfactory bulbs
Olfactory tract
Optic nerve II
Optic chiasm
Optic tract
Cerebral peduncles
of midbrain
Cerebellum



Longitudinal fissure

Pituitary gland

Mammillary bodies
(one is hidden behind
pituitary gland)

Pons

Medulla oblongata

Ventricles of the Brain

- Lateral ventricles
 - Third ventricle
 - Fourth ventricle

 - Cerebral aqueduct
- Surrounds choroid plexus
 - Lateral ventricles
 - Surrounds thalamus
 - Third ventricle
 - Juts into cerebellum
 - Fourth ventricle
 - Connects third and fourth ventricle
 - Cerebral aqueduct

Ventricles of the Brain

Arachnoid villi- CSF fluid flows from ventricles into the dural venous sinus

Lateral ventricles

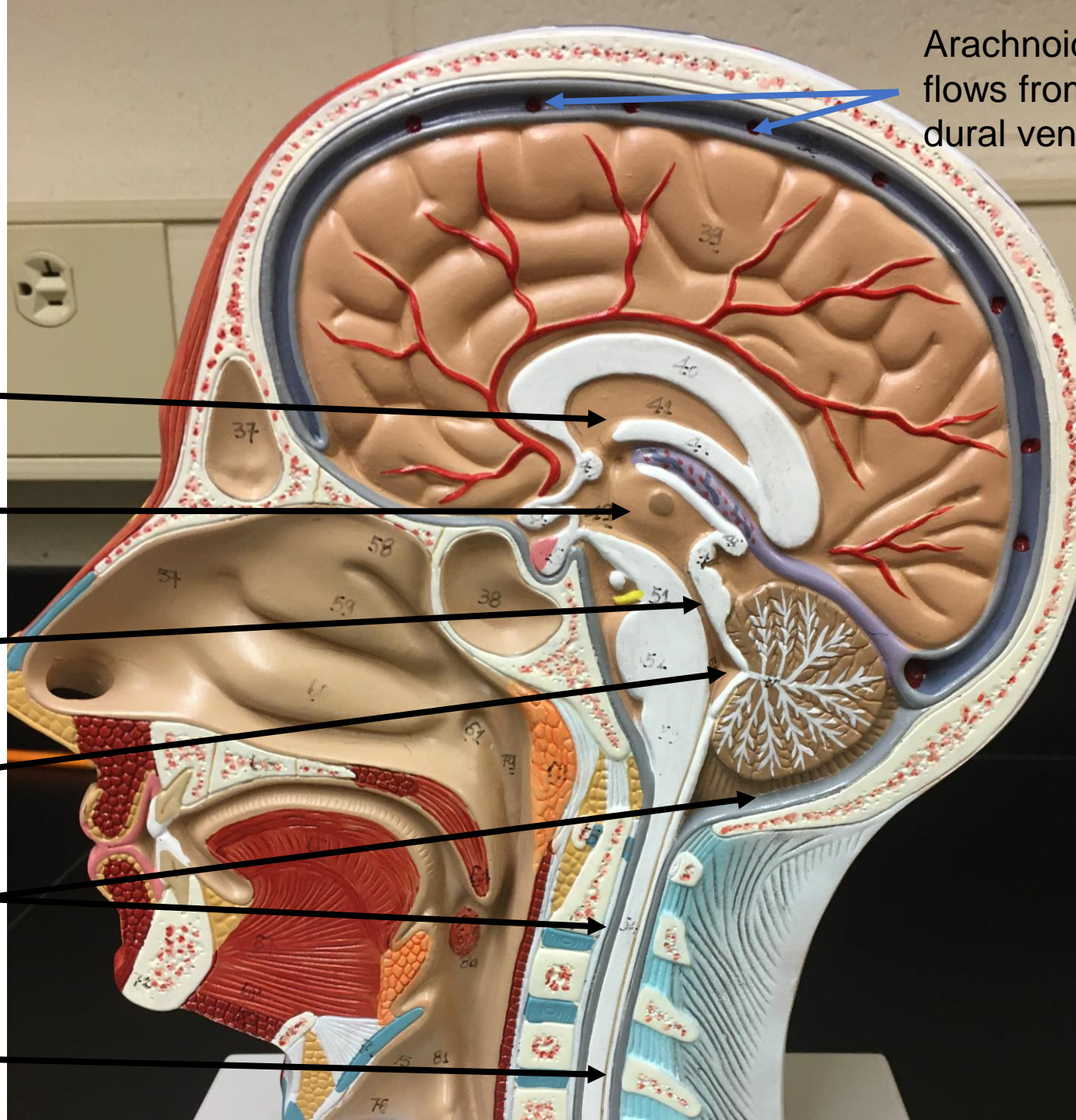
Area of the third ventricle

Cerebral aqueduct

Fourth ventricle

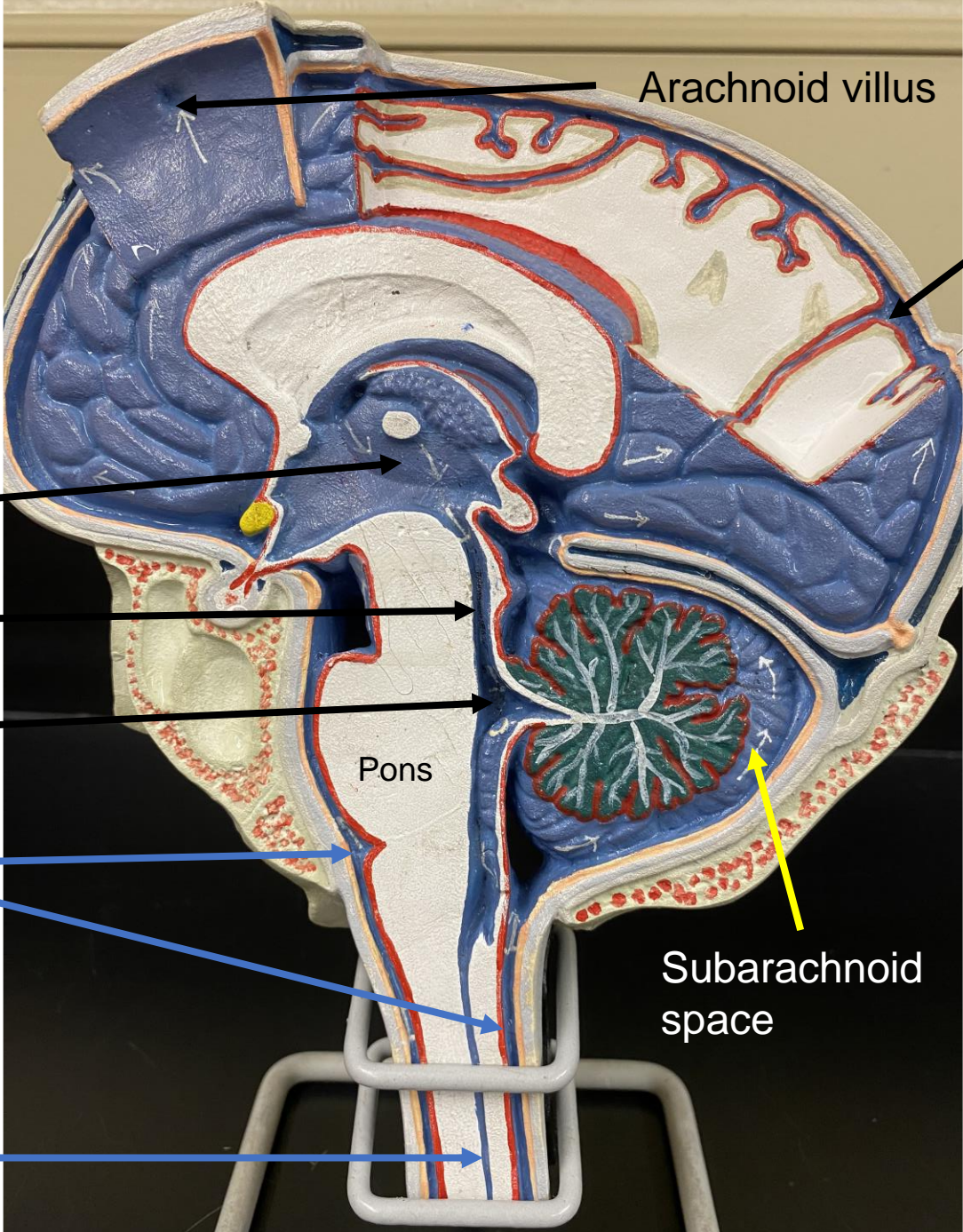
Subarachnoid space

Spinal canal



Ventricles of the Brain

Know CSF Circulation



Third ventricle

Cerebral aqueduct

Fourth ventricle

Subarachnoid space

Arachnoid villus

Dural venous sinus

Pons

Subarachnoid space

Central canal of spinal cord

CSF fluid circulates in the blue colored areas:
Lateral ventricles to interventricular foramen into the Third ventricle then through the Cerebral aqueduct into the Fourth ventricle then flows through the lateral and median apertures to the Subarachnoid space

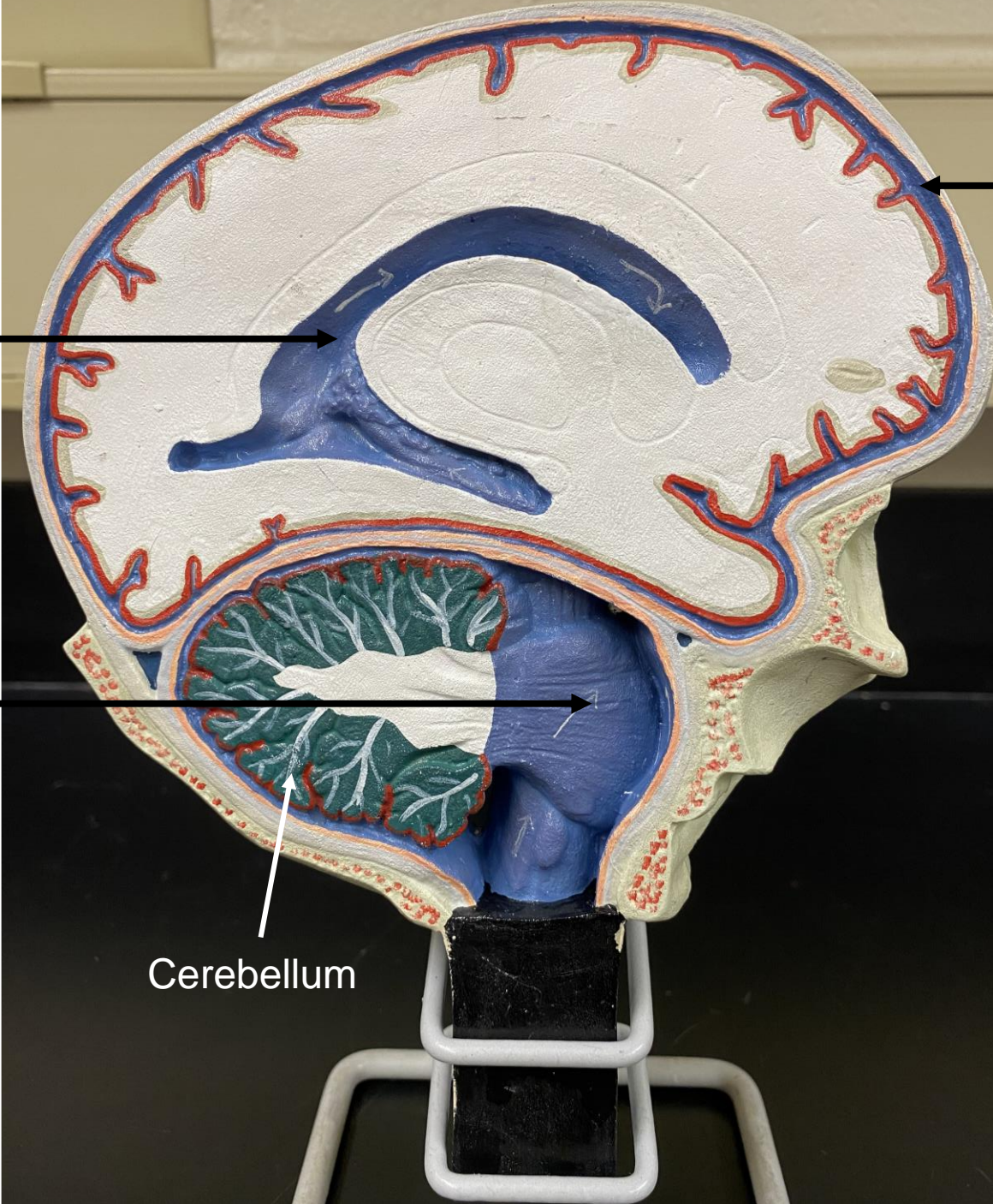
Ventricles of the Brain

Lateral ventricle

Fourth ventricle

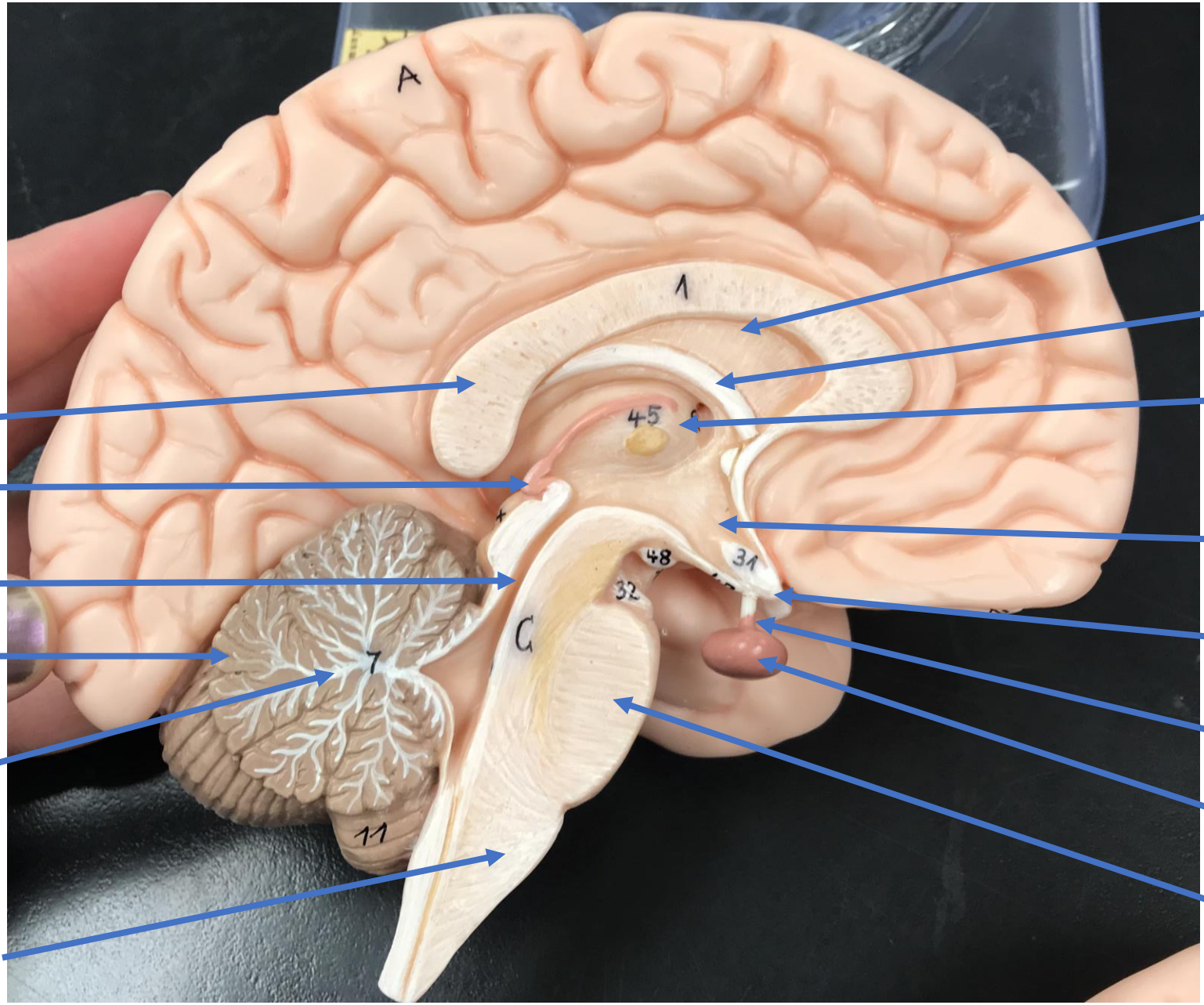
Cerebellum

Dural venous sinus



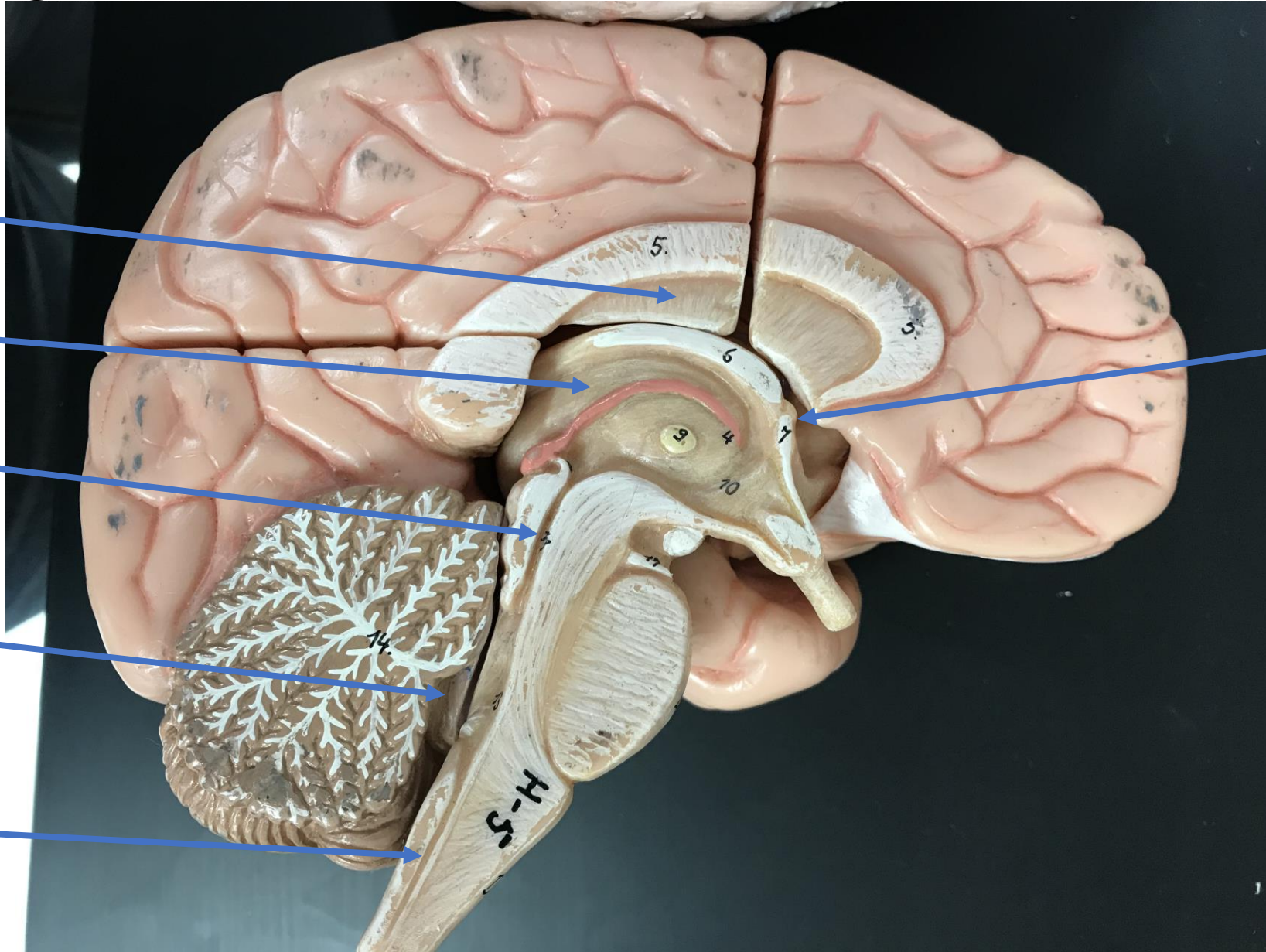
Internal Structures of the Brain and Ventricles

- Corpus callosum
- Pineal gland
- Cerebral aqueduct
- Cerebellum
- Arbor Vitae of Cerebellum (white matter)
- Medulla oblongata



- Septum pellucidum
- Fornix
- Thalamus
- Hypothalamus
- Optic chiasm
- Infundibulum
- Pituitary gland
- Pons

Ventricles



Lateral ventricle

Third ventricle

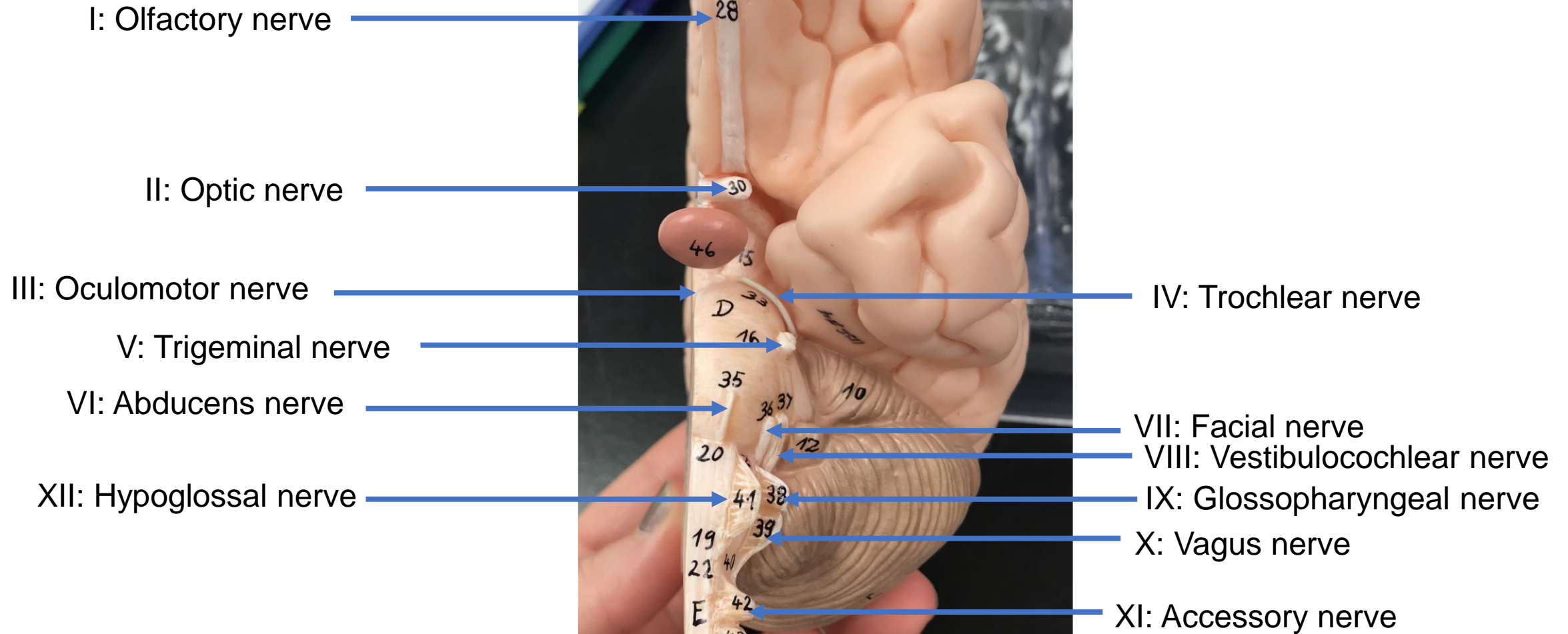
Cerebral aqueduct

Fourth ventricle

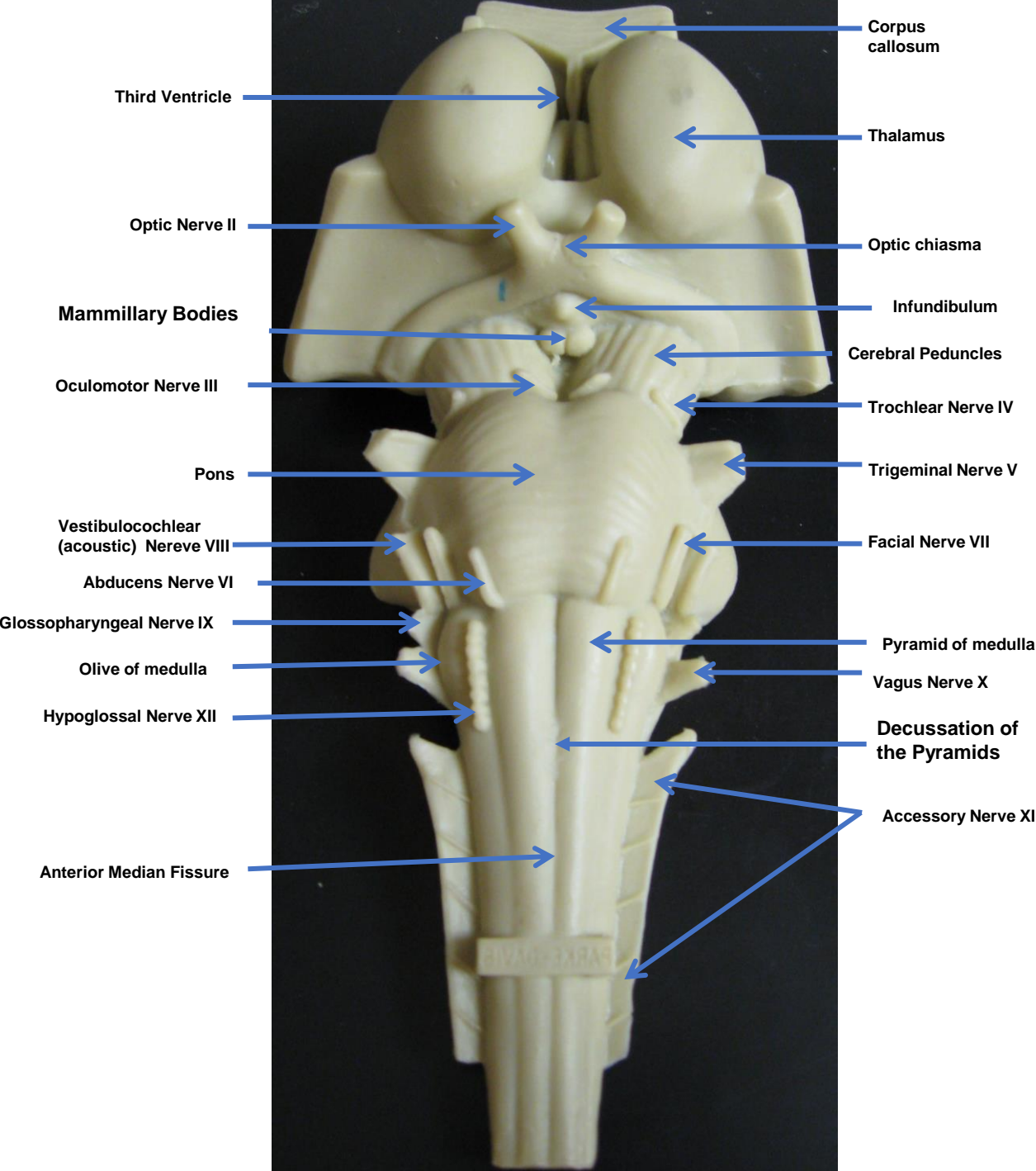
Central canal

Interventricular foramen (be able to identify this foramen)

Cranial nerves



Cranial Nerves



Third Ventricle

Optic Nerve II

Mammillary Bodies

Oculomotor Nerve III

Pons

Vestibulocochlear (acoustic) Nerve VIII

Abducens Nerve VI

Glossopharyngeal Nerve IX

Olive of medulla

Hypoglossal Nerve XII

Anterior Median Fissure

Corpus callosum

Thalamus

Optic chiasma

Infundibulum

Cerebral Peduncles

Trochlear Nerve IV

Trigeminal Nerve V

Facial Nerve VII

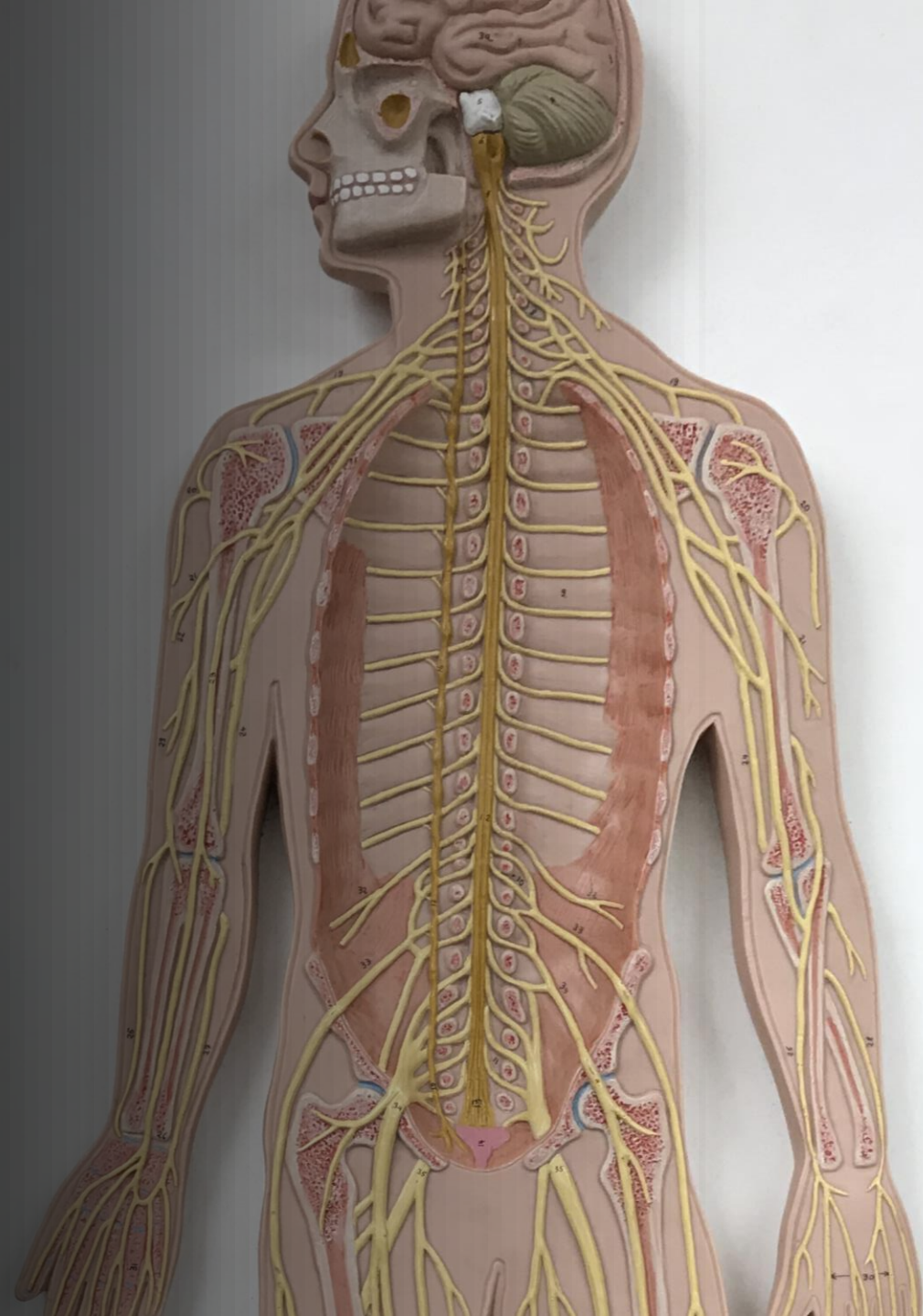
Pyramid of medulla

Vagus Nerve X

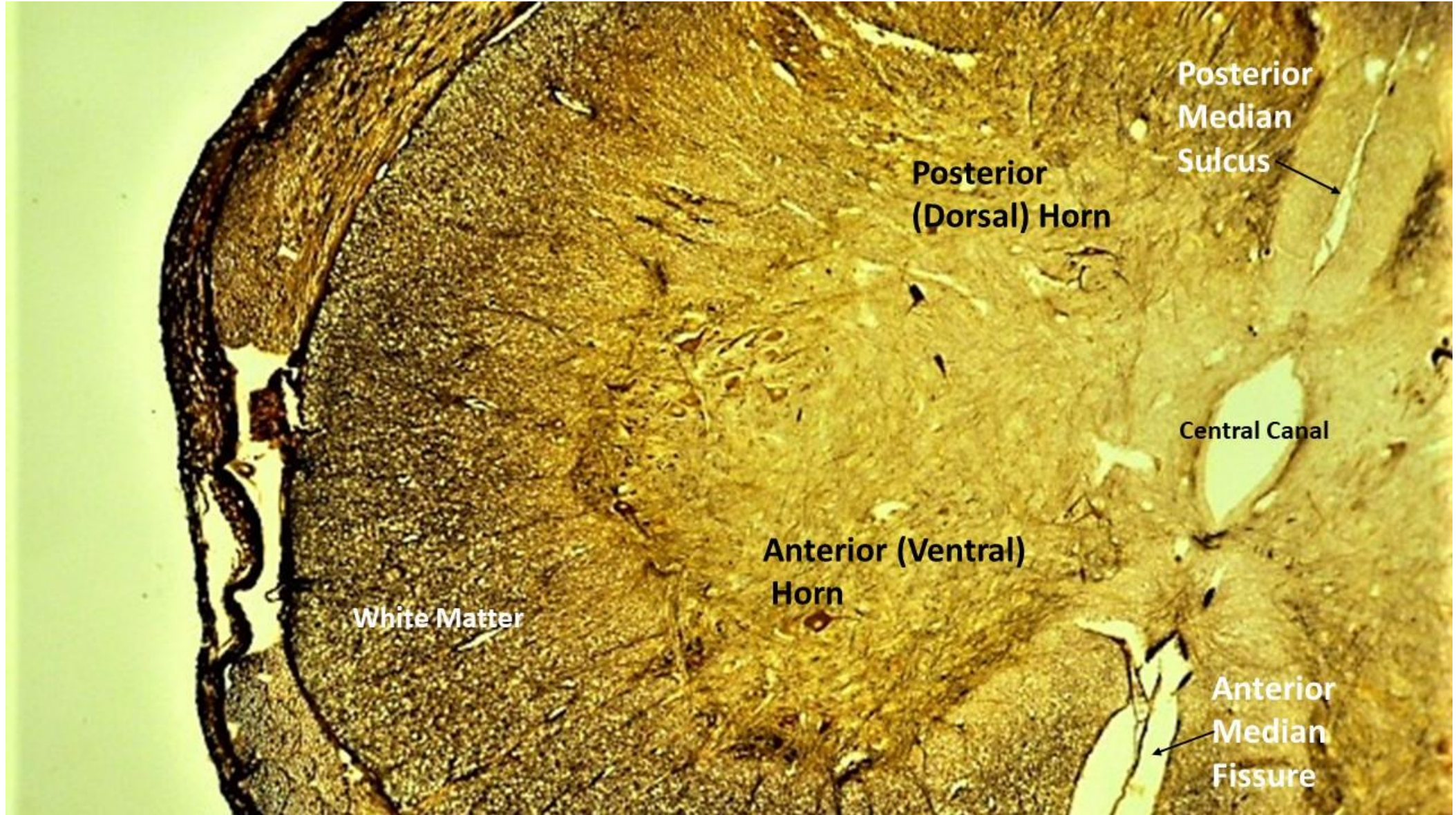
Decussation of the Pyramids

Accessory Nerve XI

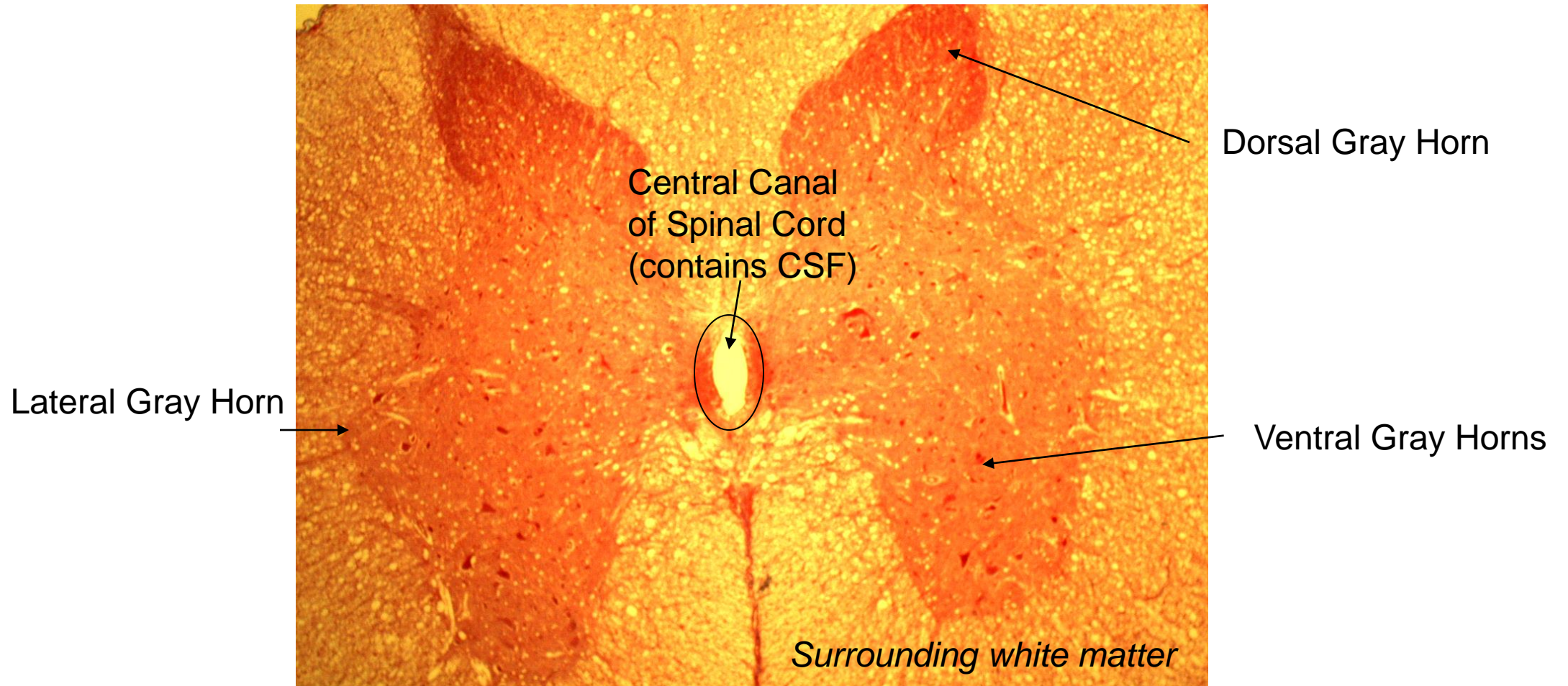
Spinal Cord and Spinal Nerves



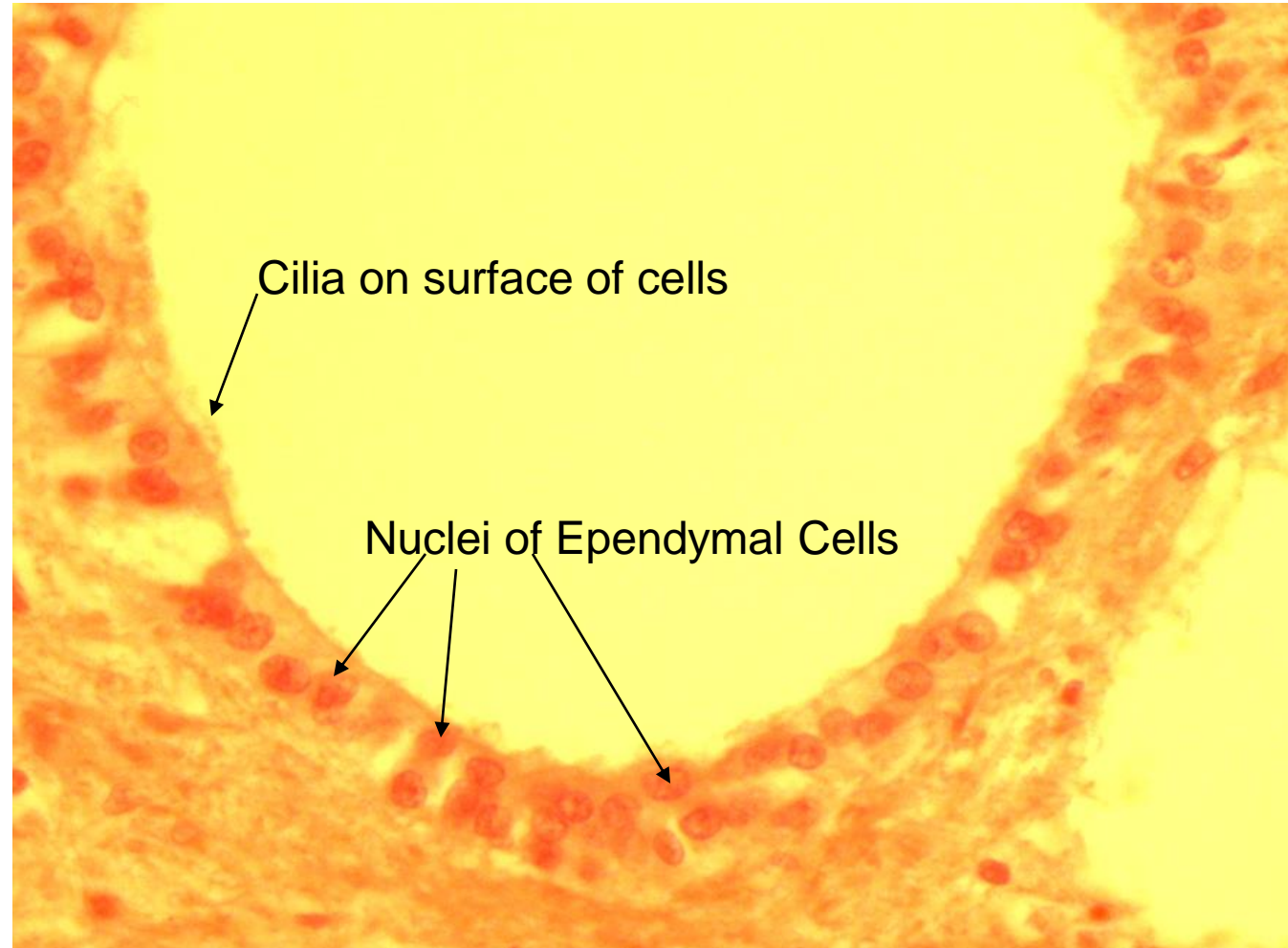
Cross Section of Spinal Cord



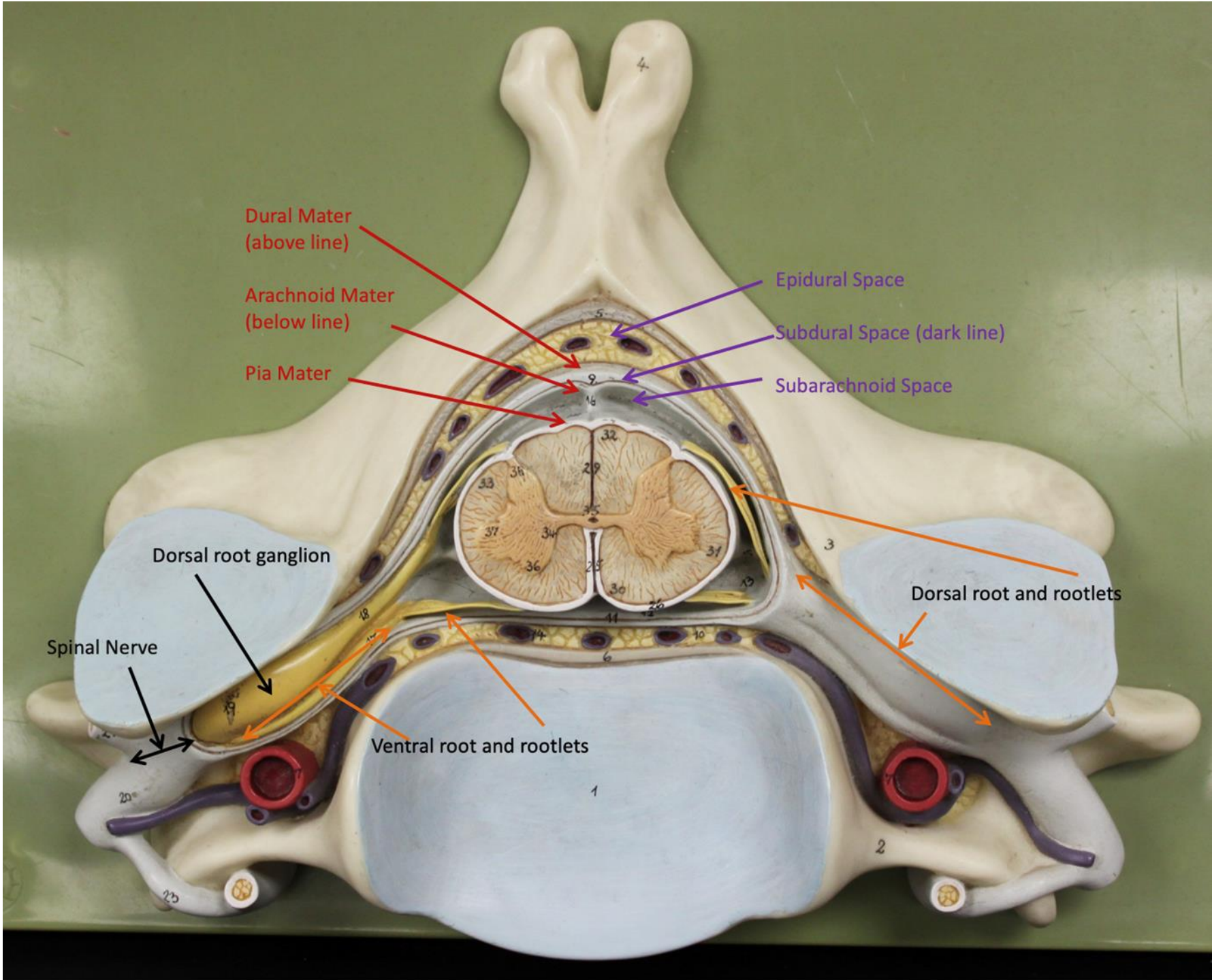
Cross Section of Spinal Cord



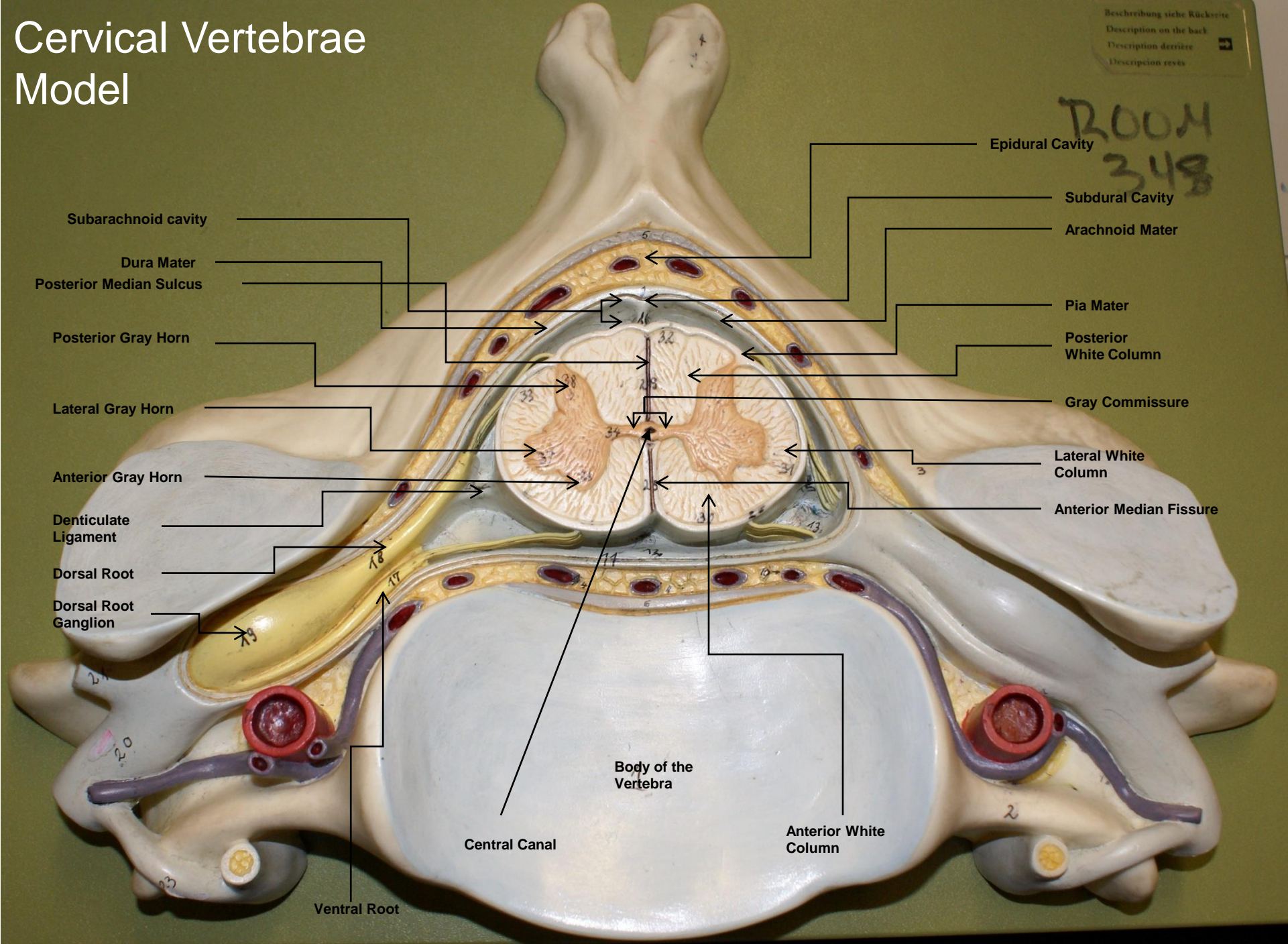
Central Canal High Magnification



Overview of the Cervical Vertebrae Model

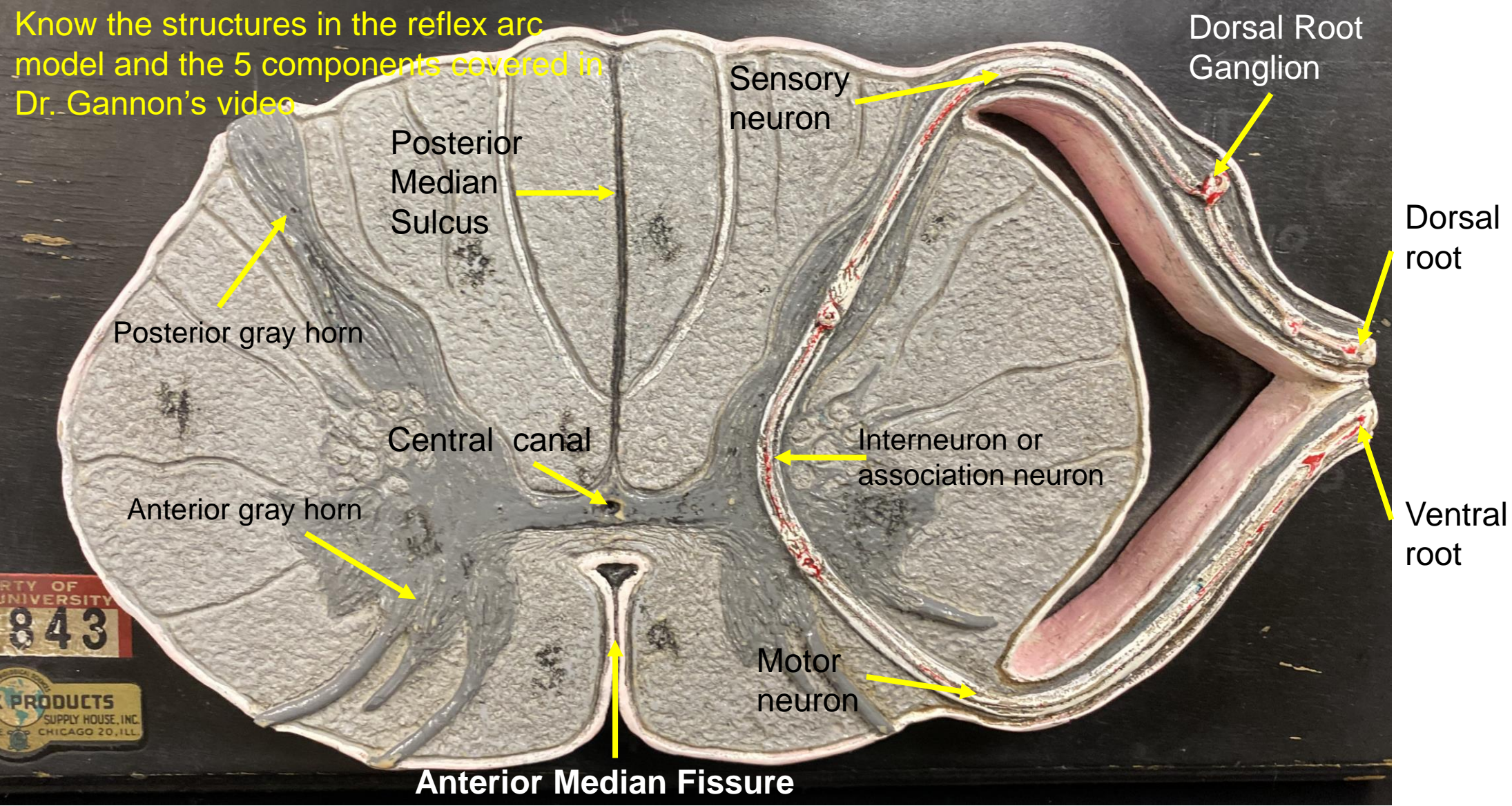


Cervical Vertebrae Model

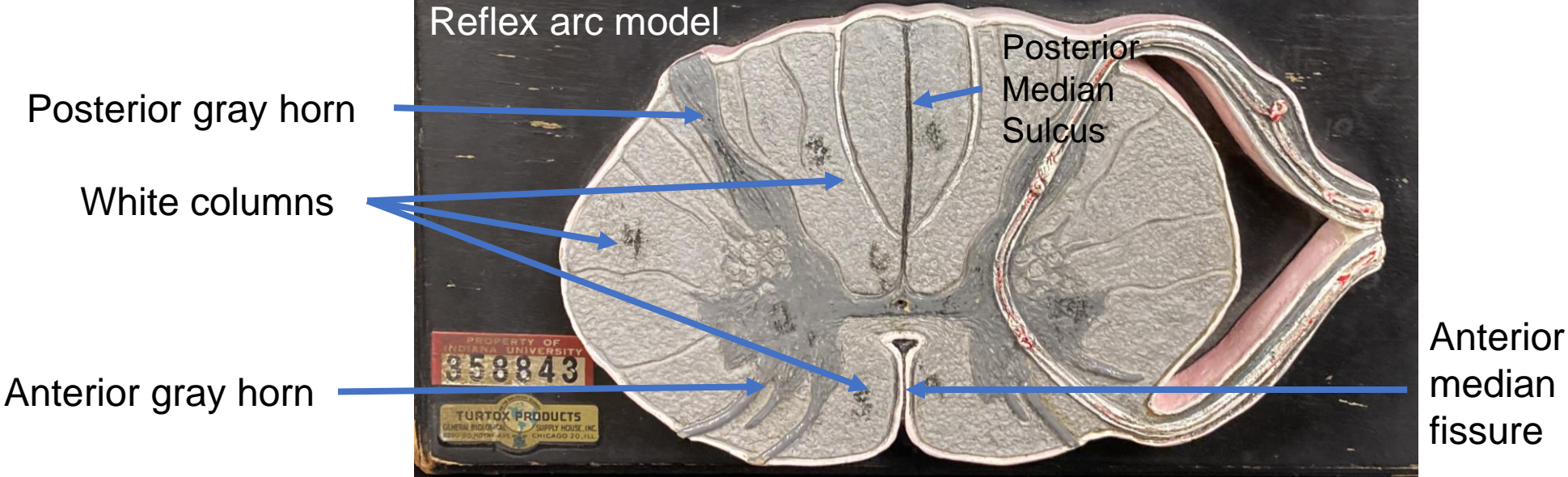
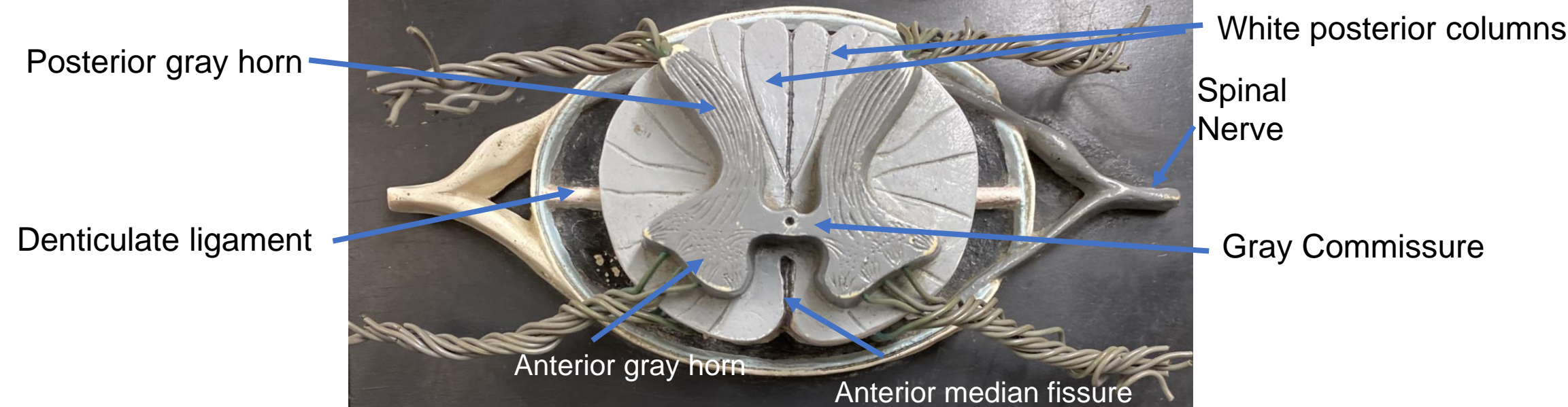


Spinal Cord Cross Section- Reflex Arc

Know the structures in the reflex arc model and the 5 components covered in Dr. Gannon's video

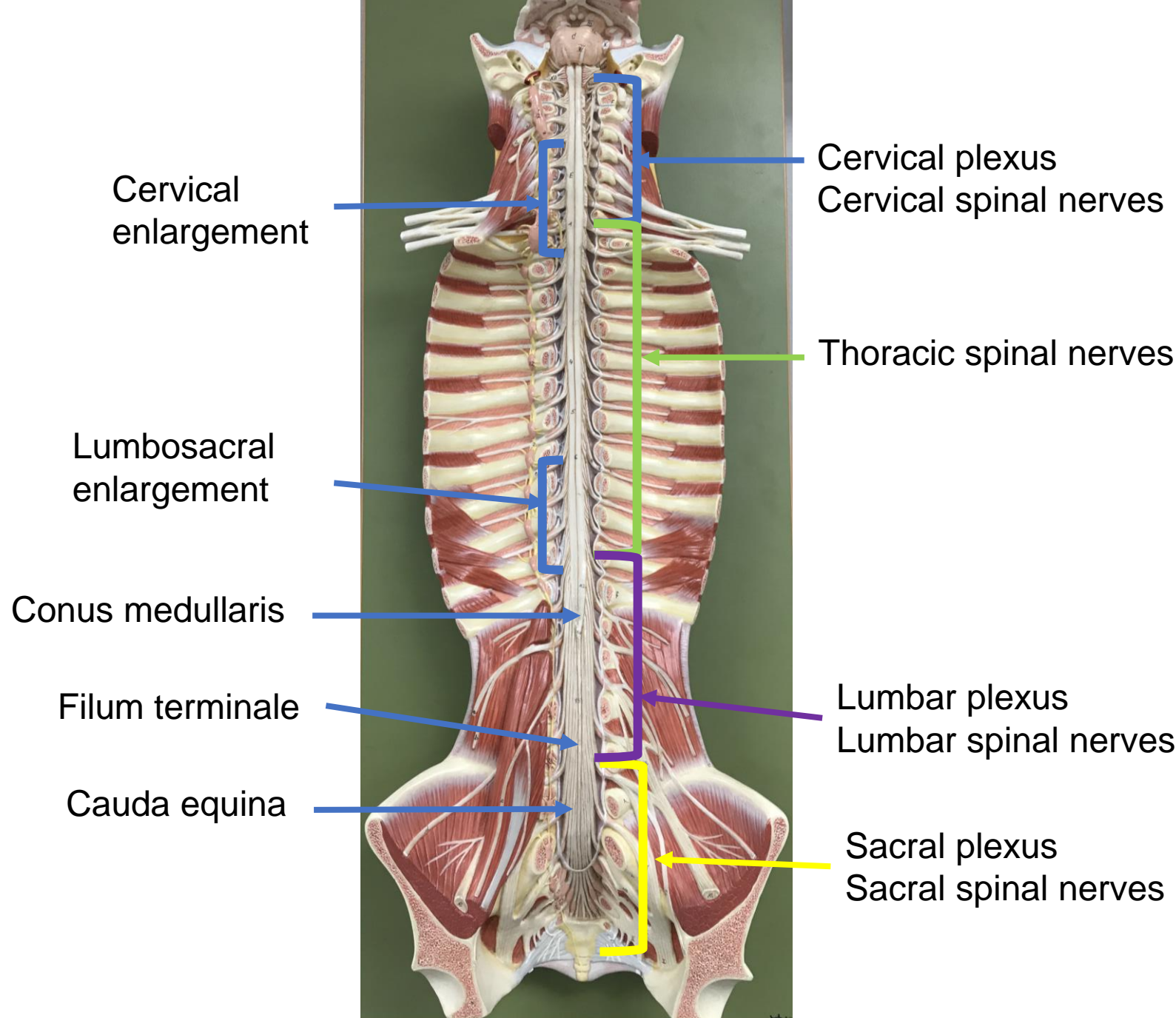


Spinal Cord Cross Section- Reflex Arc

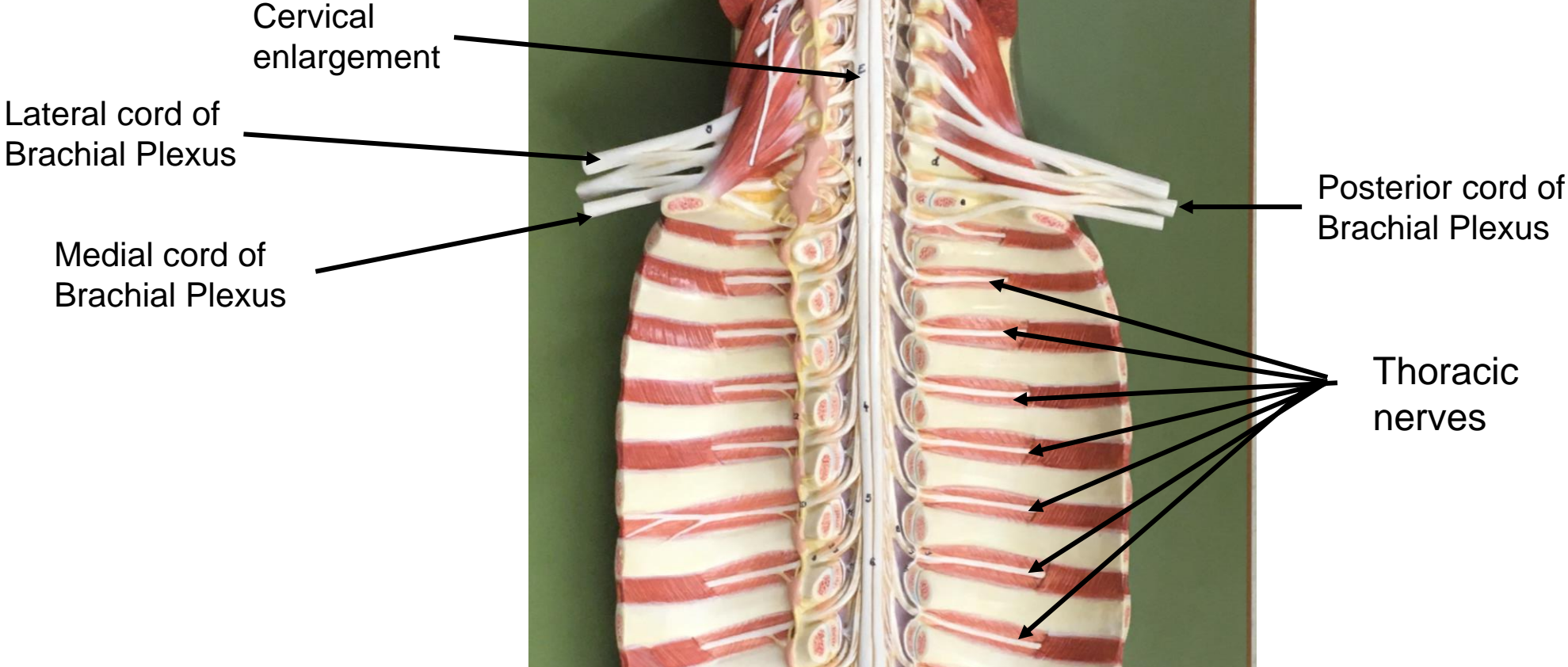


Anatomical Areas of the Spinal Cord

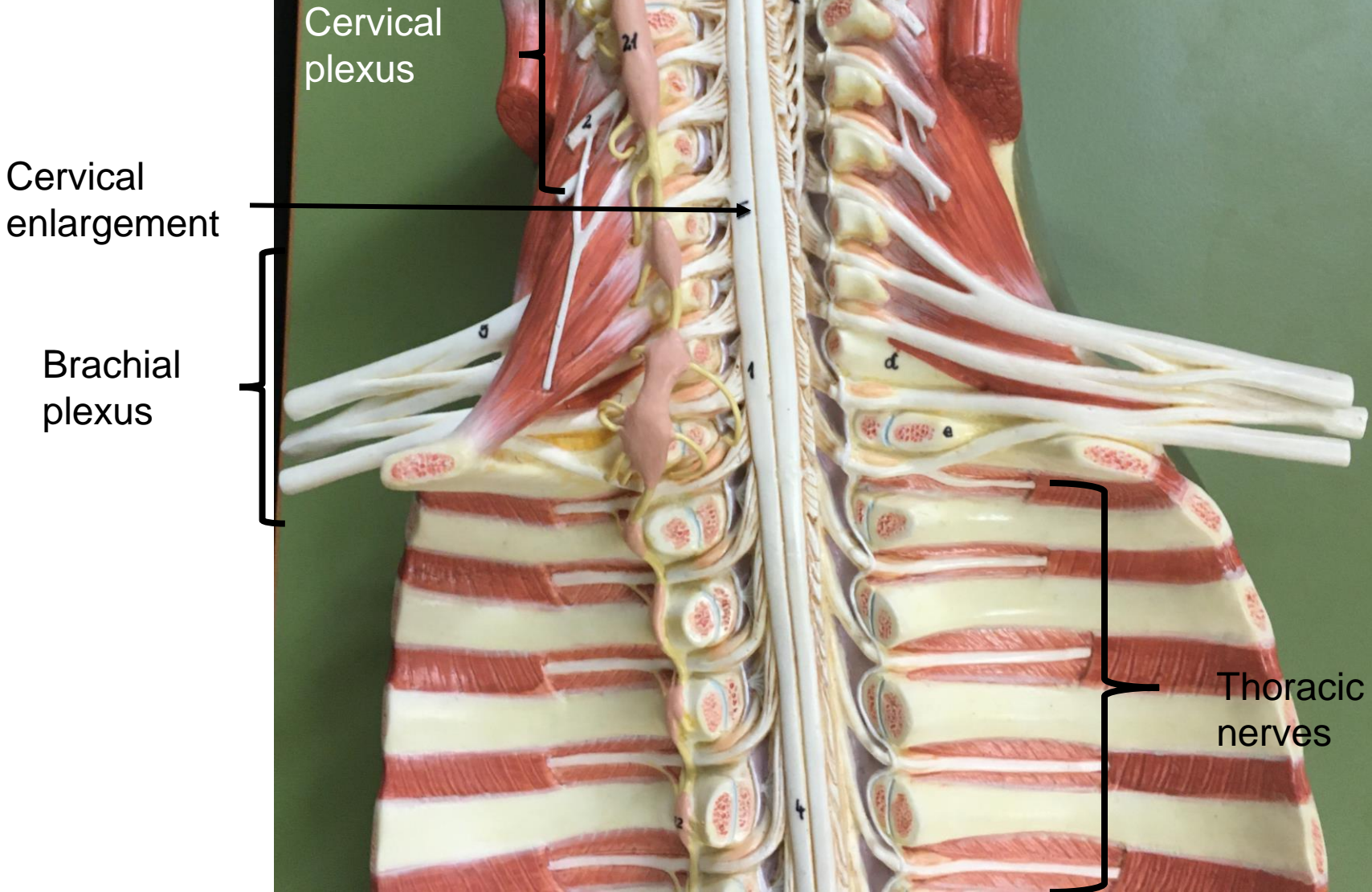
Use Dr. Gannon's instructional videos to identify spinal nerves and structures of the large spinal cord model viewed on the next slides



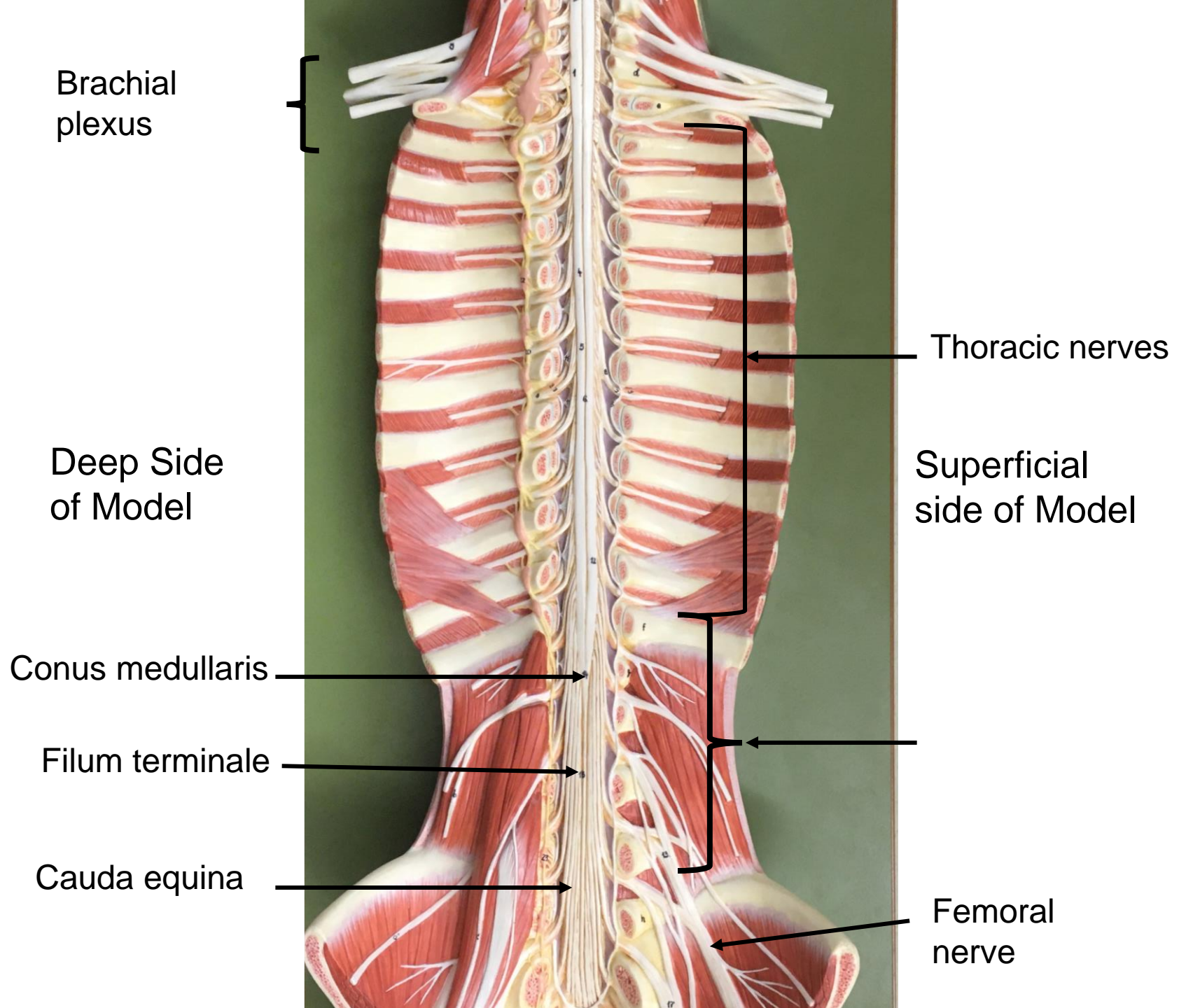
Anatomical Areas of the Spinal Cord



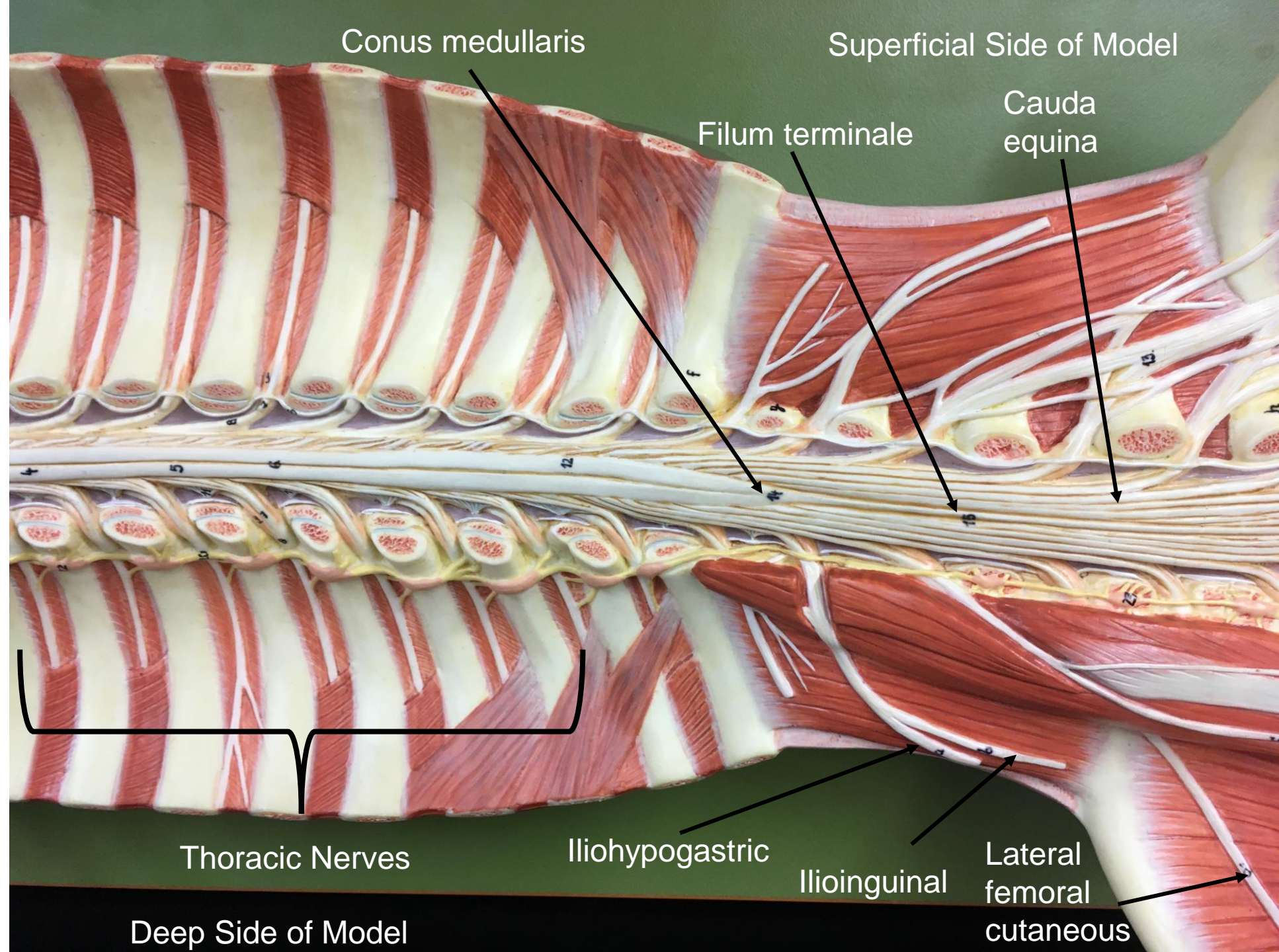
Anatomical Areas of the Spinal Cord Spinal Nerves



Anatomical Areas of the Spinal Cord



Spinal Cord
Anatomical
Structures
Spinal Nerves



Spinal Nerves Hip Region

Deep Side
of Model

Superficial
Side of Model

Genitofemoral nerve

Genital branch of
Genitofemoral nerve

Femoral branch of
Genitofemoral nerve

Lateral femoral
cutaneous nerve

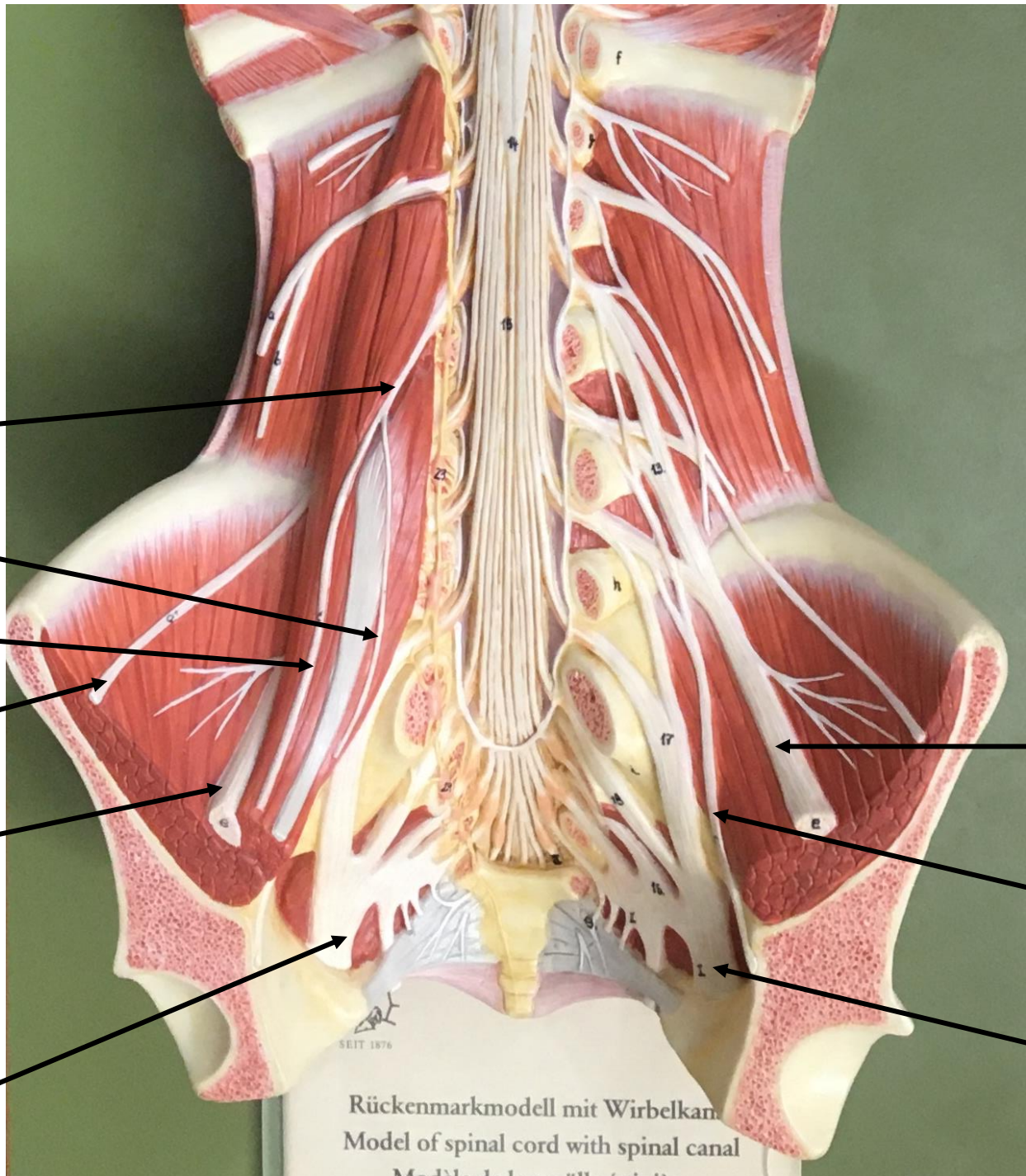
Femoral nerve

Sciatic nerve

Femoral
nerve

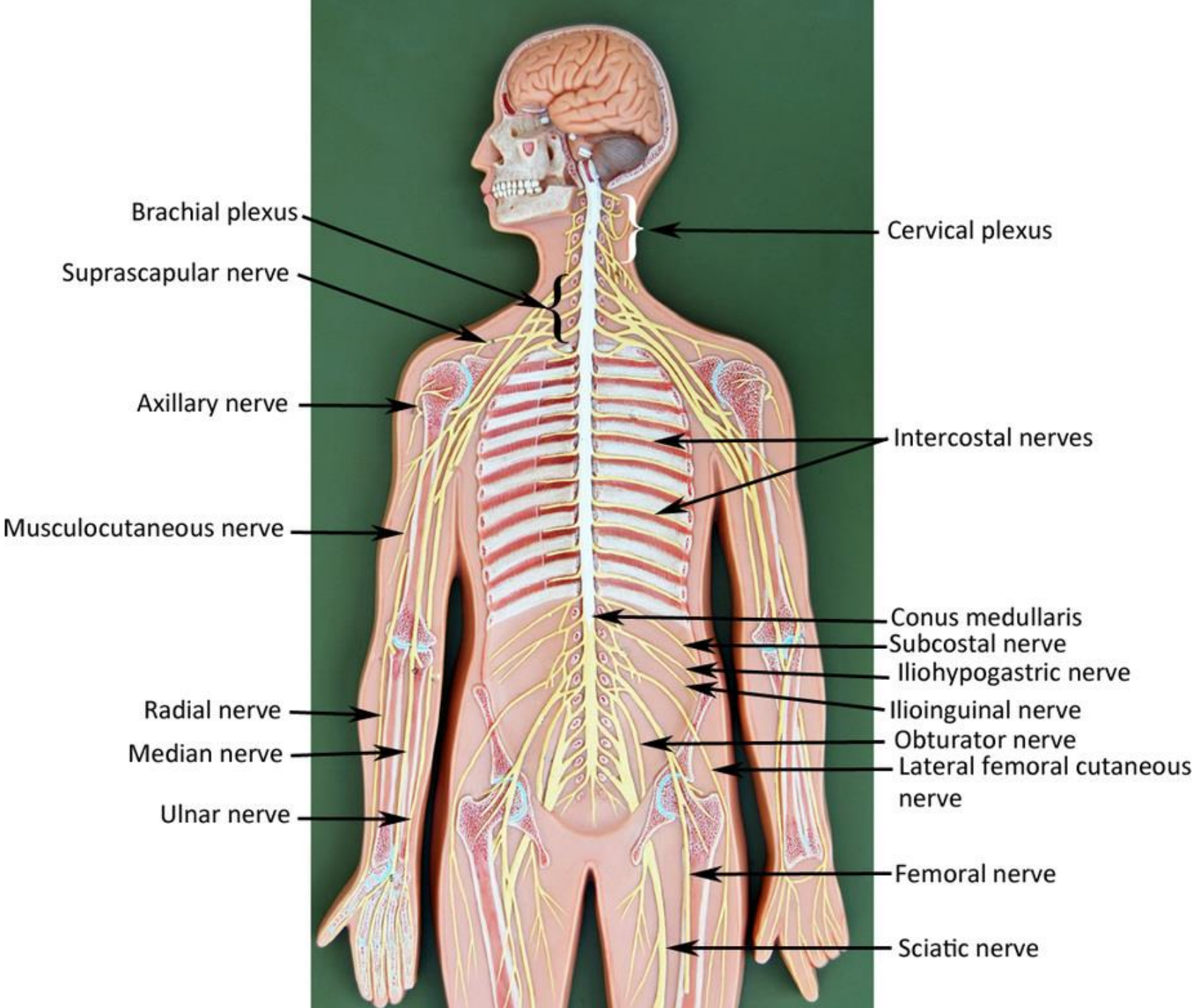
Obturator
nerve

Sciatic nerve

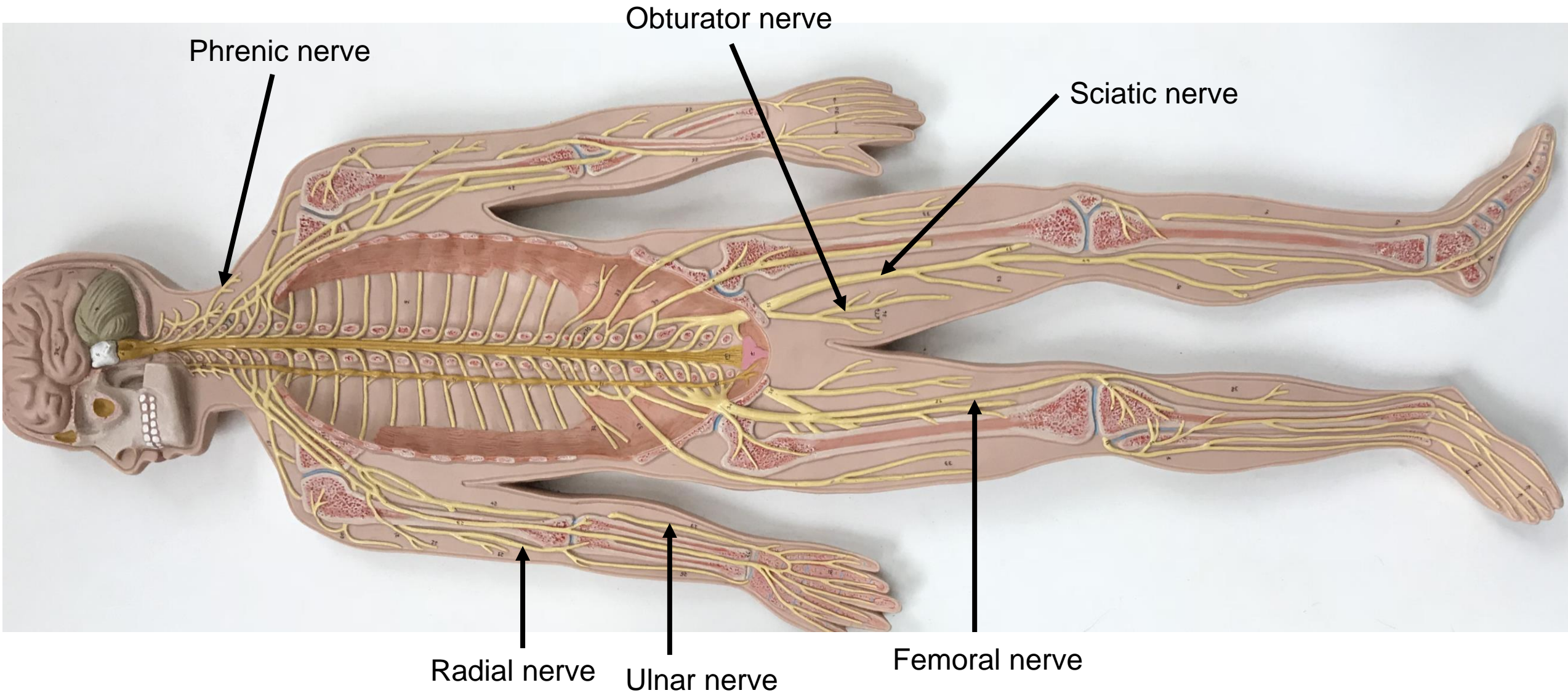


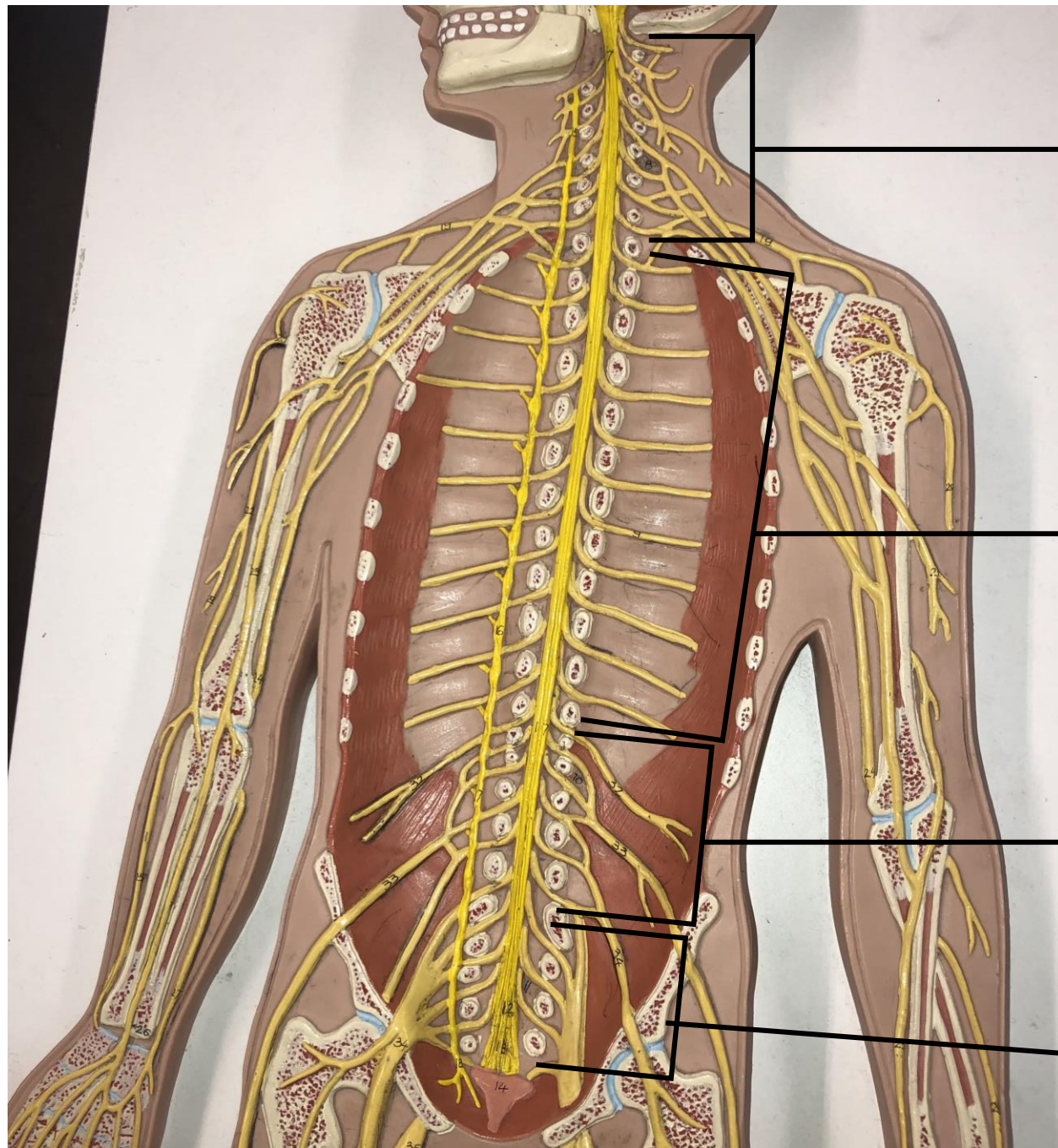
Rückenmarkmodell mit Wirbelkanal
Model of spinal cord with spinal canal
Modèle de la moëlle épinière

Identify the following spinal nerves for the lab practical



Spinal Nerves





Cervical nerves C1-C8

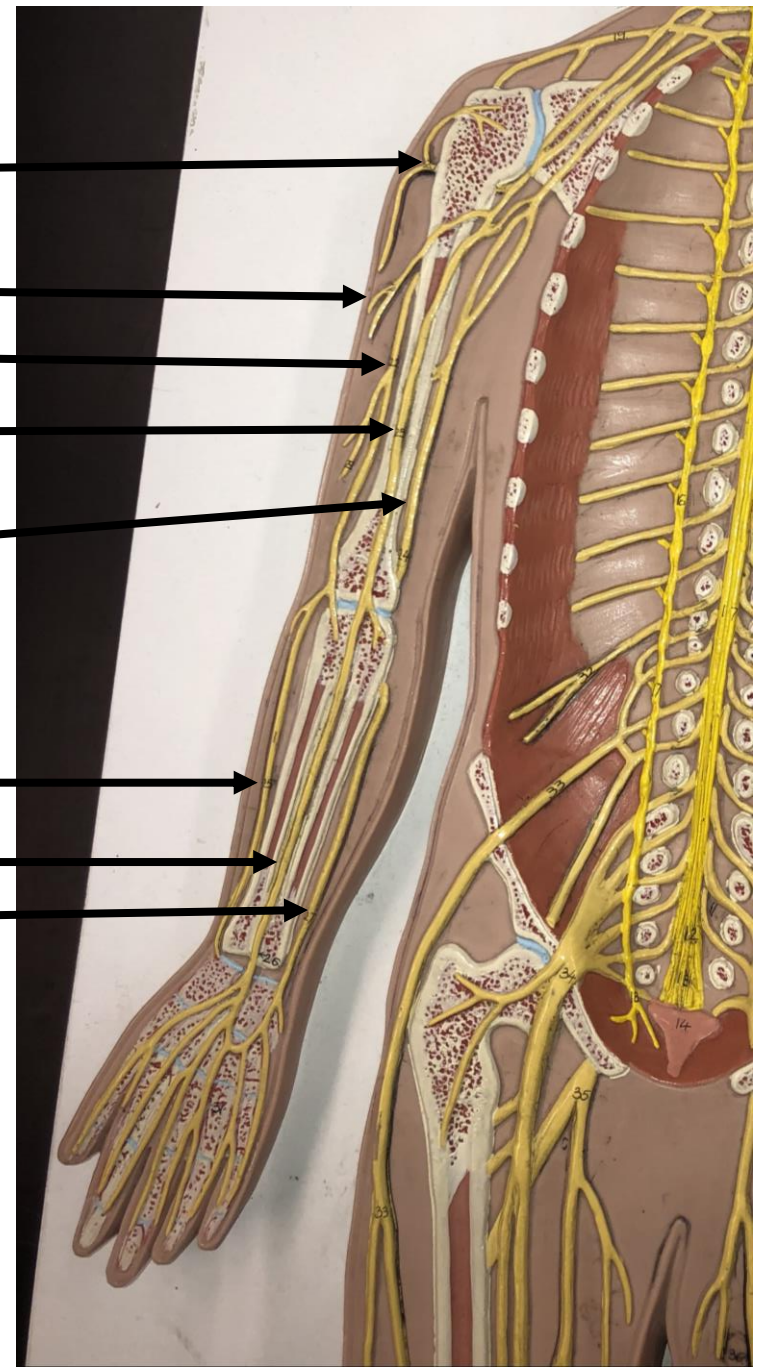
Thoracic nerves T1-T12

Lumbar nerves L1-L5

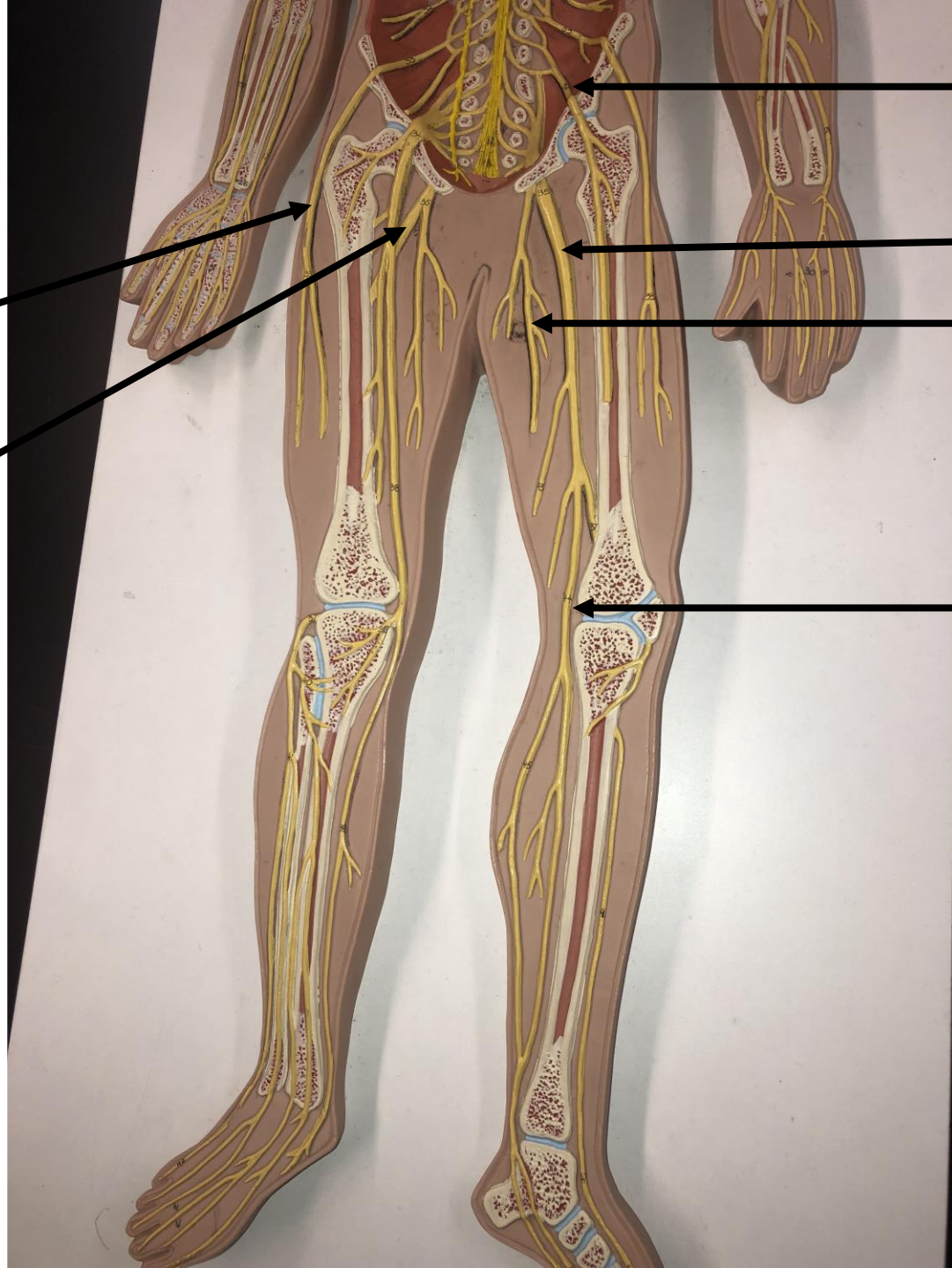
Sacral nerves S1-S3

Spinal Nerves Arm

- Axillary Nerve
- Musculotaneous Nerve
- Radial Nerve
- Median Nerve
- Ulnar Nerve
- Branch of Radial Nerve
- Branch of Median Nerve
- Branch of Ulnar Nerve



Spinal Nerves Hip and Legs



Femoral Nerve

Sciatic Nerve

Obturator Nerve

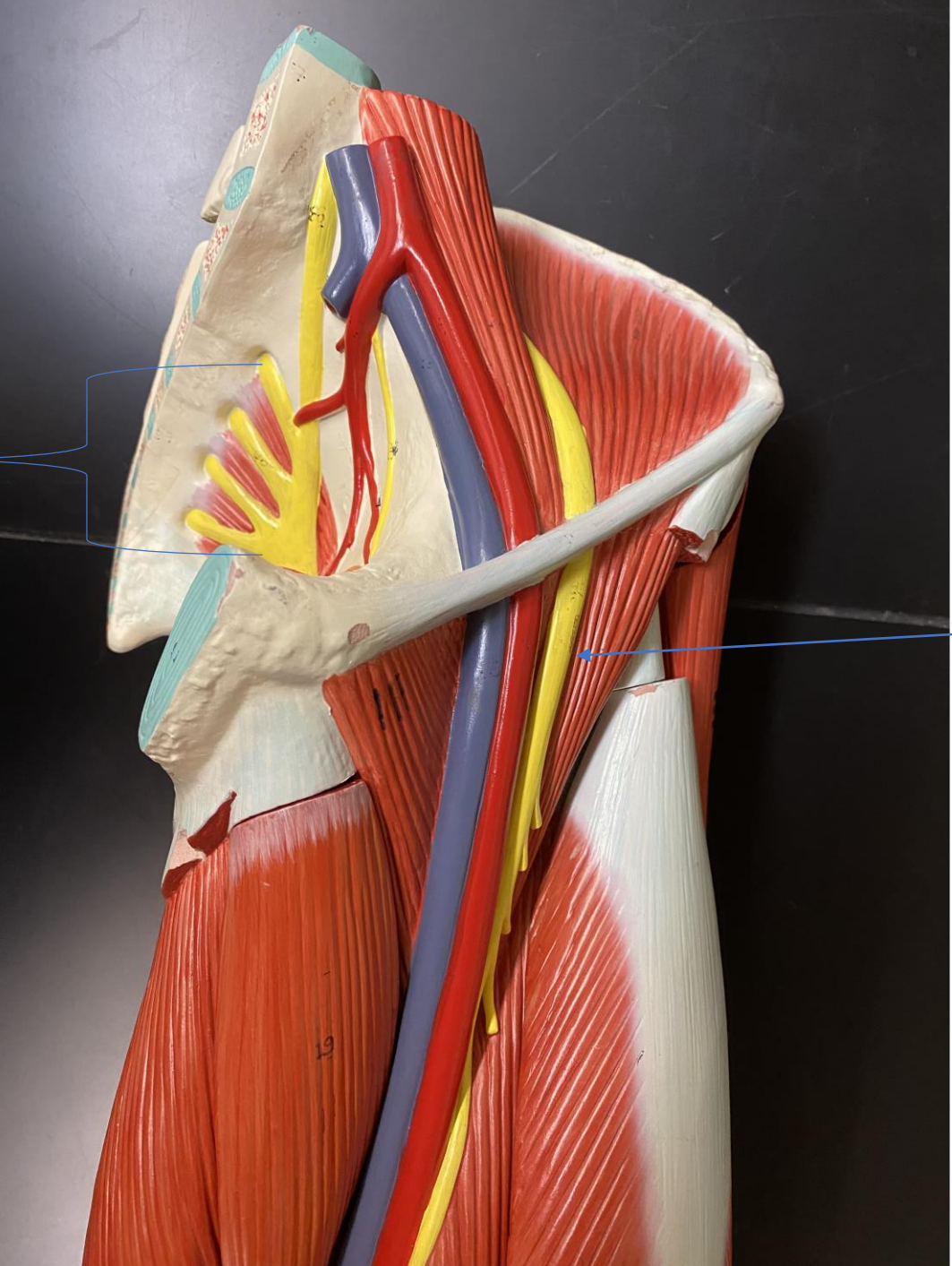
Posterior Tibial Nerve

Lateral femoral
cutaneous nerve

Sciatic nerve
Notice it goes
behind the femur

Spinal Nerves-
Leg Model
Sciatic Nerve
Obturator Nerve

Sacral
plexus

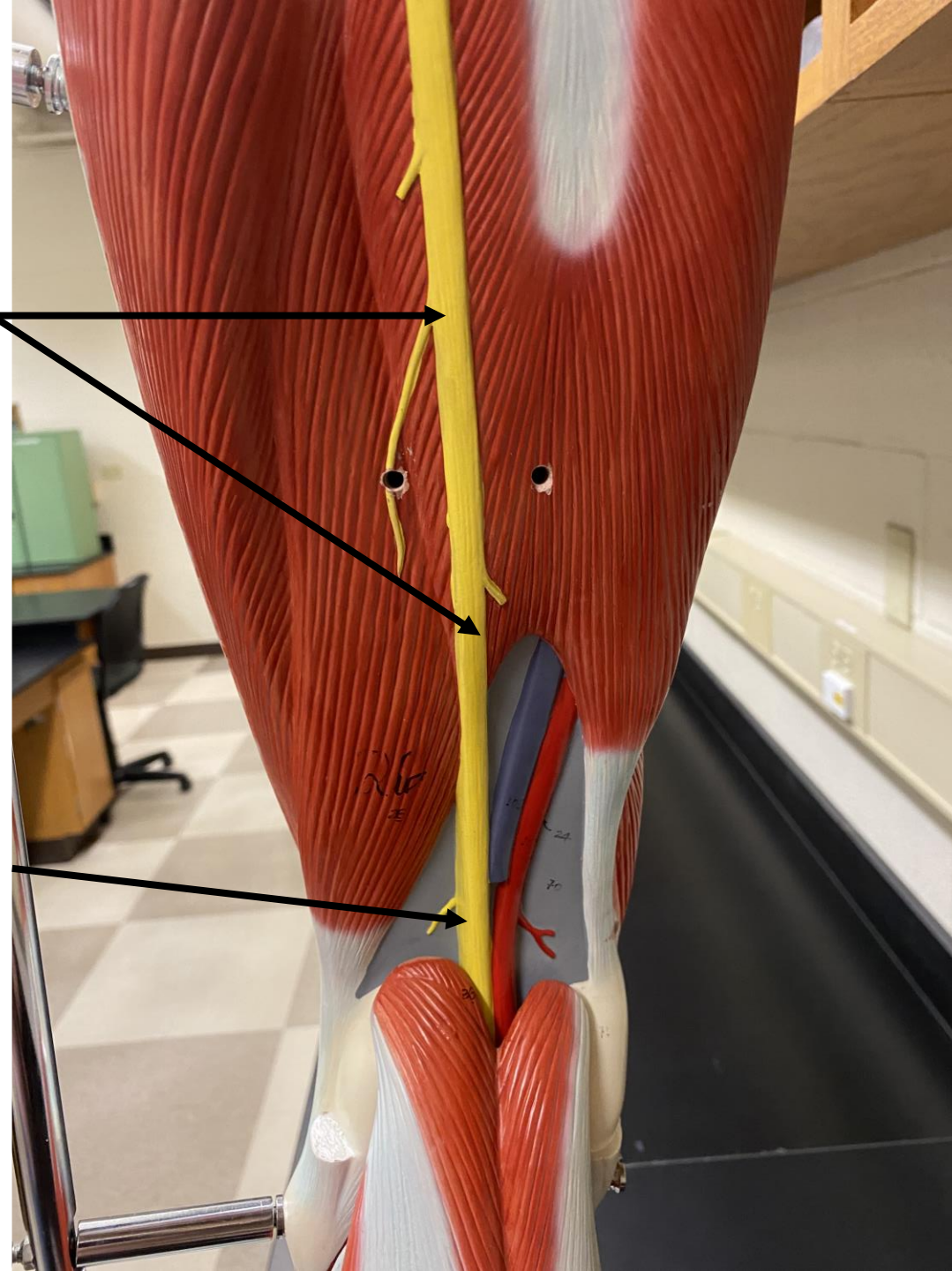


Femoral nerve

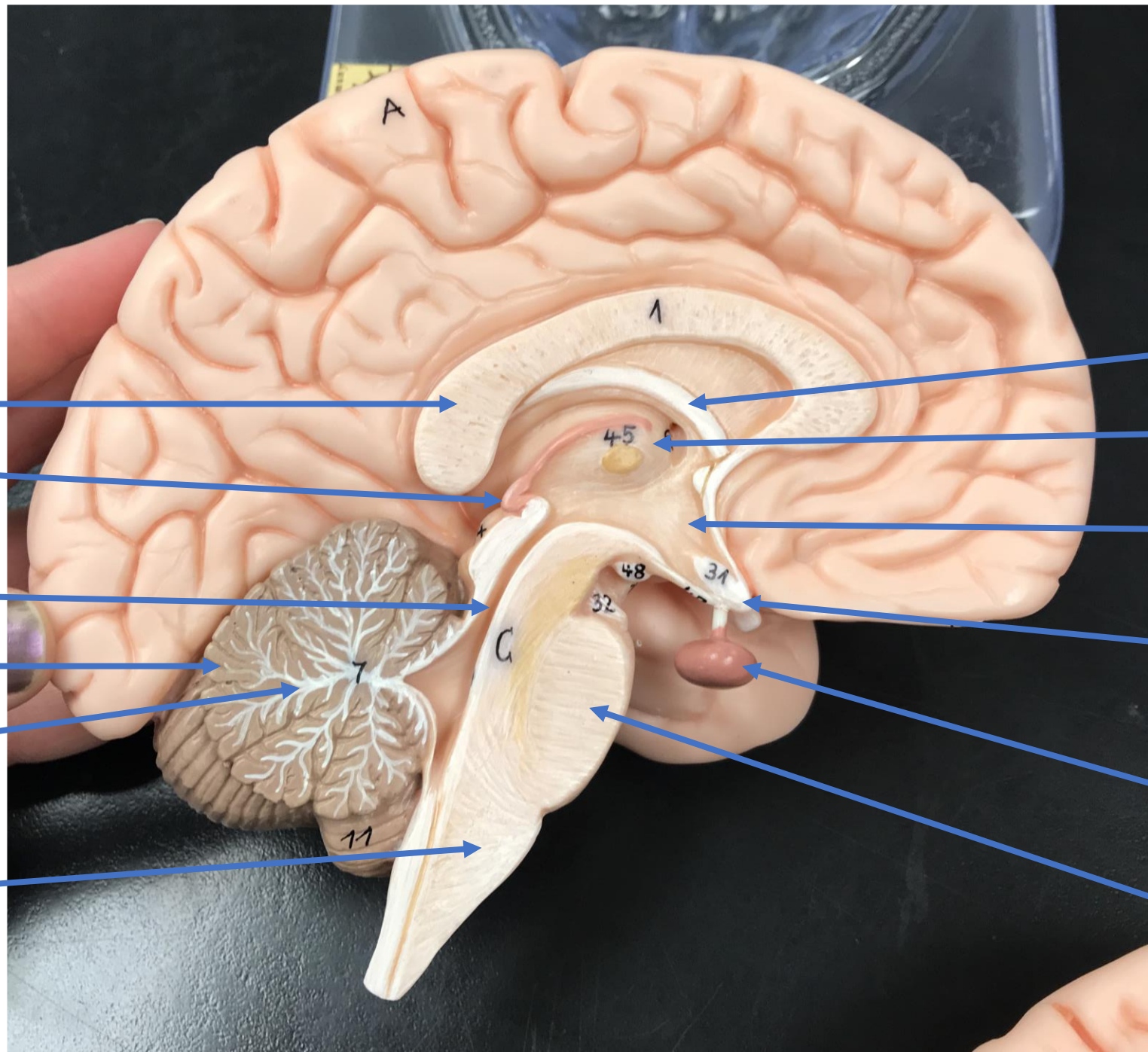
Leg Model Sciatic Nerve

Sciatic Nerve

Posterior Tibial Nerve



Internal Structures of the Brain Practice



[Redacted label]

[Redacted label]

[Redacted label]

[Redacted label]

[Redacted label]

[Redacted label]

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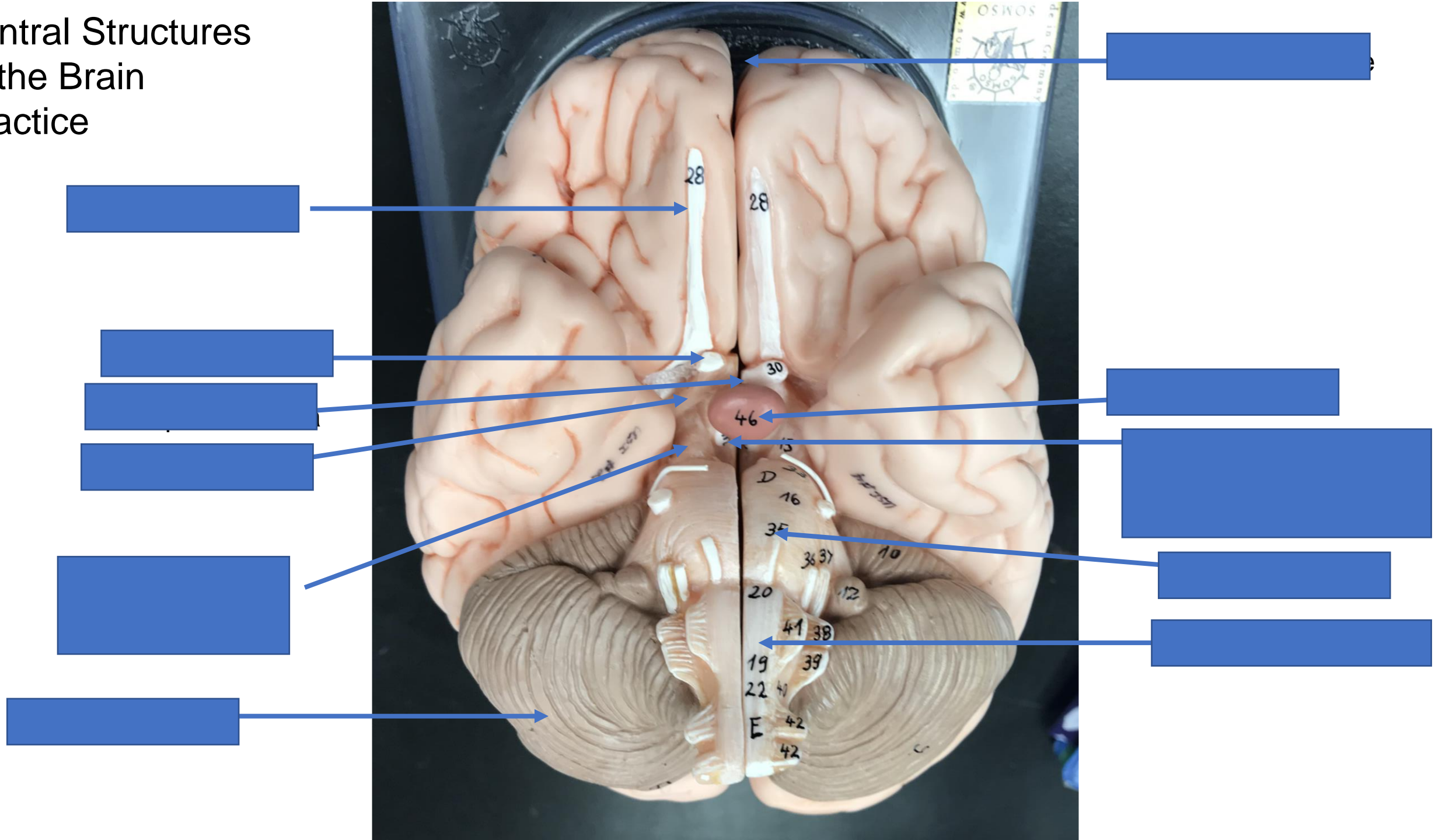
[Redacted label]

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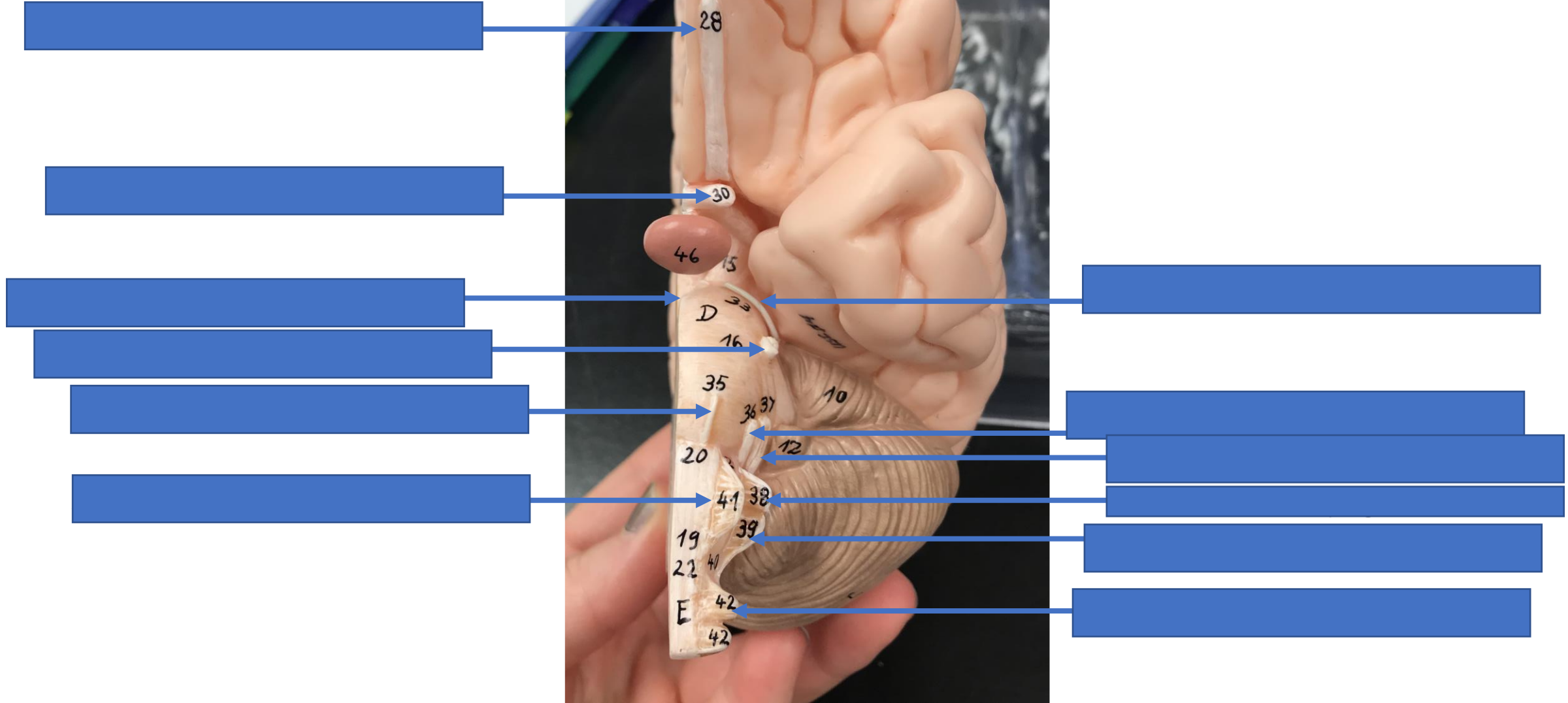
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Ventral Structures of the Brain Practice

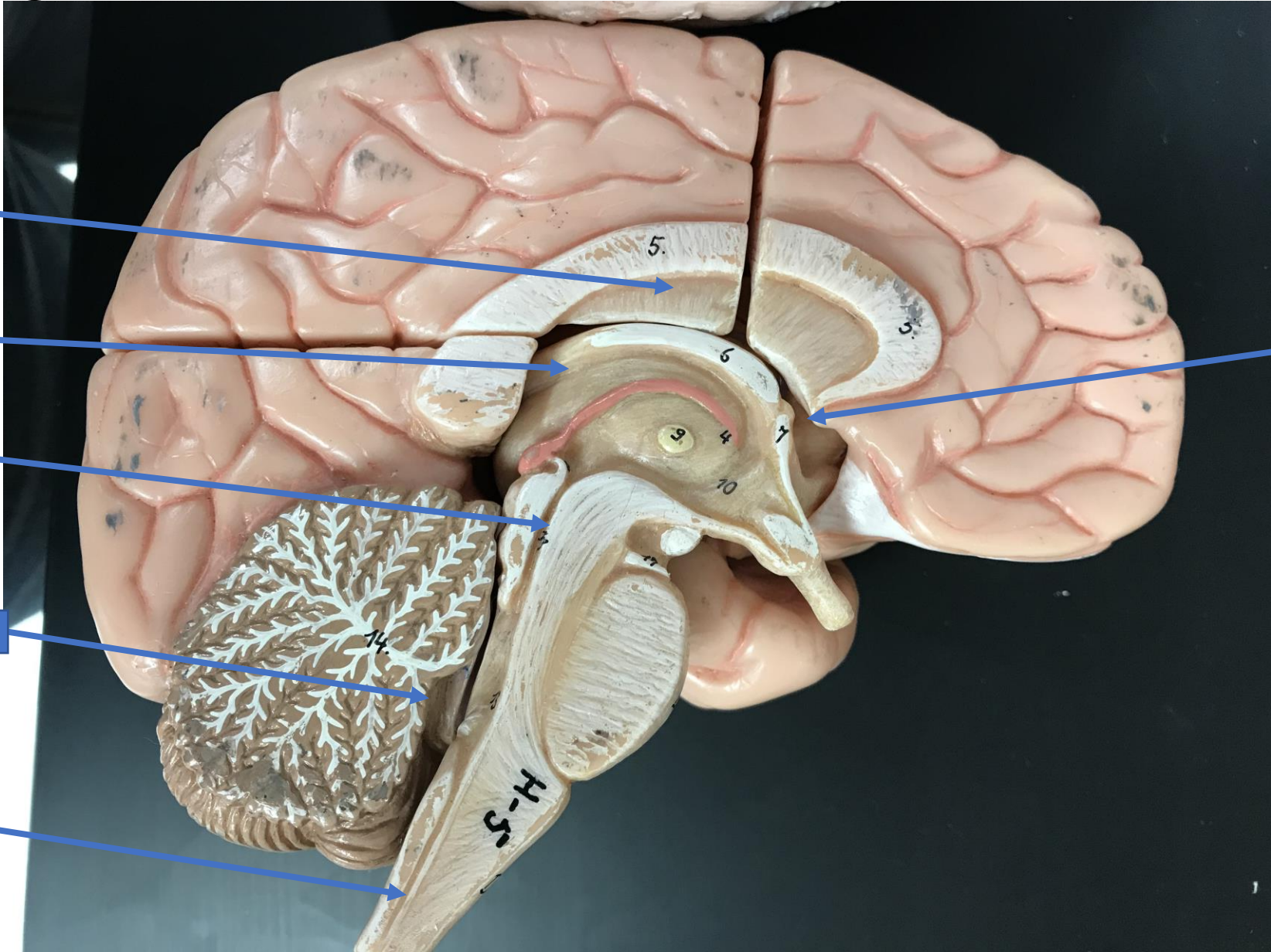


Cranial nerves

Boxes uncover in order of nerves when you use the slide show function



Ventricles



[Redacted label]

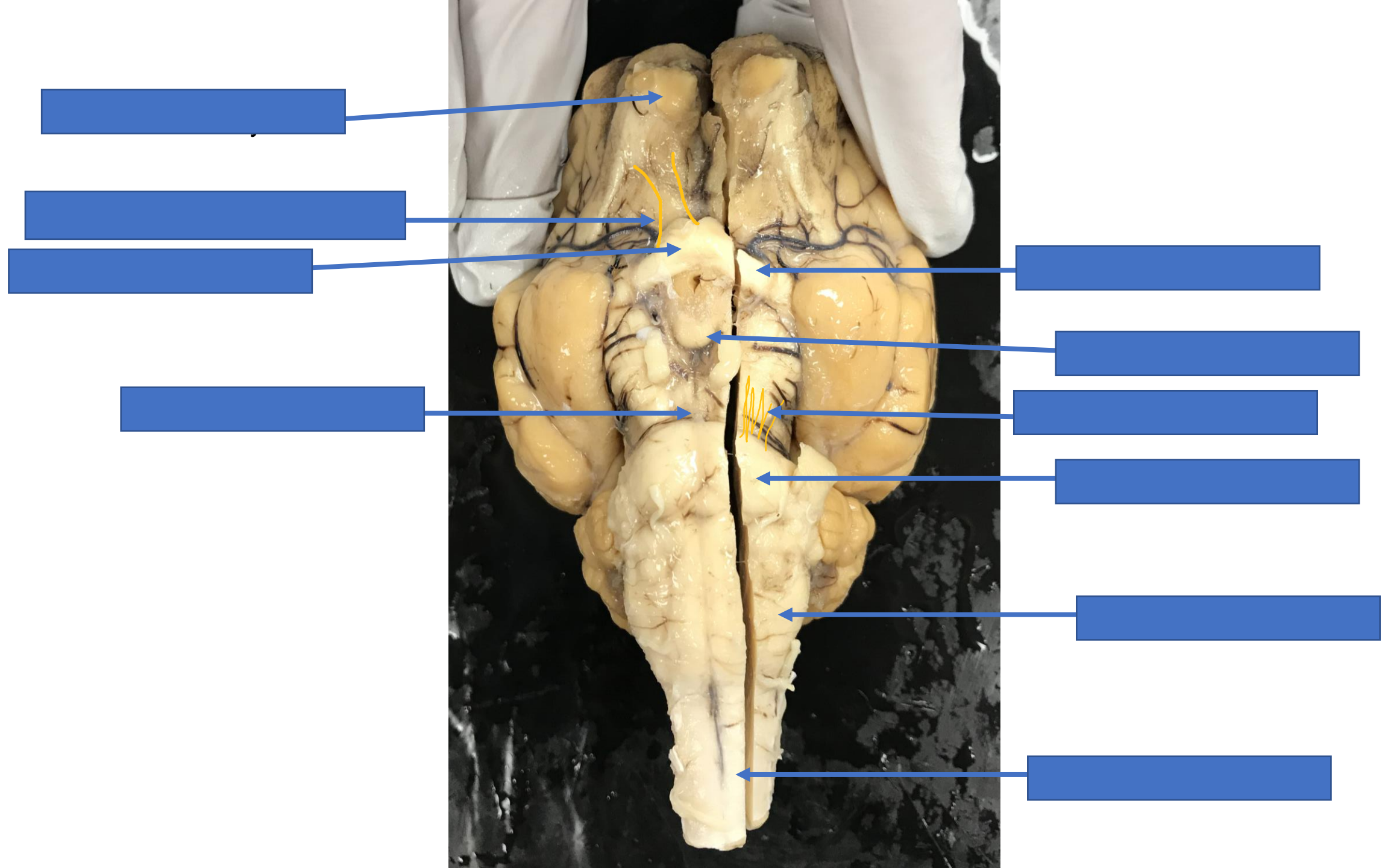
[Redacted label]

[Redacted label]

[Redacted label]

[Redacted label]

[Redacted label]



What is the difference between fissures, gyri, and sulci?

[Redacted]

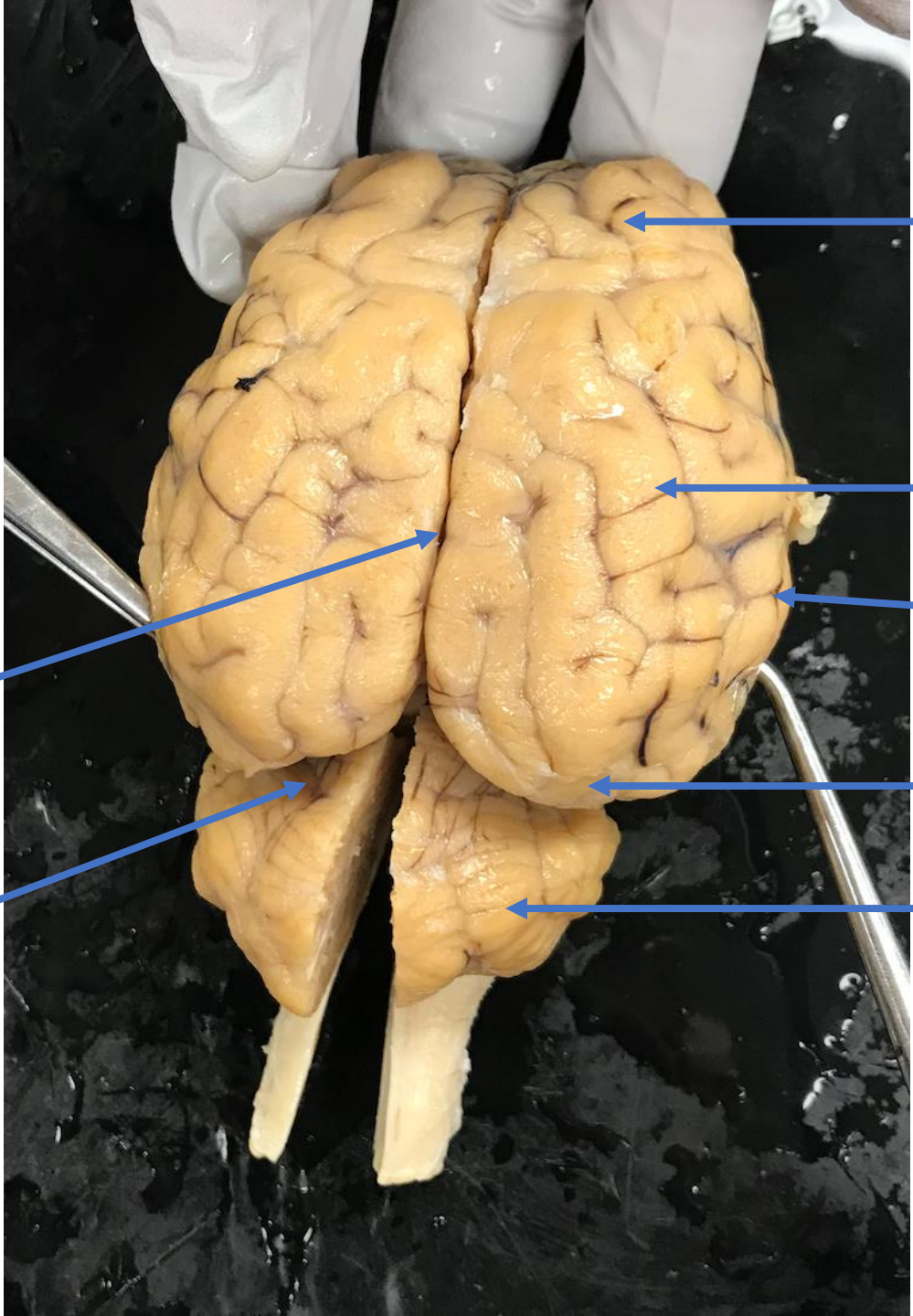
[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]



Lobe:

[Redacted]

Lobe:

[Redacted]

Lobe:

[Redacted]

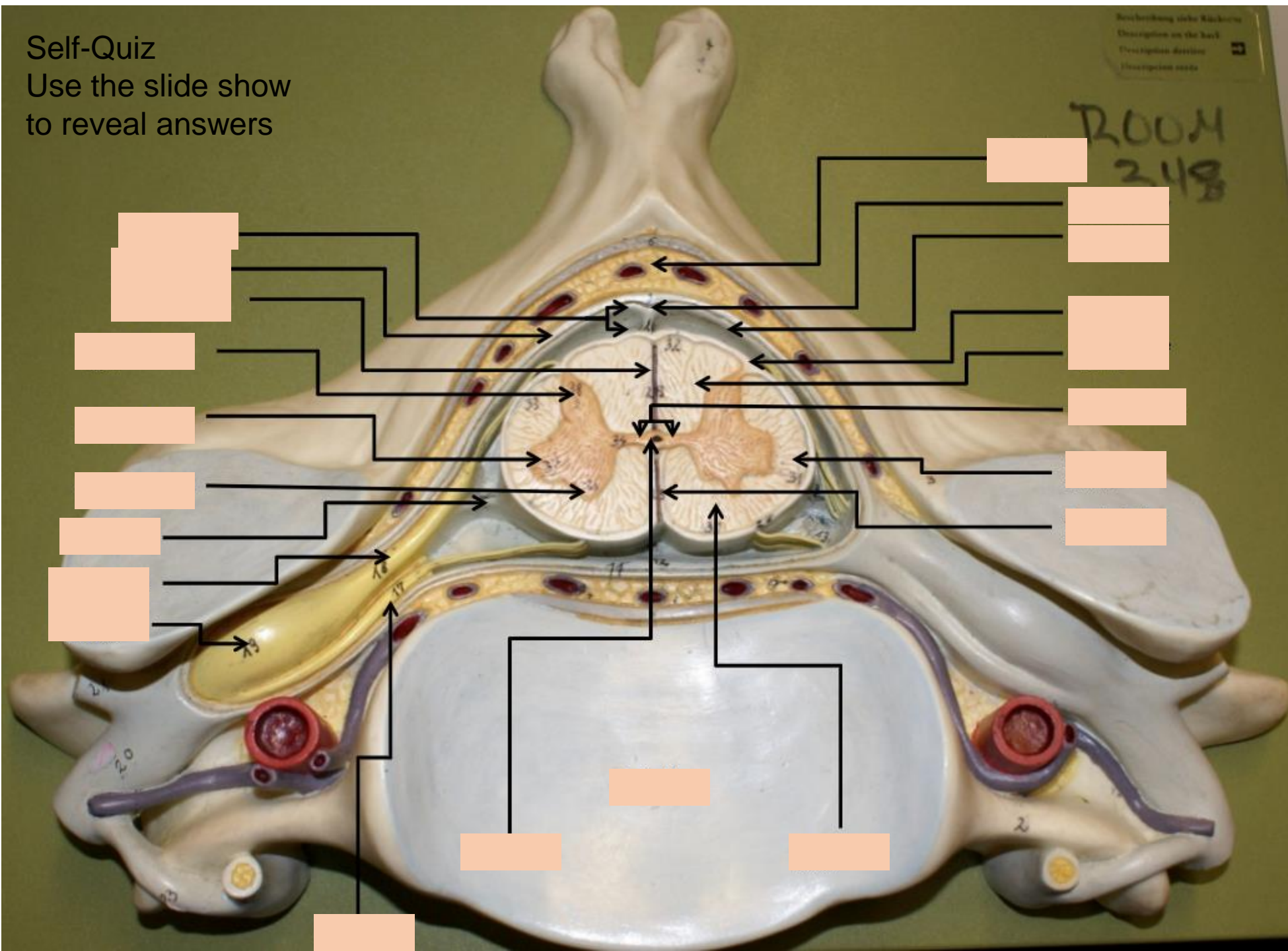
Lobe:

[Redacted]

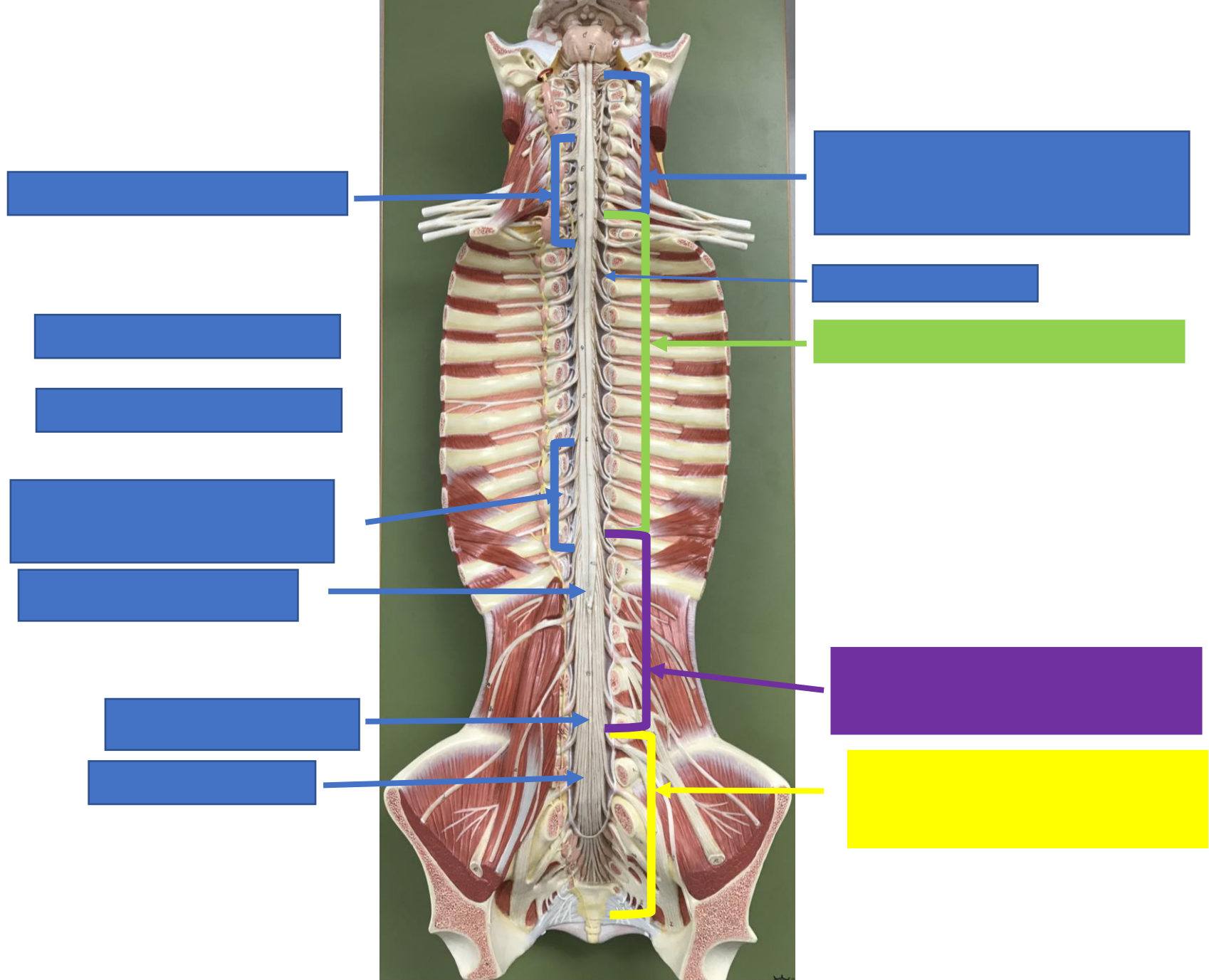
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Self-Quiz

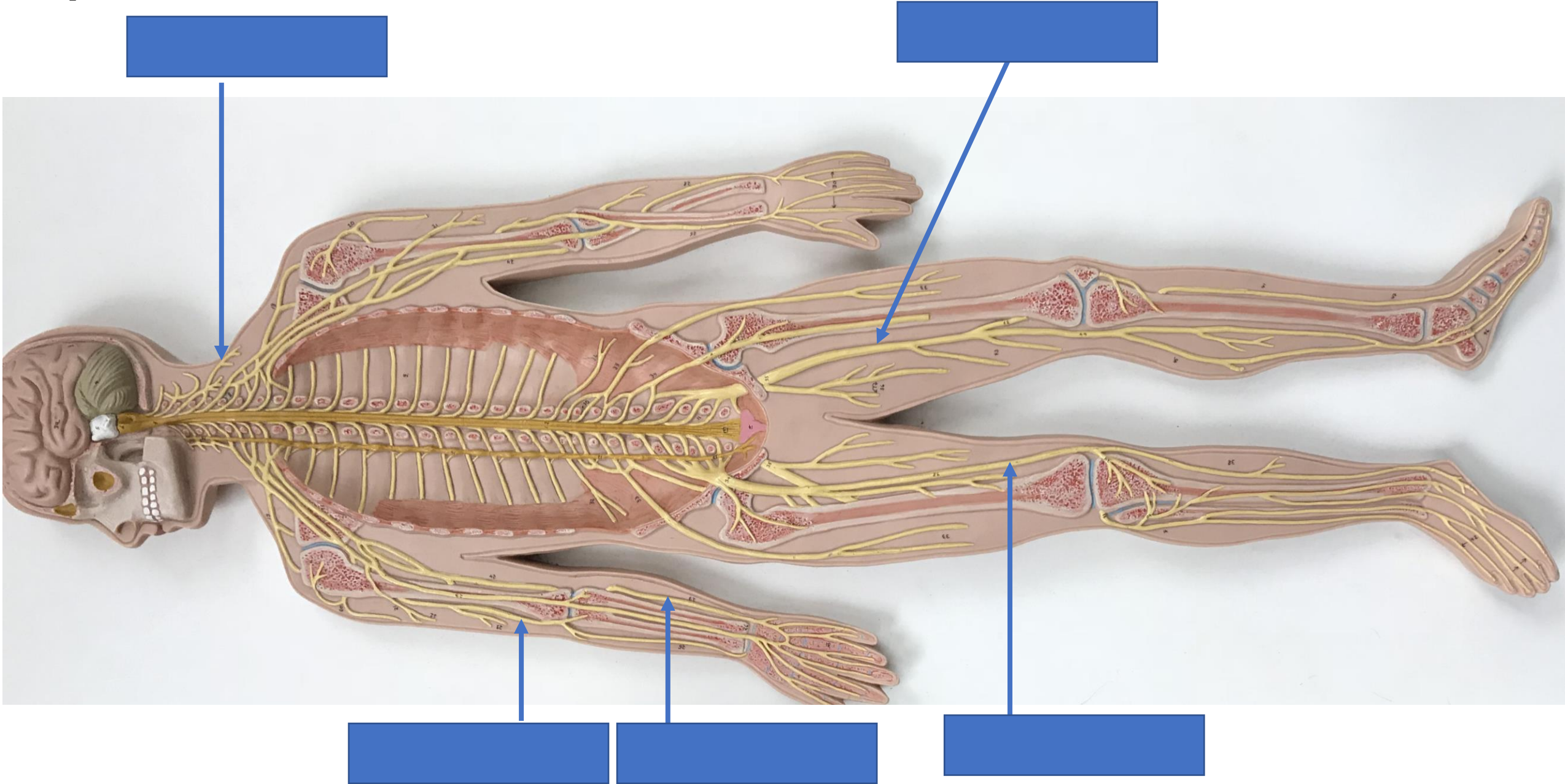
Use the slide show to reveal answers



Anatomical Areas of the Spinal Cord-Practice



Spinal Nerves- Practice



Use Dr. Gannon's instructional videos to identify portions of the brain on this model

